Test Your English Vocabulary in Use

pre-intermediate & intermediate

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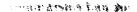
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Phonetic symbols

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i lang kay medon angan alga. Ang melompagga garaga o bowlersugan agara olimas

Introduction

Who is this book for?

Test your English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate) is designed to help students assess their vocabulary learning. It can be used independently as a testing book, or by learners who are using English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate) and want to assess their progress. Learners can use this test book on their own, but it can also be used by a teacher working with groups of students in a classroom.

For those who have not worked with English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate), this book is recommended for learners at intermediate level.

How is the book organised?

Tests 1–3 corresponds to Units 1–3 in English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate); the remaining tests all test vocabulary in the corresponding units of English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate). The Contents page shows you how the tests are grouped by category. Every test is independent and you do not need to do the tests in a particular order, as they do not become progressively more difficult.

Each test has a total of 30 marks, and the number of marks for the exercises is given within each test. There is an Answer key at the back of the book.

Some words in the Answer key are also given in phonetic symbols, to help with pronunciation. A list of the phonetic symbols is given on page 142.

Also at the back of the book, you will find a Personal diary. Here, you can make a note of the words you found difficult to remember.

How to use this book

If you are working alone with this book, first look at the Contents page, and choose the tests that interest you. You will find different types of vocabulary test, such as tests on word formation, tests on different topic areas, tests on linking words. Try to do different kinds of test to give you variety. Remember, you do not need to do the tests in a particular order.

If you are using English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate), you can use the tests after finishing a unit from the book. You can do this immediately after finishing a unit, or wait a while, e.g. a week, and use the test as a revision exercise.

You can use the tests more than once by writing the answers in pencil and rubbing them out when you have checked your answers. Alternatively, you could write your answers on a separate sheet of paper.

When you have checked your answers, you could write any words you had problems with in your Personal diary.

The marking scheme

You will find notes on the marking scheme at the beginning of the Answer key on page 104. The marking scheme is just to give you an idea of how well you know the vocabulary, but you do not have to use it.

Learning and recording vocabulary

This first page tests vocabulary from Units 1-3 of English Vocabulary in Use.

1 - 3.1Pictures are a good way to record and remember the meaning of certain words.

5 marks

Draw pictures of the following:

saucepan

knife

finger

thumb

smile

-3.2 5 marks

You can increase your vocabulary by learning words and their opposites together. Complete the conversations with opposites of the underlined words. Look at the example.

Example: Did you like the film?

No. I hated it.

- 1 A: Did they win the match?
 - B: No, they
- 2 A: Was the room clean when you arrived?
 - B: No, it was very
- 3 A: Do they think inflation will <u>rise</u>?
 - B: No, they say it is going to
- 4 A: Were all the staff polite?
 - B: No, one of the waiters was very
- 5 A: Did you think the town was beautiful?
 - B: No, I thought it was really

1-3.3 Match each verb on the left with two of the nouns on the right.

4 marks

1 put on 2 take

a mistake weight

homework half an hour your gloves

3 do

a photo

4 make

an exercise

a mess

1-74 Circle the correct underlined word or phrase.

5 marks

- 1 If you do something silently, it means you do it noisily / without a noise.
- 2 If the price of something rises sharply, it means it rises a lot / a little.
- 3 If you revise something, it means you study it / study it again.
- 4 If something (e.g. a time or place) suits you, it means that time or place is / isn't convenient for you and acceptable to you.
- 5 If you are homesick, it means you are ill / unhappy because you are away from home.

STATE OF THE ST

1-3.5 Complete this table.

5 marks

Verb	Noun
explain	
	choice
define	
translate	
	pronunciation

1-3.6 The pronunciation of new words can be difficult. Is the pronunciation of the <u>underlined</u> 6 marks letters in each pair of words the same or different?

Your score /30

1 homework / lose

4 ache / choose

2 loud / doubt 3 silent / island 5 weight / receipt 6 dream / least

Example: verb

4 English language words

4. Read the text and identify each <u>underlined</u> part of speech (noun, verb, adjective, etc.). Wri your answers in the space below. The first one has been done for you.

We ${}^{(0)}\underline{\text{walked}}$ along the main ${}^{(1)}\underline{\text{street}}$ between the workers' cottages and ${}^{(2)}\underline{\text{the}}$ only hotel in the town. A few people ${}^{(3)}\underline{\text{passed}}$ by – two women ${}^{(4)}\underline{\text{in}}$ smart suits, a very ${}^{(5)}\underline{\text{large}}$ man walking a small dog, and ${}^{(6)}\underline{\text{a}}$ boy pushing his ${}^{(7)}\underline{\text{bicycle}}$ while singing ${}^{(8)}\underline{\text{quietly}}$ to himself. The weather was still ${}^{(9)}\underline{\text{miserable}}$ and ${}^{(10)}\underline{\text{we}}$ could feel a few drops ${}^{(11)}\underline{\text{of}}$ rain falling as we ${}^{(12)}\underline{\text{turned}}$ the corner and saw the station in the distance.

	200111ptc:			
	1	4 5	7	10
	2	5	8	11
	3	6	9	12
4.2	Answer these question	s.		
6 marks	1 Is information an un	countable noun or a plu	ıral noun?	
	2 Is trousers uncounta			
	3 Is <i>news</i> uncountable			
	4 What kind of verb ar	get off, put sth. on and	l look sth. up?	
	5 What do we call the b	base form of a verb such	as say, tell or start?	
	6 What do we call a gro			a particular meaning
	that is different from	any of the individual wo	orus:	
4.3	Complete these sentence	s with the correct word.		
7 marks	1 In the word <i>unfriendl</i>	y, un- is called a		
	2 In the word comforta			
	3 Fantastic is a			
	4 Large is the	of small.	•	
	5 /di'said/ and /fæn'tæs 6 The word <i>decide</i> has			
	7 On the words decide			
	7 Off the words decide	and juni <u>cas</u> tic, the main.		
45 46	What do we call the pur	ictuation marks that are	circled in these sentence	es?
5 marks	Example: She sat down	quietly. capital lette	<u>r</u>	
	1 They arrived on time(<u>)</u>		
	2 What are you doing)		<i>y</i>
	3 I lost my ticket () so I	had to buy another one		
	4 Most of the students()15 altogether())came to	the concert	
un score	5 They were all very we	·ll(-)dressed		
/30				

5 Problems with pronunciation

5. 8 marks	Match the words in each has been done for you.		in the same <u>underli</u>	ned vowel sour	nd. The first one
	Group 1	Group 2		Group 3	
	thr <u>ough</u> h <u>o</u> t	d <u>i</u> et	mach <u>i</u> ne	accent	fast
	en <u>oug</u> h sp <u>oo</u> n	-	<u>is</u> land	pot <u>a</u> to	p <u>a</u> lace
	c <u>oug</u> h tr <u>ou</u> bl		oppos <u>i</u> te	c <u>a</u> lm	r <u>a</u> zor
5.2	In each line, underline	the word which is st	tressed differently f	from the other	three words.
6 marks	Example: remember	decided expe	ensive <u>industry</u>	· -	
	1 symptom	sunbathe	palace	prefer	
	2 interested	understand	opposite	policy	
	3 cathedral	assistance	organise	remember	
	4 hyphen	police	decide	machine	
	5 accent	virus	machine	desert	
	6 advertisement	competition	psychology	grammatica	.1
	o advertisement	competition	poyenolog,	grammatica	•
5.3	Choose the correct pro	nunciation and ansv	ver questions 1–9 ι	using the phone	etic symbols.
9 marks	KNIFE /naif/ or /knaif/ FASTEN /ˈfaɪstən/ or /ˈfa BOMB /bɒmb/ or /bɒm/ CHRISTMAS /ˈkrɪsməs/ o	HONEST /'honi		E/kniː/ or /niː/	om/ or /'hænsəm/ 'lisən/
	Example: You do this		o /ˈlɪsən/		
	1 This is between your				
	2 This is where you wa			••••••	
	3 If you are this, you t				
	4 The joint in the mide				
	5 If this explodes, it ca				
	6 You can describe an				
	7 You do this to your			***************************************	
	8 You need this for cur				
	9 A religious festival co	clebrated towards tr	ie ena of December	r	
5.4	All the pictures are of v	vords which contain	the /a/ sound at l	east once Labo	el the drawings
7 marks	and circle the (3). Loc		rc+		i the drawings
/ Illai KS	and circle the Voi. Lot	ok at the example in	FILMOW TI	Me ALDEN	
	Example: plumber	2	4		6

Your score

6 Classroom language

.l	Complete the names of the objects below.
	1 video
	2 pencil
.2 rks	Complete these definitions. 1 find the meaning of a word in a dictionary =
	OHT plug cassette chalk OHP file board socket briefcase tape recorder Example: You put a cassette in a tape recorder. 1
•4 rks	Complete these classroom dialogues. Teacher to student(s): 1 I'd like all of you to write this word
. 5	Complete these common classroom questions.
ks	1 You want to know the meaning of the word 'damage', so you ask: What
_	2 You want to know the correct spelling of a word, so you ask: How
e 0	3 You want to know the pronunciation of 'bicycle', so you ask: How

Prefixes (e.g. un-, dis-, re-)

Use a prefix from the left and a word from the right and complete the sentences below. 7.1

10 M	ma	rbe

AF W HE	Ose a pre	IIA I	10111 1111	. 1011	una a mora	nom the ng.	in and co	inpiete i	ine sentene	C3 DCIO	***
10 marks		in- il-	ir- dis-		possible correct	friendly honest	regula visible		gible nployed	pati resp	ent onsible
	2 I can' 3 It's a 4 You c 5 I find 6 Bob's 7 It was 8 It says them 9 His b	t reavery an't it ve so s ver s her agai	d this a depress see whe ery hard ware we loon, Sue!	t all sed a sere re re l to	; her handwr irea and almo ny jacket wa remember th that to 300 last weel ney and tells	they were writing is compost 20% of y s mended. The past tense of he's just not of go out and or, but these fulies – he's ven't accept that	oletely oung adu ne repair i of lots of . prepared leave thos igures mu	lts are s compl to wait se two c st be	for the rig	verb ht oppone.	s. ortunity,
7.2 6 marks	with the period Example: 1 I'm sur 2 The do	The the	x given. at child at's <u>agar</u> told me	loo inst e to	ks very <u>sad</u> . the law. il take off my o	clothes. un.				vhich b	egins
	4 His roo 5 I'm afr	om is aid s	s alway: she <u>does</u>	s <u>in</u> sn't l	<u>a mess</u> . un . <u>ike</u> onions.	out this. di					
7.3 5 marks	meaning.) 1 do som 2 do som	ethinethin	ng agai ng badl	n	incorrectly	e meanings b	elow. (Th	ere are	two prefix	es for o	dis-
	3 reverse 4 do som			nucl	n	L			**		
7.4	-					ble verb, usin in retake	•				
	2 When I 3 I got to 4 I turned 5 It's clos 6 The chi 7 John ha	the the defined feed feed feed feed feed feed feed f	hotel a t instead or the s n were key bu	t 4.0 d of umn here	I feel even 00 but I could right. Obvio ner, but it wi a minute ag	more tired v dn'tusly I llo, but now tl	when I wa r in S ney've the door.	ke up. ny stuff . what s Septemb	until later he said. ber.	lock slee	k n c p erstand

B: In that case he has you. 9 Do you think I can my homework if it's not very good? hear charge

VEST

8 Noun suffixes (e.g. -ion, -ity, -ment)

	Example: Who	o made the <u>arrangements</u>	for the meeting?	ARRANGE					
	1 We had a very heated in class today.								
	2 I thinkis very important.								
	3 The of the festival was excellent.								
	4 Who won the?								
		been very good at		SPELI.					
		is all that r		HAPPY					
		between the		SIMILAR					
		got all the		IMPROVE					
		l only appears during the l		INFORM DARK					
	10 Tims amina	omy appears during the r	10013 01	DAKK					
3.2	Complete the c	rossword. What is the opp	osite of the word in the	tinted box?					
narks	1 the opposite			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	2 running for p	pleasure and to keep fit	2						
	3 to 'get better'								
	4 to talk about	t something in a serious wa	ay 4						
	5 to choose so								
	6 someone who arrives at the right								
	time is this	· ·							
	7 someone who paints pictures								
	The opposite o	f the word in the box is							
3.3	Complete these	tables and underline the n	nain stress as in the exa	mple.					
3.3 narks		tables and underline the n							
	Verb	General noun	Adjective	Noun					
				<u> </u>					
	Verb	General noun	Adjective	Noun					
	Verb educate	General noun education	Adjective popular	Noun					
	Verb educate manage	General noun education	Adjective popular wcak	Noun					
	Verb educate manage translate	General noun education	Adjective popular wcak	Noun					
	Verb educate manage translate hesitate	General noun education	Adjective popular wcak	Noun					
arks	Verb educate manage translate hesitate What do we cal	General noun education Il these people?	Adjective popular weak stupid	Noun					
arks	Verb educate manage translate hesitate What do we cal Example: a per	General noun education Il these people? Ison who dances dancer	Adjective popular wcak stupid	Noun					
arks	Verb educate manage translate hesitate What do we cal Example: a per 1 a person who	General noun education Il these people? rson who dances dancer o murders someone	Adjective popular wcak stupid . 7 a person who w	Noun					
arks	Verb educate manage translate hesitate What do we cal Example: a per 1 a person who 2 a person who	General noun education Il these people? rson who dances dancer o murders someone	Adjective popular wcak stupid 7 a person who w 8 a person who si	Noun orks in psychology					
arks	Verb educate manage translate hesitate What do we cal Example: a per 1 a person who 2 a person who	Il these people? rson who dances dancer o murders someone o acts o works in economics	Adjective popular wcak stupid . 7 a person who w	orks in psychology					

8 Noun suffixes (e.g. -ion, -ity, -ment)

		for the meeting?	ARRANGE
	very heated		DISCUSS
	is very im		PUNCTUAL
	of the festiva 1 the?	il was excellent.	ORGANISE
	er been very good at		ELECT Spell
	i been very good atis all that n		HAPPY
	between then		SIMILAR
	been much		IMPROVE
	y got all the	•	INFORM
10 This anin	nal only appears during the h	ours of	DARK
Complete the	e crossword. What is the oppo	osite of the word in the	tinted box?
1 the opposi	te of 'clever'		
2 running fo	r pleasure and to keep fit	2	
3 to 'get bett	er'	3	
4 to talk abo	out something in a serious wa	y	
5 to choose	someone by voting for them	5	
6 someone w	who arrives at the right	6	
7 someone w	vho paints pictures	Ĺ	
The opposite	of the word in the box is		
	se tables and <u>underline</u> the m		mple.
Verb			
	General noun educa t ion	Adjective	Noun
<u>e</u> ducate	eawadon	<u>po</u> pular	***************************************
<u>ma</u> nage		weak	
translate	***************************************	<u>stu</u> pid	
trans <u>iate</u>		_	

9 Adjective suffixes (e.g. -able, -ful, -y)

9. I	Add the correct suffix: -able or -ible. 1 The food was ined
9.2 5 marks	Complete the following dialogues with adjectives ending in -less. 1 A: Did you find the book useful? B: No, it was completely
9.3	Circle the correct word.
7 marks	 He can play ten <u>musical/music</u> instruments. It is an <u>economic/economical</u> car to run: it can do 20 kilometres on a litre of petrol. I'm not sure if this sweater is <u>washing/washable</u> or not. My sister is very <u>knowledgeable/knowledge</u> about gardening, but I'm afraid I don't know the first thing about it. He's a member of one of the extreme <u>politic/political</u> parties, but I can't remember which. People say that you have to be very <u>created/creative</u> to be successful in advertising. I didn't think it was a very <u>attracted/attractive</u> place.
9.4 5 marks	Rewrite the sentences using an adjective formed from the words in <i>italics</i> . The meaning must stay the same.
	Example: When the sun comes out, I always feel better. When it is sunny, I always feel better. There is too much cloud to see the stars tonight. It
9.5	Which four nouns below form adjectives with the suffix -ful?
4 marks	pain help home thought fame care
Your score	•
/30	



Nouns, verbs and adjectives with the same form (to dream, a dream)

10.1 Label the pictures with verbs from the box.

8 marks

laugh	pull	taste	smile	dream	clean	queue	ache
						1	Sioning the second
1	······	3		5		7	
O La							
2		4		6		. 8	

Seven of these verbs can also be used as nouns with no change in form, and one can be used 1 mark as an adjective with no change in form. Which one?

10.2 Match the verbs on the left with the nouns on the right.

6 marks

1 answer 4 guess

3 dry

have $(\times 3)$

- 5 smell 2 damage
 - 6 push

a the dishes

send

- d the perfume b the phone e the answer
- c the button f the side of the car

put on

Which of these verbs can also be used as an adjective? 1 mark

give $(\times 2)$

10.3 Rewrite the sentences below. Use the underlined verbs as nouns and include a verb from the 14 marks box. Make any changes that are necessary. Look at the examples first.

go on

wait

Examples:	Let's walk for a bit, then rest. Let's walk for a bit, then have a rest.
	Don't <u>brake</u> too suddenly. Don't put on the brakes too suddenly .
1 Did you	reply to the invitation?
	ou look at this report for me?
	iet for all sorts of reasons.
4 If you de	on't know the answer, just guess.

5 Someone <u>pushed</u> me and I fell over. 6 We had to queue for ages. 7 Why don't you ring her when she gets back?

Compound nouns (e.g. living room, coffee cup)

marks	4 Someone who 5 A long line of 6 The room wh 7 Tax you pay o	the future are ere you buy to looks after contains cars moving ere you eat mon your salary	e called scient rickets for the children when slowly is a tra neals is the y is called	theatre or c the parents	inema is the boare out is a ba	byin
1 2 narks	Label these picto	ires with the o	correct compo	ound noun.	VISA	
	1	3	3	5		7
∰ . 3 narks	Add two more w		group to forr	_	bedroom	8room
	traffic	office		4	brother-in-lav	room w in-law in-law
narks	Match a word fr 1 first 2 cheque 3 film 4 washing 5 parking 6 writing	a meter b machin c book d paper e aid f star	ne .		t to form six co	
narks		toothbrush, b	incl out I forgot th ges because I	lude Elton Jo eforgot to br	ohn, Michael J , so I justing my	

/30

12 Compound adjectives (e.g. part-time,

north-east)

	Complete the compound adjectives in these diale	ogues.
. 1	Complete the compound adjectives in these diale	U
	1 A: Look at him. He's famous, isn't he?	5 A: They've got plenty of money.
	B: Yes, he's very well	B: Yes, they're not badly
	2 A: What a handsome man!	6 A: So you work all day?
	B: Yes, he is good, isn't he?	B: Yes. It's a fulljob.
	3 A: Do nurses earn a good salary?	7 A: That lady always looks so smart
	B: No, they are badly	B: Yes, she's very well-
	4 A: Julie's so relaxed, isn't she?	8 A: Those children are always so go B: Yes, they're very well
	B: Yes, I find her very easy too.	
.2	Re-order these words to form sentences. Add a l	hyphen (-) where necessary.
rks	1 bill / I / yesterday / the / dollar / found / a / fif	fty / street / in
	2 ten / to / it / a / drive / is / minute / only / office	
	3 delay / had / airport / hour / three / the / unfo	
	4 hotels / in / stay / star / movie / often / five / st	
	5 a / child / can't / year / understand / you / old	/ expect / three / to
.3	Complete the letter below with suitable compou	nd adjectives from the box.
rks		
	hadle maid and leading many store	Garage form month old
	badly-paid well-behaved part-time easy-going south-west brand-new	five-minute four-month-old six-year-old well-off
	easy-going south-west brand-new Dear Martha,	six-year-old well-off
	Dear Martha, Well, I've arrived in London and I've beer day after I arrived here! I'm staying with after the children. It's only a (1)	six-year-old well-off n incredibly lucky - I found a job the n an English family and I'm looking
	Dear Martha, Well, I've arrived in London and I've beer day after I arrived here! I'm staying with after the children. It's only a (1)	six-year-old well-off n incredibly lucky - I found a job the n an English family and I'm looking
	Dear Martha, Well, I've arrived in London and I've beer day after I arrived here! I'm staying with after the children. It's only a (1)	six-year-old well-off n incredibly lucky - I found a job the n an English family and I'm looking
	Dear Martha, Well, I've arrived in London and I've beer day after I arrived here! I'm staying with after the children. It's only a (1)	six-year-old well-off n incredibly lucky - I found a job the n an English family and I'm looking
.4	Dear Martha, Well, I've arrived in London and I've beer day after I arrived here! I'm staying with after the children. It's only a (1)	six-year-old well-off n incredibly lucky - I found a job the n an English family and I'm looking
	Dear Martha, Well, I've arrived in London and I've beer day after I arrived here! I'm staying with after the children. It's only a (1)	six-year-old well-off n incredibly lucky - I found a job the n an English family and I'm looking
rks	Dear Martha, Well, I've arrived in London and I've beer day after I arrived here! I'm staying with after the children. It's only a (1)	six-year-old well-off n incredibly lucky - I found a job the n an English family and I'm looking

4 He went out in the cold wearing only a short-..... shirt.

5 He managed to find a seat in the first-..... section of the plane.

13 Collocation (word partners)

13. Correct the mistake in each of these sentences.

8 marks

- 1 He lost the bus and had to wait for the next one.
- 2 I do a lot of mistakes when I'm trying to speak German.
- 3 Her mother was very angry because she said a lie.
- 4 Unfortunately, I lost the lesson last week because I was sick.
- 5 My brother has wide shoulders, so buy him a large size.
- 6 Don't get on the car until I've taken all the shopping out.
- 7 My father says very funny jokes.
- 8 I had a big illness last summer and was in bed for two months.

13.2 Complete this speech, by the director of a chain of sports shops, using words from the box.

7 marks

range	success	important	aware	unlikely	majority
It has be	en a very diffic	ult year for the co	ompany, as I a	m sure you are	all fully
(1)		However, the	e good news i	s that it is now	highly
(2)	,	that we will h	ave to close a	ny of our shop	s or lose any
		to all your hard (•	•
		those of you who			
_		eat ⁽⁴⁾			
	-	of new ski ck		-	
of our cu	ıstomers are h	appy with the ser	vice we give t	hem, and it is v	itally
(7)		for us to con	tinue to main	tain these high	standards in
	e.Thank you, e			Ü	

13.3 Are these sentences true? If not, change them to make them true.

3 marks

- 1 The opposite of a dry wine is a wet wine.
- 2 The opposite of dry weather is wet weather.
- 3 The opposite of a soft voice is a loud voice.
- 4 The opposite of a soft drink is a loud drink.
- 5 The opposite of strong coffee is weak coffee.
- 6 The opposite of a strong accent is a weak accent.
- 7 The opposite of a light smoker is strong smoker.
- 8 The opposite of light rain is heavy rain.

13.4 Cross out any incorrect collocations. Be careful: in some groups, they are all correct.

7 marks

1 to start a car to start a family to start a bicycle

2 a heavy smoker a heavy lesson heavy traffic

3 to get into/out of a car to get into/out of a taxi to get into/out of a bike 4 to tell a story to tell a lie to tell the truth

5 to get on/off a taxi to get on/off a bus to get on/off a plane

6 to miss a person to miss a train to miss a lesson 7 to run a kilometre to run a joke to run a business

work

Your score



Verb or adjective + preposition

4. 10 marks	Correct the mistake in each sentence. 1 I like listening the radio when I'm in the car. 2 We might go out tomorrow, but it depends of the weather. 3 Venice is very different the rest of Italy. 4 He shouted to me because he was very angry. 5 Are you interested on sport? 6 She seems to be suffering by shock. 7 I think she's going to apply that job at the post office. 8 I'm not very good in maths, so you'll have to add this up for me she's sitting by the phone, waiting a call. 10 He's always spending money for things he doesn't need.	ne.
14.2	Complete these dialogues with a suitable preposition.	
8 marks	 A: Was he angry? B: Yes, in fact he threw the book	
14.3	Rewrite the sentences using the word on the right and the correct	preposition. Start with th
12 marks	words you are given. The meaning must stay the same.	
	Example: He doesn't like spiders: they frighten him. He is afraid of spiders.	AFRAID
	1 She said she was sorry about the mistake. She	APOLOGISE
	2 I think you are right.	AGREE
	3 This is my car. This car	BELONG
	4 He knows about the problem.	D.1.0.1Q

He

This book

I am

5 This book is like the other one.

6 I don't enjoy football very much.

Score / 30

AWARE

SIMILAR

KEEN

15 Preposition + noun

	15.1	Choose the correct preposition to complete these sentences.
12 marks		1 I think it was written
	8 marks	on by mistake strike hand purpose foot chance accident holiday my own
		Example: These chocolates are all made by hand. 1 I think they're away
	15.3	Complete these definitions with the correct prepositional phrase.
N. C.	4 marks	1 If you arrive at the exact time for an appointment, you arrive
		3 If you see a minimum of 20 clients every day, you see
	15.4	Circle the correct preposition in these sentences.
	6 marks	 I often go abroad in business / on business. It took a long time but in the end / at the end we got there. I'm going to speak to them at the moment / in a moment. Who knows if it's true, but that's what I heard on the radio / in the radio.
Millerellis	our score /30	 We had a vote in the end / at the end of the meeting. We've been in business / on business now for fifteen years.

16 Phrasal verbs I

16.1 12 marks	With many phrasal verbs, the particle emphasises the meaning of the verb or gives the idea of completing the action. Complete these phrasal verbs.				
	1 I woke				
16.2	Choose the correct phrasal verb to complete each sentence.				
5 marks	1 I promised to				
	3 It was quite a serious illness, so she took a while to it.				
	a) get over b) go over c) take over d) get through 4 Don't leave that meat there too long – it'll				
	a) take off b) go over c) pass away d) go off				
	5 With inflation at 10%, the price could again quite soon.				
	a) rise up b) get up c) go up d) put up				
16.3	Complete these sentences using a suitable phrasal verb.				
8 marks	1 I don't know this word. I'll have to it in the dictionary.				
	2 A: Do you want us to stop now?				
	B: No, you can for another ten minutes if you like. 3 I used to smoke, but I last year.				
	4 A: Can we leave this rubbish here?				
	B: No, I think we should it and put it in the bin over there. 5 A: When will you finish typing those letters?				
	B: Oh, I should most of them by the end of the morning.				
	6 Hurry up! Your plane in about 40 minutes.				
	7 A: Do you have a good relationship with your parents?				
	8 A: Shall we have another sandwich? very well them now.				
	B: We can't, I'm afraid. I've bread.				
16.4	Replace the <u>underlined</u> words with a phrasal verb with the same meaning.				
5 marks	1 What time shall I collect your suit from the dry cleaner's?				
	2 There was a warning at three o'clock and then the bomb exploded five minutes later.				
Sour score	3 I was so nervous I didn't think I would pass the exam.				
/30	 4 Do you mind if I <u>remove</u> my jacket and tie? 5 The alarm didn't <u>ring</u> this morning – there must be something wrong with it. 				

17 Phrasal verbs 2

These exercises also test some of the phrasal verbs from Test 16.

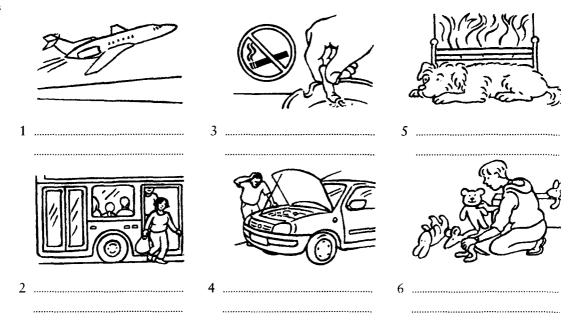
17.1 Correct any mistakes in these sentences. Be careful: some are correct.

8 marks

- 1 She got the train off and went into the coffee bar.
- 2 Take your shoes off.
- 3 A: Mum, where are my shoes?
 B: Here they are. Put on them quickly!
- 4 I've decided to stay this weekend in.
- 5 The children are growing quickly up.
- 6 Lie down over there.
- 7 Could you turn the TV on, please?
- 8 I woke at 7 o'clock up.

17.2 Describe each picture with a sentence containing a phrasal verb.

12 marks



Replace the <u>underlined</u> verbs in these sentences with a more informal phrasal verb with the same meaning. Make any necessary changes to the sentences.

Example: I've got to collect my car from the garage at 4.00.

- pick up
- 1 This programme's boring. Can we change to another channel?
- 2 I heard she lost her job, but I couldn't discover any more details.
- 3 Could you increase the volume on the television? I can't hear it.
- 4 It doesn't have to be a true story you can invent it.
- 5 Thieves entered the art gallery illegally and stole a Picasso.
- 6 We're late because the car stopped working on the way.
- 7 He opened the door and entered.
- 8 The price of meat has <u>increased</u> a lot this year.
- 9 Do that page of exercises again, but this time, omit the middle one.
- 10 I just can't manage in London on £80 a week.

Your score

18 Idioms and fixed expressions

18.1	Match the underlined	expressions on	the left with a	word or	expression on	the right.

1 marks

- 1 Hang on a minute!2 I can make do with £10.
- 3 Never mind, I'll do it later.
- 4 I'm a bit tied up at the moment.
- 5 Go ahead I don't need it.
- 6 I can't make it to your party, I'm afraid.
- 7 Do you feel like a coffee?
- 8 Come on make up your mind!

- a decide
- b want
- c come
- d manage
- e wait
- f help yourself
- g busy
- h it doesn't matter

18.2 Choose a verb from the box on the left and a noun from the box on the right to complete the idiom in the sentences below. Put the verb in the correct tense.

give	make	pull	keep
get	make	take	

leg	mind	ring	move
eye	matters	turns	

Example: I can't speak to him now - please tell him I'll ...give... him a ...ring....

- 2 He wants me to an on the children while he is out.
- 3 Come on a on. You're going to be late.
- 4 It was cold and raining, and to worse, we were already an hour late.
- 5 A: Do I have to decide right now?
 - B: No, but you'll have to up your by tomorrow.
- 6 I don't always cook supper. My husband and I it in it in

18.3 Complete the idioms in the dialogues. Notice that B always agrees with A.

5 marks

- 1 A: She really likes him, doesn't she?
 - B: Yes, she is about him.
- 2 A: They enjoyed themselves at the party, didn't they?
 - B: Yes, they had a good
- 3 A: Did they go the quick way?
 - B: Yes, they took a short
- 4 A: They'll never come back here again, will they?
 - B: No, they have gone for
- 5 Λ: Do they annoy each other?
 - B: Yes, they get on each other's

18.4 Circle the correct word.

5 marks

- 1 I've never been very good at <u>little/small</u> talk.
- 2 I couldn't tell you the answer offhand/offhands I'll have to look it up.
- 3 The changes will be good for us in the <u>long/large</u> term.
- 4 I don't think they'll come to the exhibition; in/for a start, they aren't really interested in art.

Your score

5 A: What's up/off?

/30 B: Nothing – why do you ask?

25 Opinions, agreeing and disagreeing

25. Find eight mistakes in this dialogue and correct them.

8 marks

- A: What do you think for this idea to stop free eye tests?
- B: I think it's not a good idea. In my meaning, people will just stop going to the optician's.
- C: I'm afraid but I total disagree.
- A: Yes, it's written in one newspaper that most people are happy to pay for an eye test.
- B: You can be right, but don't you think it's more complicated than that?
- C: Yes, I'm agree, that's true.

25.2 Organise sentences a-f into a logical dialogue.

6 marks

- a As far as I'm concerned, that's long enough.
- b Yes, you could be right about education, but don't forget they've only been in power for six months.
- c Why's that?
- d How do you feel about the new government?
- e Well, I don't think they've done much to improve schools.
- f Personally I don't think they're any better than the last one.

25.3 Rewrite the sentences using the word on the right. Start with the words you are given. The meaning must stay the same.

l	What do you think of his new plan?	
	What?	FEELINGS
2	Well, in my opinion, more people should go to university.	
	Well,	CONCERNED
3	You know, the paper says he is still missing.	
	You know,	ACCORDING
1	I agree with you.	
	I	RIGHT
5	I partly agree with you.	
	I	EXTENT

25.4 Complete the dialogue with suitable phrases.

6 marks



A: 11 of the new underground system here?

В:	Well, (2), , I find it quite comfortable and quick.
Λ:	I (3) that it's quick, but it does seem a bit expensive.
B:	I agree with you to 44, but it's still cheaper than in many
	countries.
	Really? But (5) the newspapers, this government doesn't spend
	nearly enough on public transport.
В:	Pm sorry, but I just 161 true.





Specific situations and special occasions

16.1	Look at the words and phrases in bold in incorrect? If there is a mistake, correct it.	the following dialogues. Are they correct or			
	1 In a restaurant. It's 8pm:	A: Goodnight sir. Have you reserved a table? B: Yes, a table for four. The name's Robson.			
	2 Meeting someone for the first time:	A: How do you do? B: Fine, thank you.			
	3 To someone on their birthday:	A: Many happy returns. B: Thank you.			
	4 In the office on Friday afternoon:	A: Have a nice weekend. B: Yes, same for you.			
	5 Saying goodbye to a friend:	A: Bye. See you soon. B: Bye.			
	6 Speaking to a friend:	A: Oh, no! I've failed my exam again! B: Oh, hard luck.			
26.2	Complete these explanations. Each gap re	presents one word.			
1 marks	up our glasses and say '' b 3 We often say ' answer by saying ' 4 When we want to get past someone in, please.'	friends (especially the first one), we sometimes hold efore we start drinking' to people when they sneeze and they can			
* marks	1 You passed. Congratulations!	You passed. Well!			
	2 Goodbye. Nice to meet you.	Goodbye. Nice to have			
	3 That's your coat. I'm very sorry.4 Hi. How are you?	That's your coat. I beg your Hi. How's it?			
	·				
26.4 I marks	True or false? If an answer is false, change it to make it true.				
_ marks	1 When we meet people for the first time in a formal situation we can say How do you do? or How are you?				
	2 When people say How are you? a common response is Not bad. How about you?				
	3 Cheerio is another way of saying 'Hello'.				
	4 When we go to bed we often say Goodnight to other people. 5 We can say Sorry if we don't hear what someone says and we want them to repeat it.				
		lunchtime, but in the afternoon they say Good day.			
score		eal, but there isn't a similar expression in English.			
30		on their birthday, we can say Merry Christmas or			

27 Uncountable nouns and plural nouns

27.1 Are these rules true or false? If they are false, correct them.

5 marks

- 1 Nouns like *information* and *furniture* cannot be counted in English, so they don't have a plural form with 's' on the end.
- 2 These nouns are used with a singular verb (e.g. is not are).
- 3 They cannot be used with the definite article the.
- 4 The words trousers, clothes and pyjamas always have 's' on the end.
- 5 They are used with a singular verb.

27.2 Circle the correct answer.

6 marks

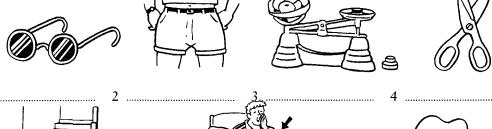
- 1 I couldn't get all the information / informations I needed.
- 2 She doesn't have a work / any work at the moment.
- 3 We had good weather / a good weather.
- 4 I definitely need a new trousers / a new pair of trousers.
- 5 My hair is / my hairs are very dry at the moment.
- 6 Have you done the housework / houseworks?

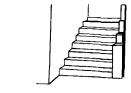
Rewrite these sentences. Start with the words you are given and include the words on the right. The meaning must stay the same.

1	I don't usually take many suitcases with me.	
	I don't usually take	LUGGAGE
2	Her teacher sometimes gives her a lot of things to do in the evening.	,
	Her teacher sometimes gives her	HOMEWORK
3	She's definitely getting better.	J
	She's definitely	PROGRESS
4	He gave me a lot of ideas.	
	He gave me	ADVICE
5	I only know a few words of Spanish.	
	I only	KNOWLEDGE
	I'm going to buy some jeans.	
	I'm going to buy	PAIR

27.4 Label these nouns.











Your score

/ 30

ó

7

30



िंड Verbs + -ing form or infinitive

28.1			by the -ing form	n or the infinitive	?	
Smarks	finish hope	refuse imagine	avoid decide	seem admit		
28.2	Circle the co	orrect answers	. There are two	o in each question	•	
28.2 6 marks	1 He	b) can't ed b) expect to d b) felt li u b) refus b) forgo b) denie e definitions b remember make	going out at n stand c) v to finish wo cred c) r o work on Sunce ke c) c to help e c) p . to go to the bot c) to know a lot s c) v elow with the can't stand deny doing something to do something doing something doing something doing something doing something somethin	ight. vants rk at 7.00. nanaged lay. offered p him? oromise ank. lidn't mind about computers. vants correct verb from manage give up ng, it means you s ng, it means you d ng, it means you d ng, it means you s	the box. top doing it. nate doing it. o it, but it isn't e	't do it.
	6 If you 7 If you		to do somethir someone do so	mething, it means ag, it means you d mething, it means something, it mea	on't forget to do that you permit	it. them to do it.
13.4 i marks	words to ma	ke the English	grammatically			
	Example: I I	promised to	go in ten min	es, but he made m utes but he forc	ed me	y. PROMISE / FORCE
	He	laying footbal	I, but he doesn	't think he will ge	t a place on the t	eam. ENJOY / EXPECT
	Не			he didn't hit the pared to come tor		ADMIT / DENY
	She			won't allow me to		OFFER / REFUSE
30	I					FEEL LIKE / LET

29 Verb patterns

29. Match the verbs in the box with the correct definition below.

blame	complain	warn	insist	apologise	persuade
manne	complain	wain	1113131	apologisc	persuade

- 1 demand something strongly
- 2 successfully change someone's opinion about something
- 3 hold someone responsible for something that goes wrong
- 4 say sorry
- 5 tell someone of a possible danger
- 6 say you are not happy or satisfied with something

Report these sentences, starting with the verbs you are given. Make any changes that are necessary, but the meaning must stay the same. In each sentence the speaker is talking to you.

1	'The course was a waste of time.'
	She told
2	'Could you leave by the side door?'
	She asked
3	'I think you should buy another one.'
	She advised
4	'Why don't we do the exercise later?'
	She suggested
5	'Please don't go near the rocks.'
	She warned
6	'Don't tell anyone'

She insisted

29.3 Is the <u>underlined</u> word in these sentences correct? If not, cross it out.

8 marks

- 1 She said me it was a great idea.
- 2 He explained me what to do.
- 3 They told us there were dangerous animals in the fields.
- 4 One of them suggested us a picnic.
- 5 I persuaded them to leave.
- 6 The hotel confirmed us our reservation for the weekend.
- 7 She proposed <u>us</u> a very interesting new plan.
- 8 They wanted me to stay.

29.4 Complete these sentences with a preposition.

4 marks

- 1 She blamed himthe accident.
- 2 He insistedpaying for the damage.
- 3 She apologisedshouting at him.



4 They complainedthe faulty traffic lights.









30 Adjectives

Scale adjectives talk about degree e.g. $good - quite\ good - very\ good$; limit adjectives describe extremes e.g. $marvellous - absolutely\ marvellous$. You cannot say $absolutely\ good$ or $very\ marvellous$. Complete the table with suitable adjectives.

'Scale' adjectives	'Limit' adjectives
bad	terrible, awful
	huge, enormous
interesting	
surprised	
	boiling
cold	

'Scale' adjectives	'Limit' adjectives
good	marvellous
	packed
small	
	starving
tired	••••••
frightened	

30.2	Complete the ser	tences using a	suitable limit	adjective.
	Complete the ser	atting a	Juituble IIIII	,

6 marks

- 1 A: How was the football match?
 - B: OK, but it was there were so many people we couldn't really see.
- 3 A: How's your new office?
 - B: Oh, the temperature's awful. It's either or absolutely
- 4 Our holiday villa was; it slept 12 easily.
- 5 The new disco is absolutely I'd never go there again I hated it.

30.3 Circle the correct answer.

9 marks

- 1 We had a terrific/terrifying time in the mountains I'm not going back there again.
- 2 The food was so terrific/terrible that we wrote to thank the manager and chef.
- 3 She had to pay a great/huge bill at the end of the holiday.
- 4 He came out of the women's toilet with a red face looking really confused/embarrassed.
- 5 The children loved the zoo and came home really excited/astonished.
- 6 I was surprising/astonished that she didn't pass her exam.
- 7 We had a nice day, but the weather was absolutely/very dreadful.
- 8 The trip was very boring/tiring but we enjoyed it a lot.
- 9 The wildlife film was really fascinated/fascinating.

Rewrite the sentences using the word on the right. Start with the words you are given. The meaning must stay the same.

	·	
1	I'm disappointed in her results.	
	Her	DISAPPOINTING
2	I found the map very confusing.	
	I	CONFUSED
3	I was depressed by the sales figures.	
	The	DEPRESSING
4	The film she saw was really frightening.	
	She	FRIGHTENED
5	I was exhausted by the climb.	
	The	FYHALISTING

THE

31 Prepositions: place

3 . 10 marks	Correct any mistakes with prepositions in these sentences. Be careful: some arc correct. 1 She doesn't live in London any longer. 2 The food is in the table. 3 I'm just going to make a phone call but I'll see you on work. 4 Don't put those books on the floor. 5 We're staying at a very nice area. 6 They should be in the party tonight if you want to see them. 7 Put the keys at your pocket. 8 I said I'd see her at the end of the road. 9 I always sit in the table for dinner. 10 We can play on the garden.
31.2	Complete the sentences below.
10 marks	1 Down the stairs is the opposite of the stairs. 2 Into the room is the opposite of the room. 3 We drove under the bridge is the opposite of we drove the bridge. 4 We flew above the clouds is the opposite of we flew the clouds. 5 In front of the school is the opposite of the school.
	Complete these sentences with the correct preposition/prepositional phrase from above.
	6 The money fell
31.3	Complete these sentences with suitable prepositions.
10 marks	1 I ran the house but stopped when I saw a big dog.
	2 John came over and sat me.
	3 Ten minutes later Rosa joined us and sat down us. Post Office
	4 I'm sure the post office is just the bank. 5 Bank
	5 The cat suddenly ran the road. It must have seen something on the other side.
	6 We walked along the road, a church and then came to a park. 7 They must have walked the river for about five miles.
ur score	8 We wanted to go the town using the bypass, but we never saw the road, so we
/30	had to drive right the middle of the town. 9 The station is quite here: about a ten-minute walk at the most, I'd say.

Adverbs: frequency and degree

32. Do the words in *italics* have the same meaning in these sentences? Write Yes or No.

~ marks

- 1 It rarely/seldom rains here during the summer.
- 2 We regularly/hardly ever go to the local sports centre.
- 3 We see that couple frequently/occasionally in the park.
- 4 It's an *incredibly/extremely* expensive restaurant, but the food is fantastic.
- 5 They seldom/ never go out after 10.00 o'clock in the evening.
- 6 I thought she was getting slightly/a bit fatter.
- 7 Come on! It's *nearly/almost* time to go.

32.2 Put the following adverbs in order of frequency on the line.

4 marks

۲					ı
	hardly ever	occasionally	regularly	sometimes	

100% of the time ALWAYS

0% **NEVER**

32.3 Organise the words into correct sentences. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

3 marks

- 1 hardly is ever he work for late
- 2 children we the take pool occasionally the
- 3 has hotel she stayed same the always
- 4 forget lock quite I the often door to
- 5 rarely find you fresh in can market fish the

32.4 Circle the correct answer.



- 1 Which is more informal? We were a bit tired. / We were fairly tired.
- 2 Which is more positive? It was pretty good. / It was quite good.
- 3 In which sentence is the speaker more surprised? The film was quite interesting. / The film was rather interesting.
- 4 Which is more informal? We had quite a good time. / We had a pretty good time.
- 5 Which is more negative? I find it slightly boring. / I find it quite boring.
- 6 Which is not correct? It's almost the same as yours. / It's quite the same as yours.
- 7 Which is more formal? I hardly ever see him. / I seldom see him.

32.5 What is the correct place in the sentence for the words on the right? Show your answer with an arrow like this. (1) 7 marks

1 There was enough room to sit down in the departure lounge.

HARDLY

2 It happened so quickly, we had time to think.

BARELY

3 It was dark before the repair man arrived.

ALMOST

4 We were tired after travelling so far that day.

INCREDIBLY NEARLY

5 Her father forgot to give her the money for the shopping. 6 I was shocked to hear she had got married again.

A BIT

HARDLY EVER

/30

7 His brother comes to see me these days.

33 Time and sequence

33.1	Circle the correct answer(s). There is sometimes more than one.				
12 marks					
	a) when b) while c) as soon as				
	2 Pete cleaned the kitchen I did the living room.				
	a) when b) while c) as soon as				
	3 We heard the noise we were getting ready.				
	a) when b) while c) as soon as				
	4 I got to the gallery it was closing.				
	a) as b) while c) just as				
	5 It'll get warmer in here the heating comes on.				
	a) when b) while c) as soon as				
	6 I met them I was in New York.				
	a) when b) while c) just as				
	7 We made the dinner				
	a) when b) while c) just as				
33.2 4 marks		of r about n coast e back to			
33.3	Read this short text, then answer the questions below.				
6 marks	First, we took the wrong turning and ended up in the middle of an industrial estate. Then we got lost and drove round in circles for half an hour before we found the right road. But we got there in the end, and had a very nice meal at their house. After that we all went on to a club. 1 Could you use 'firstly' in place of 'first'? 2 Could you say 'before finding' in place of 'before we found'? 3 Could you say 'besides' in place of 'in the end'? 4 Could you say 'besides' in place of 'in the end'? 5 Could you say 'eventually' in place of 'after that'?				
33.4	Fill the gaps in these dialogues with a single word.				
8 marks	1 A: Why is it so cold in here?				
	B: Well, for one the heating isn't on; and for, so	omeone			
	has left the door open.				
	2 A: Why don't we finish the letters and send them off?				
	B: Well, to with, we really need Patricia's help with one or two.				
ur score	And, we haven't got the addresses, so we can't send them.				

Addition and contrast

34. Use the words and phrases in the box to complete the sentences below.

MG marks

furthermore	as well	aitnougn	whereas
the twin pecting a present. I content a nice place,	s are happy didn't know	to stay at hos they were org the stree	nd play in any kind of weather, me and play on the computer. ganising a party for me
home. e our clients to rent	the apartme	ent on the top	ofloor as it is much quieter. ew of any of the flats.
down an alternative -5 above.	word or ph	rase that woi	ald also be correct in each of th
1) 2) 3)			9 (sentence 4) 10 (sentence 5)
ending which is log	_	· ·	orrect in these sentences.
od food b) it wa us thought it was gr (t b) hated it	as expensive eat. Peter, or c) agreed	c) the non the other had d) was ve	oise d) it was near and, ry happy want. What's more,
	it's very chea	ap c) othe	er tickets are better value
nt that watch even the nted it b) having test was extremely h	g one alread	y c) it wa	is expensive
ond was easy b bouse is big and ver	o) I passed ry light. In ac	c) the seco ddition,	nd was more difficult
o send them a map.	However,		c) there isn't much space c) I forgot to phone them.
in this text with su	iitable link v	vords or phra	ses.
p, ⁽¹⁾ , after a bit to do this ⁽³⁾ ere between us was real	Pete want of an argume	nted to continuent, we did decidenthe hard grounders (4)	e to stop at this point and pitch our and a strong wind we were worried ab
o ! t	op, (1), after a bit to do this ⁽³⁾ ere between us was rea which was getting worse , decided h	op, (1), after a bit of an argume to do this (3)	op, (1)

35 Similarities, differences and conditions

35.1

Look at the pictures, then complete the sentences below using the phrases in the box. Use each phrase once only.



except that quite alike quite unlike similar	neither both	very different
--	-----------------	----------------

- 1 Anne is to Barbara.
- 2 Diana and Claire are
- 3 Barbara is Claire.
- 4 Anne is from Diana, they they have wavy hair.
- 5 Anne nor Barbara has short hair.

35.2 Make five correct and logical sentences using words and phrases from each column. You cannot use a word or phrase more than once.

1 You'll lose your umbrella
2 I think you'll pass the test
3 You'd better take some money
4 You should leave by 7.00
5 You look the same as usual

OTHERWISE
a you're wearing glasses.
b you keep it in your bag.
c you don't get too nervous.
d you have to take a taxi.
e you'll miss the bus.

35.3 Do the <u>underlined</u> phrases have the same meaning or a different meaning?

8 marks

- 1 David and his brother have a lot in common / similar interests.
- 2 They made a comparison of / They compared the cost of living in their countries.
- 3 Alan and Carole both hate / Neither Alan nor Carole hate cleaning the house.
- 4 I'll go to the library if / unless it rains.
- 5 Everyone arrived on time apart from / except for Lucy.
- 6 Hedda and her brother are quite alike. / Hedda quite likes her brother.
- 7 I'll work on Sunday as long as / on condition that I get paid overtime.
- 8 I'll take my coat in case / if it's cold.

35.4 Complete these sentences with a suitable word or phrase.

5 marks

1 We get on well, although we have in common.

Your score

4 You'll be late you hurry.

5 I'd better do my homework my teacher will be angry.

36

Reason, purpose and result

Make six correct and logical sentences using words and phrases from each column. You cannot use a word or phrase more than once.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
1 I lost my wallet,2 I went to the post office	because of so that	I learnt the bad news much later. I had to borrow some money.
3 I had to stop the traffic	Consequently,	I needed some stamps.
4 I stayed at work late	\$0 1	I have given up work to look after her.
5 My wife is very ill and6 I couldn't go to the meeting.	because therefore	I could finish the report. the accident.

36.2 Choose the most logical ending for these sentences.

≨ marks

- 1 The purpose of joining the class was
 - a) to improve my English.
- b) that I needed English for my job.
- 2 A fall in sales could lead to
 - a) a financial crisis in the company.
- b) a pay rise for all the workers.
- 3 The investigators decided that the bad weather caused
 - a) the ice. b) the accident.
- 4 The company's economic problems have resulted in
 - a) the loss of ten jobs.
- b) the world's financial situation.
- 5 She bought the bike so that
 - a) she had won some money.
- b) she could get to work more cheaply.
- 6 The police believe the young boy was responsible for
 - a) the fire.
- b) his parents.

36.3 Circle the correct link word or phrase in the sentences below.

7 marks

- 1 Due to / As it was raining heavily, we left early.
- 2 Owing to / Because the bad weather, the match began late.
- 3 A fight started. As a result / So, several people were taken to hospital.
- 4 The boy failed his exam because / because of his illness.
- 5 She parked on a busy, narrow bridge. Consequently / Owing to, she was fined £50.
- 6 They gave him a medal since / because of his bravery.
- 7 We got a taxi because / because of we were late.

36.4 Complete the sentences below using the correct word or phrase from the box.

5 marks

	consequently	so that	and therefore	as	due to		
					•	a new job in London. ns, w	⁄e
	intend to decorat	e them all	this year.				
3	The plane was de	elayed	th	ie foggy	weather.		
4	My parents are u	ınwell	I	have de	cided to m	ove nearer them.	
5	Bring the chairs i	nside	th	ey don'	t get wet.		

score

37 The physical world

37.1 Complete the sentences below using words from the box.

12 marks

mountain	river	desert	ocean
island	continent	jungle	group of islands
Lake	Sea	country	mountain range

- **37.2** Complete the sentences.

6 marks

- 1 The goes round the sun.
- 2 Niagara are on the border of Canada and the USA.
- 3 The North and South are at opposite ends of the earth.
- 4 Theshine in the sky at night.
- 5 The goes round the centre of the earth.
- 6 There is a full every 28 days.
- **37.3** Put the article 'the' where necessary.

6 marks

1I.ake Titikaka	3 Sahara Desert	5 Black Fores
2 Mount Fuji	4 Atlantic Ocean	6 Europe

37.4 Match the words in the box with the pictures.

6 marks

-	flood volca	anic eruption	earthquake	drought	hurricane	
1	1	2	3	4		5

Your score

/30

6 The general word used to describe these five events is 'natural'.

Weather

38.1 Complete this table.

€ marks

Noun	Adjective	Noun	Adjective
sun cloud		wind fog	
ice shower			hot humid

38.2 Put the words in the first column in order from the hottest (1) to the coldest (6). Put the = Tarks words in the second column in order from the most gentle (1) to the strongest (4).

Column 1	Column 2
hot	a wind
not very warm	a gale
freezing	a brecze
chilly	a hurricane
boiling	
warm	

38.3

Ca	omplete the sentences.
	The weather forecast said there could be some rain this afternoon, so you will need your coat and your umbrella.
2	In the summer it's very calm, but in the winter you can get a very wind coming off the sea.
	I was woken up in the night by some incredible thunder and, and I think it may have hit a tree nearby.
4	You can't go out in this weather – it's with rain.
5	One of the weather forecasters said we would have a of hot weather.
6	The wind all the leaves off the trees yesterday.
Co	omplete the sentences.
1	It was so that I could only see about 50 metres in front of me.
	The car didn't stop when I put on the brakes, because the road was so
	They wanted to know theso I had to go and find my thermometer.
	They don't think it's going to rain all day, but we may get a couple of

ain all day, but we may get a couple of this afternoon, so take an umbrella. 5 are winds which often reach over 100 km per hour and can destroy trees and buildings quite easily. 6 It's getting very humid, and the wind is also starting to increase, so I think we could get a quite soon. 7 We write -10 °C, but we say ten degrees centigrade, or ten degrees below 8 It's not so bad in very hot weather if you can feel a gentle on your face.

You often get this near the sea.

9 It's really hot and unpleasant today - you know, there's 90%

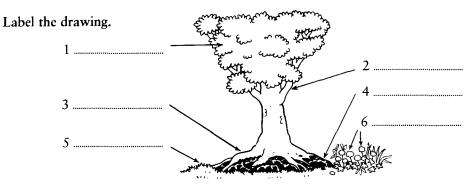
10 There was a lot of sun this morning, but this afternoon it got quite and was much cooler.

4 ~arks

39 Using the land



6 marks



39.2 Complete the text using the words in the box. Change the form of the word if necessary.

13 marks

pick farm drought keep grow grow dairy	agriculture slaughter crop	water plant harvest
---	----------------------------------	---------------------------

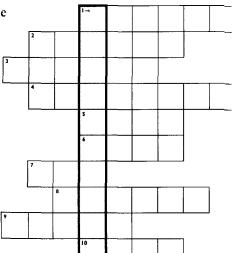
My family owns a large (1) in the south of England. When I was 18,1 studied (2)
at college so that I would understand farming better. My brother is in charge of one part of the business and
he (3) and sold for their meat. He also
sells (5) produce such as milk, butter and cheese. In my part of the business, we have
(6) vegetables for a few years, but we didn't
make enough money at it, so five years ago we (8) a lot of apple and pear trees instead. In the
late summer we have extra workers to help (9) the fruit and (10) the wheat.
Some years are very difficult in farming. Last year, there was no rain for two months, which caused a
(II) was very hard and we had to (I3) the maize
every week.

39.3 Complete the crossword. When you have finished, the words in the tinted box will spell another word.

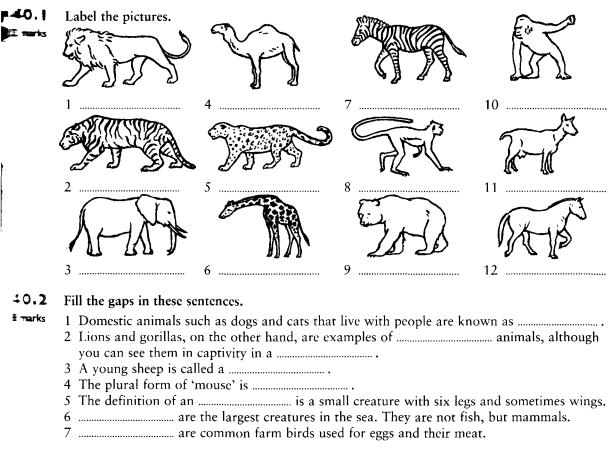
- 1 a soft, reddish metal used for electric wires
- 2 When we walk, our feet are on the
- 3 Copper, tin and iron are all
- 4 If something is, it is worth a lot of money.
- 5 a place where metals are extracted from the earth
- 6 a dark grey metal that is magnetic
- 7 a softer metal sometimes used to cover other metals
- 8 a whitish metal that used to be used for coins and jewellery
- 9 money made of metal, not paper

/30

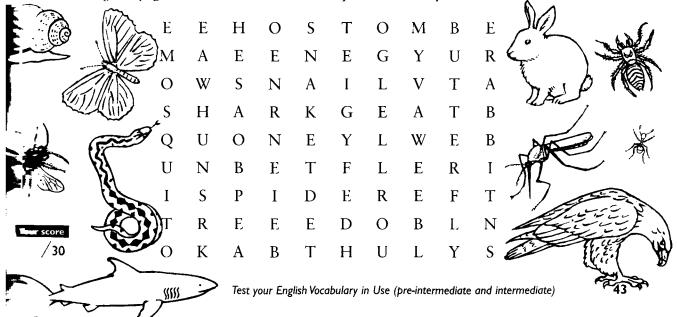
10 a yellow metal that used to be used for coins and jewellery: it's expensive.



Animals and insects



10.3 The names of the creatures below are all in the word square (vertically \uparrow , horizontally \rightarrow or diagonally \searrow). Find the names and label the pictures correctly.

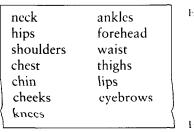


41 Countries, nationalities and language

41.1	Find the names of ten	European countries from the jumbled	letters.
10 marks	1 CEFNAR	6 LTY	AI
	2 GLORTPUA	7 DL0	OAHNL
	3 IITRBNA	8 PIN	SA
	4 KRUYET	9 ZLV	VISDNRAET
	5 NARMEGY	10 EEF	ECGR
41.2	Complete this table.		
12 marks	Country	Nationality	1.anguage
	Japan		
	Korea		
	Australia		
	Egypt		
	Brazil		
	Argentina		
	Sweden		
	Saudi Arabia		
	Russia		
	Mexico		
	Thailand		
	China		
41.3 8 marks	same. Look at the two	below without using the word 'people o examples first. eople go there for their holidays.	' but keeping the meaning the
	Russiar	is go there for their holidays.	
	British pe The Br i	ople work some of the longest hours ir tish work some of the longest hour:	Europe. 5 in Europe.
	1 Swiss people are of	ten multi-lingual	
		ve baseball	
		y always speak English	
		their carsen take short holidays	
		ness with French people.	
Your score		there in the summer	
/30		travel a lot	

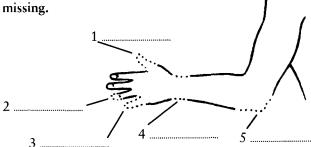
The body and what it does

• Think of a person standing up. Put the parts of the body in order from top to bottom.





42.2 Label the parts that are missing.



2.3 What is the person doing in each picture? Look at the example first.







Example:

He's nodding his head.







3

4



42.4 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

7 marks

30

: rearks

shake blow fold bite breathe bend comb

- 1 My mother gets very angry with me when I my nails.
- 2 The President will come into the room and hands with everyone.
- 3 I sometimes forget to my hair in the morning.
- 4 In football team photographs, the players usually their arms.
- 5 Since I hurt my leg in the accident, it's been difficult to my knees.
- 6 I had to my nose in the middle of the lecture it was a bit embarrassing.
- 7 It's lovely to come up to the mountains and fresh air.

43 Describing people's appearance

43.1	Match wor	ds from	the left	and right to for	m word part	nerships	. Look at tl	ne example first.
4 marks	1 hairy		a hair	!	nairy chest			
	2 blond		b ches	it			•••••	
	3 medium		c skin					
	4 broad		d buil				•••••	
	5 pale		e shou	ılders				
43.2	The people	here we	ould like	to be the oppo	site of what	they are.	Complete	the sentences.
🎎 🍕 marks	1 'I'm shor	t and fa	it, but I'd	d really like to l	oe		and	
				ve always want				
								brown hair.'
	4 'I'm rath bodybuil		, but I w	ish I were very			like those v	veightlifters and
	5 'I've got	a big no		I'm losing my h e Tom Cruise o			me attracti	ve. Why can't I b
43.3 6 marks				similar meaning		nem in th	e columns	below to show
	slim	ugly	plain	overweight	skinny	fat		
	Column 1		 	Column 2 (mo	ore negative) 			
43.4	Label the fe			has.		∕ ³		
	2			hing		 4		
43.5	Complete tl	he dialo	gue.					
6 marks	=		_	,	?			
				it, with long fai		ne alway:	s looks very	elegant.
	A: How (2)			, exa	etly?	,		U
				ly about one m				
Your score	A: And how	much '	(3)		?			
/30	B: Well I wo	ouldn't	really lik	e to ask that qu	estion, but I	'd guess	between fif	ty and fifty-five

44 Describing character

clever horrible	easy-going pleasant	stupid tense	bright nice	nervous relaxed	thick unpleasar
•••••					
	c opinions below			meaning. The	
B: Yes, she' 2 A: She was	vays wanted to go s very amhorrible, wasn't	she?	her career, ha	nsn't she?	
3 A: He's hap B: I know, I 4 A: The prol	ppy and smiling v he's always very oblem is that she c	vhenever you so cher an't change an	•••••••••••	and adapt to n	ew ones.
5 A: Do you label B: No, it's was 6 A: He never	s very inhonestly think wo very unr thinks about ot very in	e can depend o – it her people's fee	could break d	own at any time	e.
the other three	osite for each of t	ely different wo	ord. Look at t		
1 honest 7 2 generous 7	nappy ≠ unhappy ± ± ±		4 friend 5 strong	•	
Fill the gaps in than you need	n the text with su)	iitable words fi	om the box. (There are more	words in the
sense timid	punctual sensible	confident sensitive	trust shy	initiative cheerful	miseral reserve
and we had to w the common ⁽²⁾ finally arrived, she	end camping with frait an hour for her to the total a friend with left to anyone for the	to turn up. Appar o ring me on my i ner, called Jill. She	ently she had a nobile and warn was quite nice, b	problem with the to me she would be out so (3)	train, but didn't late.Then, whe that s

45 Human feelings and actions

45. Match the words in the box with the definitions below.

5 marks

r				
jealous	upset	proud	frightened	embarrassed
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	apset	P- 0		

- 1 sad and angry because something unpleasant has happened
- 2 feeling very satisfied when you (or someone close to you) has done something very well
- 3 afraid
- 4 uncomfortable and often ashamed because you have done something wrong or stupid in a social situation
- 5 angry and unhappy because someone has something you want, or because someone you like or love is showing interest in another person

45.2 Complete the sentences using the correct form of the word on the right.

8 marks

1 Do you believe everyone has a right to	?	HAPPY
2 It was a terribly experie	nce.	EMBARRAS
3 I think his was hurt who	en she left him.	PROUD
4 Her was the cause of me	ost of their arguments.	JEALOUS
5 I don't know why he felt such	·············•	ANGRY
6 They were all moved by the	of the occasion.	SAD
7 I was so when it happer	ned.	EMBARRAS:
8 I don't know why it caused so much	······••	EMBARRAS

45.3 Complete the sentences below with a suitable word, without using speak, look or walk.

6 marks

- 1 She in his car so no-one would hear.
 2 Please don't at me in that angry voice.

- 5 They had nothing to do so they went for a through the woods.

45.4 Match the verbs on the left with the words and phrases on the right.

6 marks

1 clap	a on the door	
2 point	b goodbye	
3 punch	c your finger at someone	
4 knock	d the button	
5 wave	e your hands	
6 press	f someone on the arm	

Some of the words tested on this page are used with particular prepositions. Cover the rest this page and then complete these sentences with the correct preposition.

- 1 He's very jealous his brother.
- 2 They knocked the door but no-one answered.

Your score

3 You shouldn't point people.

4 I'm proud my country.

5 She glanced the others to see if they had noticed.

46 Family and friends

Read the short text, then complete the sentences below.

arks

2 partner

3 ex-boyfriend

4 best friend

6 father-in-law

5 old friend

/30

This is James Thomas Brown: he has no brothers and sisters. His parents died when he was 20 and they left him their house. He married Julia and they had two children, but unfortunately his wife died two years ago. Recently he has fallen in love with Amy who he has known since they were young. She is the sister of a very good friend of his called Mike, who he likes and trusts.



	1 James is hisname.
	2 James Thomas Brown is his name.
	3 Thomas is hisname.
	4 Brown is his
	5 He has no brothers and sisters so he is an child.
	6 At the age of 20, James his parents' house.
	7 His wife, Julia, died so he is a
	8 The two children and he form a family.
	9 Amy is his present
	10 Mike is a very friend.
	11 If James marries Amy, she will become the children'smother.
46.2	Complete the definitions with a suitable word.
? marks	1 My father's brothers are my
	2 My father's sisters are my
	3 My sister's husband is my
	4 My brother's wife is my
	5 My wife's mother is my
	6 My aunt and uncle's children are my
	7 My parents' parents are my
	8 My brother's daughters are my
	9 My sister's sons are my
	10 My father's first wife, who is still alive, is his
	11 My oldest brother died, so his wife is a
	12 My mother remarried last year: her new husband is my
	13 All of these people are members of my family, so they are my
6.3	Match the words on the left with the definitions on the right.
marks	1 colleague a the one friend you feel closest to

b a man that a woman used to go out with

without indicating if they are married

e someone you work with

c one of the parents of your husband or wife

d someone you have known well for a long time

f this word is used for the person that someone loves and lives with,

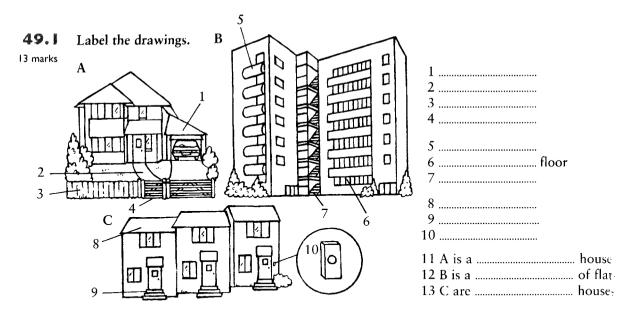
47 Ages and stages

47.1	Complete this story	y of Marianne's life using a suitable ver	b (in the correct tense) in each gap			
12 marks		in a hospital just five minutes from				
		parents lived, and she (2)up in				
		r first real boyfriend and she				
		him for over three years, but unfortunately	3			
		when Marianne (6) to				
	•	of boyfriends in her first year at university,	Comment of the Commen			
		Alex.They ⁽⁸⁾ in love and				
		ied the year after Marianne graduated.They				
		vork for a few years but returned when				
	•	a family. And by a happy coincidence,				
		s ⁽¹¹⁾				
	she is (12)					
47.2	What word or phra	ase could describe the people at these d	ifferent ages?			
10 marks	Example: 6 mon	ths old =a. baby				
	1 1-2 years old	= a				
	2 2-12 years old					
	3 about 13–17					
	4 18+	= an				
	5 22 6 35	= in your				
	7 48	= in your				
	, 10	_ iii your				
47.3	•	logues with a word or phrase. Don't re	peat the word in italics.			
8 marks		vas lovely at six months old.				
		she was a lovelybaby				
	1 A: Were you hap					
	B: Yes, I had a very happy					
	2 A: It's a terrible time when you're 14 or 15, don't you think?					
	B: Yes, I do. I think life is very difficult during					
	3 A: I'm sure you had arguments with your parents then. B: Oh yes, we had hundreds of					
	4 A: Did your parents enjoy their 40s and 50s?					
	B: Yes, I think people are more relaxed in					
	-	you'll be bored when you finally stop				
	B: No, I shall en	joy my				
		nely for some elderly people.				
		e tough for some people in	•			
_		ave been married for 28 years.	hacair iri			
Your score		s been a very happyv Carol was <i>expecting a baby?</i>	, nasn t it:			
/30		now she was				

48 Daily routines

48.1	Correct the mistakes in	these sentences.			
	1 I live by my own.				
	2 I usually go to the be 3 Most nights I sleep v	ed about midnight.			
	4 In the morning I hav	e a shower and shave n	ne.		
	5 I usually have the bro	eakfast about 7.30.			
ı	6 After breakfast I clea				
t	7 I arrive to work abou 8 After work I sometin				
. > ~					
-3.2	Complete the sentences 1 If I'm very tired in the		dinner and the	en I	asleep
i arks	on the sofa.				
	2 I don't want the cats some water before I	to go hungry, so I alwa go to work.	ays	them ar	id give them
	3 If I'm going to work about 8 am.	at the office in the mor	ning, I usually	,	home
	4 At work I have coffee between 12.30 and 1	e around 11 am, and th .00, but it's never more			
	5 If I go out to a disco	•	e a	night, I	have to set my
	6 I don't go out most e				ΓV.
	7 I usually have a				
	8 I	cards every Monday e	vening with my	y friends, but not	for money.
48.3	W/hat arounds and baims d	afinad hana			
→O•3 ≤ marks	What words are being d	enned nere?	to		
- marks	1 to sleep too long2 a short sleep		to a		
	3 a small amount of foo	nd hetween meals	a		
	4 an informal word for		a		
	5 to wash the dishes	a conversation			
	6 a person who cleans for	or you	a		
	•	•			_
18.4	Find the best ending on t	_	on the left. Use	e cach verb once	only.
7 marks	1 lie	a the housework			
	2 get up	b to bed		••••••••••••	••••••
	3 do	c my own breakfast	••	••••••	
	4 go out	d a rest	•••	•••••••	
er score	5 go	e with friends		••••••	
/30	6 have	f in bed		***************************************	••••••
	7 make	g and have breakfast		•••••••••••••	

49 Homes and buildings



49.2 Complete the dialogues with a suitable adjective.

4 marks

- 1 A: It's cold on that side of the room because the window doesn't shut very well.
 - B: Yes, if you sit over there it's very
- 2 A: Did you go and see that flat in Portland Road, then?
 - B: Yes, it wasn't bad, but the living room was absolutely; you couldn't even put a sofa in there.
- 3 A: I thought you said your flat was very noisy.
 - B: No, not at all in fact, it's very
- 4 A: Your office is fantastic it's absolutely!
 - B: Yes, it is big, isn't it!

Rewrite the sentences using the word on the right. Start with the words you are given. The meaning must stay the same.

1	This house is owned by a famous artist.	
	This house	BELONG
2	You can see the forest from the top room.	
	The top room	VIEW
3	It's easy to keep the house warm.	
	It's easy	HEAT
	The state of the house is terrible.	
	The house	CONDITIO

49.4 Are these sentences true or false?

5 marks

- 1 A semi-detached house is a house that stands alone and is not joined to any other house.
- 2 Rent is the money you pay every week or month to the owner of the flat where you live.

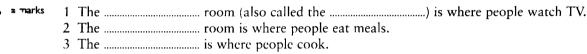
Your score

/30

- 3 The person that you buy a flat from is called the landlord.4 A mortgage is the money you borrow from a bank to buy a house or flat.
- 5 A lift is something that carries people up and down inside buildings.

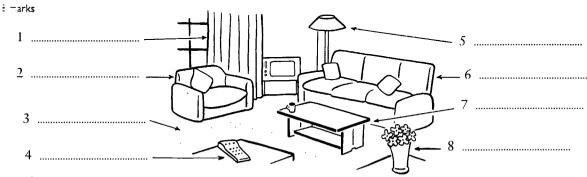
Around the home I

50.1 Complete the names of these rooms in a house.



- 4 The is where people wash or have a bath.
- 5 Theroom is for occasional guests, and often for storing things.

50.2 Label the objects in the picture.



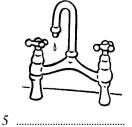
- What kitchen appliances are being defined here?
- marks 1 It is used to wash clothes.
 - 2 It is used to cook food. 3 It is used to wash dishes.
 - 4 It is used to keep things cold.

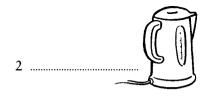
50.4 Label the pictures.

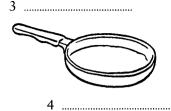
5 marks











50.5 Choose the best noun on the right to finish each of the sentence beginnings on the left.

7 marks

- 1 I sat down in
- 2 She lay down on
- 3 I had a look at
- 4 I made
- 5 He turned on
- 6 I put the pans in /30 7 He sat on

- a some coffee
- b the sink
- c the TV
- d an armchair
- e the sofa
- a stool
- g the paper

51.2 6 marks

5 1 . 3 9 marks

51.4 6 marks

/30

2 wash

3 alarm

5 towel

6 house

4 bedside

51 Around the home 2

5 1.1 Here are some things you find in the bedroom and bathroom, but the letters are jumbled. Put the correct words in the columns below.

malp bredwaor	wehrso vutde	ayspmaj habt	woltes lopsliw	iltote		
Bedroom		athroom				
Fill the gaps.						
I went to a great in the morning. I way — I just (I)	was so tired, th	at I didn't put my nem all over the f e light. I ⁽³⁾ nbered to ⁽⁴⁾ p early this morr and I loo	y clothes loor. And I to ning. Ugh! I've k awful!			
Circle the corre	ect answer.					
1 My jeans we 2 At the end o 3 I decided I w 4 I did/made t 5 She <u>put on/p</u> 6 I hate <u>house</u> 7 Quick, get in 8 I forgot to d	of the meal the vould hoover the ironing at the out off her clowork/houseverto/go into be	te others sat do <u>/polish</u> the dir the weekend. othes. <u>vorks</u> . ed and keep vo	own while I caling room tab	lid the <u>wa</u> s	shing/washing-	<u>т</u> р.
Match the wor			ds on the rig	ht to form	six nouns.	
1 chest	a cloc	K				

e of drawers

b work

d basin

f table

c rail

52 Everyday problems

52.1	Fill the ga	aps in these dia	alogues. Write	e one word i	n each gap.		
	в: I do		rned your per		on but it's not i		
	в: Yes.	, probably.			·		
					of	?	
	3 A: You B: Wh		washing mac	hine.		ngineer is con	ning tomorrow.
52.2	Look at t	he pictures an	d complete th	e texts.			
9 marks	D WELL					in The	
		th nd I'm afraid i			skirt, and there'	s a horrible	
				`	on it. one won t	be able to re-	move it.
52.3 I marks		the text using more words in			nember to put t	he verbs in th	e correct form.
	burn	humour	trip over	fall	mood	run	damage
	finish	recognise	realise	leave	run out of	function	crash
	work	remark	break	become	forget	get	ruin
	and discove had to iron it and, of co one sleeve	red that we had a shirt before he ourse, forgot abou of his shirt and it	could go to we t the iron. Whe was completely	coffee, so ork. While he we en he came bac or (4)	when I left for to he had to have to was doing that, the tk he had (3) he'll have	ea, which he hat phone rang. He a to buy a new c	es. Then he ran to answer big hole in one. But things
					(6)	his briefcas	e behind with all
		r a very importai					
	•	_			the childre		
					really hurt myself,		
	(*)	I nad a	uso кпоскеа а и	amp over, and r	now it's not ⁽¹⁰⁾		•
52.4	Circle the	correct word.					
marks		id I've <u>forgotte</u>	en / left my n	otes at home			
					should be here	by now.	
	3 She got	<u>out / got off</u> th	ne bus and wa	alked to scho	ol.		
score		ou <u>forgotten / l</u>					
/30					g I <u>lost / missec</u>	<u>l</u> .	
, 50	6 This neu	y watch of mir	a icn't worki	na properly /	fina		

53 Money

	Complete the table below				D			
	Verb	Past tens	ie		Past participle			
	do	did			done			
	buy							
	spend			"				
	lend							
	sell							
	pay							
	cost							
3.3	Complete these dialogues	•						
arks	1 A: Do you know, I've over £200 this week on food.							
	B: That's a lot. Have you got a big family?							
	2 A: Oh no, I've left my money at home. Could you me £5? I promise							
	I'llyou back tomorrow.							
	B: No, I can't. I had to some money myself from my sister.							
	3 A: Was the holiday expensive?							
	B: No, not really. We£50 a night for the hotel, and the flight							
	us about £150.							
		4 A: Are you going away again this year?						
	B: No, I can't another holiday, I'm afraid.							
	5 A: You're very careful with your money these days.							
	B: Yes, I'm up for a new mountain bike.							
	6 A: Do you know how much those earrings are?							
	B: Yes, I had them valued at £300. 7 A: Was it expensive to get your watch repaired?							
	A: Was it expensive to get your watch repaired? B: Yes, they							
	8 A: I wouldn't							
	2 410 4 TT CMIMIL L							
	last month. He said	he would give it	back, but he	e nasn t rei	urned any or it.	•		
.4 :rks		C)		e nash t rei	urned any or it	•		



Health: illness and disease

54.1 Match the sentence halves, using each half once only.

∄ marks

- 1 If someone feels sick
- 2 If someone's got flu
- 3 If someone has a heart attack
- 4 If someone's got diarrhoea
- 5 If someone's got hay fever
- 6 If someone's got a hangover
- 7 If someone is blowing their nose a lot
- 8 If someone's got a temperature

- a they may have a cold.
- b they want to go to the toilet.
- c they keep sneezing.
- d they want to vomit.
- e they feel very hot.
- f their muscles ache.
- g they need a doctor immediately.
- h they drank too much beer last night.

Write a sentence describing each person's ache or pain. Begin: Helshe's got (a/an) ...



54.3 Complete the dialogues with a word from the box.

- marks

fillings nose painful prescription sore fever hurt injection	n painless
--	------------

- A: Oh, dear, my eyes are really (1).......
- B: Are they?
- A: Yes, and I've got a runny (2)......too.
- B: Hmm, I can see that. Do you suffer from hay (3).....?
- A: Not usually, no. Maybe I should go and see the doctor.
- B: Yes, then she can give you a (4)...... for the chemist's.
- C: Did I tell you I fell and (5)...... my knee?
- D: No did you go and see the doctor?
- C: No, I didn't, but maybe I should, because it still feels very (6).......
- E: Have you been to the dentist's vet?
- F: Yes, I went yesterday. I had to have two (7)...... in my back teeth.
- E: Did he give you an (8)
- F: Yes, he did. I don't like needles, but it was (9)....., so I was very relieved.

54.4 Correct the mistakes. There is one in each sentence.

6 marks

- 1 She's in bed because she's got a flu and she feels sick.
- 2 It's horrible when you have a cold and keep blowing the nose.
- 3 My back is very pain because I was carrying a heavy suitcase yesterday.

Your score

/30

- 4 His finger injured when he shut it in the door.
- 5 He's got a sore cough and a throat.6 I hurt me when I ran into the tree.

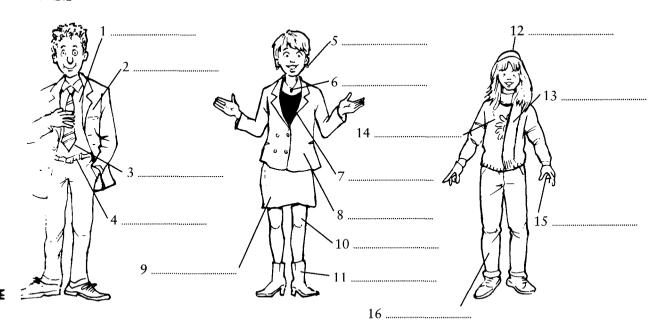
55 Health: injuries

55.1	Label the pictures	with words from the box	below.	
5 marks	2		3	5
	sling bruise	bandage stitches	s cut	
55.2 4 marks	Examples: I've go 1 I cut my finger l 2 His leg is broker 3 After the acciden	untable? Put a, an or – (He's got flu plaster in plaster.	
55.3 7 marks	There is one word Look at the examp		nis text. What is the w	ord and where should it go?
	today. Two players to head the ball. O the other player ha an arrived less than men hospital. The	e ↑ very nasty injuries at collided each other as the ne man himself unconsoid a very bad cut his fore ten minutes later and ruman with the cut received allowed to go home. To ital overnight.	ney tried ous and head. Fortunately Ished both d over	Example: .0f
55.4 8 marks	One of them wa The thief had a game A: I B: Oh, I should A: Yes, it's very I dropped a box She twisted her	red outside the disco who seed outside the disco who seed the shopkeeper was my hand lighting that othink that hurts.	ck with a knife but the was in the cigarette. so that the bus.	c leg.
55.5		n the left with the words	on the right to form s	six phrases.
6 marks ur score	1 black2 swollen3 broken4 blood	a wound b treatment c ankle d ribs		
/30	5 bullet6 hospital	e eye f test		

56 Clothes

56. Label what the people are wearing in the pictures.

= marks



56.2 Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

6 marks Example: When I got home last night, I got dressed and went straight to bed. undressed

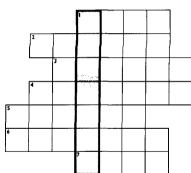
- 1 I put off my clothes and got into the shower.
- 2 I got dress, left the house and drove to the office.
- 3 I tried the jacket on but it wasn't enough big, so I asked for a smaller size.
- 4 The trousers were too much long so I didn't buy them.
- 5 He took his jacket off and carefully hung it down in the wardrobe.
- 6 The sleeves weren't long enough, so the jacket didn't size me very well.

56.3 Complete the crossword. When you have finished, the words in the tinted box will spell another word.

- 1 It is the part of a shirt nearest the hands.
- 2 This part of a shirt or jacket goes round the neck.
- 3 It is where you put money in your trousers or jacket.
- 4 These are on the front of your shirt, jacket or coat, and you fasten them.
- 5 Women wear these on their legs.

Your score

- 6 The part of a shirt or jumper that covers your arms.
- 7 Oh, no, it's the wrong It's too small.



57 Shops and shopping

narks	shop keep	er	do the sh	opping	shopping	bag		
	•••••							
	•••••							
7.2	Complete the	centences below	with the correct 'ge	maral' word	Look at the o	vamnla first		
narks	Example: It's		ace to buy househo					
	2 There were 3 I need to be	uy some	all over the chi a pen in the	ildren's room , writing pap	e: teddy bears, per and envelop	dolls and Lego es.		
	everywhere		1	T	1 1			
		in this country.	suct	i as TVs, ste	reos and wash	ing machines a		
				: a lovely go	ld necklace and	d earrings.		
*** **		_		, 0		· ·		
7.3 narks		names of these	•		1 .			
, inal Ka	1 the place where you can buy furniture, toys, televisions, watches, etc.2 the place where you can buy any type of food or household goods							
	3 the place where you can just buy meat							
	4 the place where you can just buy fruit and vegetables							
			uy fashionable clothe	es				
		where you can bi		•				
		vhere you can b vhere you can b	uy newspapers and c	igarettes				
	o the place v	viiere you can b	uy snoes					
7.4	Complete the	ese shopping dia	logues. You will need	d one or two	words for eac	h gap.		
marks	A ASSISTANT:		yo					
			2)					
	ASSISTANT: CUSTOMER:		3)	are you:	•			
		Are you OK to	· ·					
	CUSTOMER:	Yes I'm just (nere: 1)	thanks				
		Do you need a		, ciiaiiks.				
	C 73515171.VI.	No. it's OK. I'	m being ⁽⁵⁾		. thanks.			
	CUSTOMER:			••••••••••				
						see if they fit		
		Excuse me. I'c	l like to ⁽⁶⁾		these jeans to	see if they fit. of the shop.		
	D CUSTOMER:	Excuse me. I'c Sure. The ⁽⁷⁾ Do you want		tis along the	these jeans to ere at the back	see if they fit. of the shop.		
	D CUSTOMER: ASSISTANT: E ASSISTANT:	Excuse me. I'c Sure. The (7) Do you want No, I think I'l Yes, these trou	l like to ⁽⁶⁾ this red jumper as wo	is along the	these jeans to ere at the back nks.	of the shop.		
core	D CUSTOMER: ASSISTANT: E ASSISTANT: CUSTOMER:	Excuse me. I'c Sure. The (7) Do you want No, I think I'l Yes, these trouthem.	this red jumper as wo	is along the ell? it, that	these jeans to ere at the back nks.	of the shop.		

Food

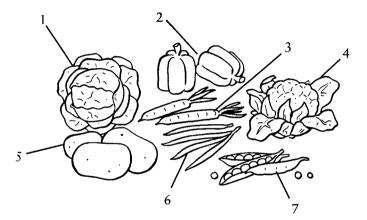
18. Label the food.

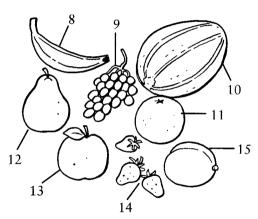
-arks

1	
2	
4	
5	
6	
7	

8
9
10
11
12
13
14

15 ..





58.2 Complete these sentences with a suitable word. The first letter of the missing word is given.

8 marks

1	There are four vegetables I really hate: peppers, courgettes, m and
	a
2	We had a delicious salad of tomato, cucumber and l
3	The dessert was fresh fruit: there was a large bowl of strawberries, peaches,
	c and p
4	I'm always ill if I eat certain shellfish like shrimps, o or
	m
5	I'm a vegetarian, so I don't eat beef, pork, lamb or v

58.3 Are these sentences true or false? If they are false, correct them.

7 marks

- 1 Lobster is a kind of fruit.
- 2 Salad is usually a mixture of uncooked vegetables.
- 3 A lamb is a baby sheep; lamb is also the name of the meat of that animal.
- 4 A calf is a young pig.

our score

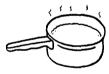
/30

- 5 Salmon is a kind of shellfish.
- 6 Oil and vinegar are often used with a green salad.
- 7 Peas, courgettes, aubergines and cucumbers are all the same colour.

59 Cooking and restaurants

59. Label the pictures with the different ways of cooking.

5 marks











59.2 Fill the gaps in these sentences with the correct noun, verb or adjective.

14 marks

- 1 You will need to put the meat in the for half an hour at 200 degrees centigrade, then reduce the temperature to 180 for the rest of the cooking time.
- 3 If you are cooking steak, you need to turn up theso that your pan really hot before you put the meat in.
- 4 When I pay for my meal, I usually leave 10% for the waiter if is not included.
- 6 The trouble with fattening food is that it makes you weight if you're not very careful.
- 7 Have you asked the waiter for the and the wine list?
- 8 I'm not very keen on curry: it's too hot and for me.
- 10 It's a very simple restaurant but the food is delicious and everything is ______made.

59.3 Complete Column 2 with a word that is the opposite of the word in Column 1. The first one has been done for you.

Column 1		Column 2
strong coffee		weak coffee
1 tough meat		meat
2 fatty meat		meat
3 sweet oranges	is/are the opposite of	oranges
4 tasteless food		food
5 cooked onions		onions
6 stale bread		bread

59.4 Replace the <u>underlined</u> word(s) in these sentences with (an)other word(s) with the same meaning.

- 1 Do you always leave money for the waiter?
- 2 It's a very popular restaurant, so you may need to <u>reserve</u> a table one or two weeks <u>before</u> <u>you go there</u>.

3 Do you want a drink before the meal?

4 Have you already paid the money for the meal?

Your score

/30

60

= marks

60 Town and country

Complete these definitions with a suitable word.

acks 1 You can borrow books or study there:

- 2 You can leave your car there with a lot of other cars:
- 3 A place with different kinds of shops, indoors or outdoors:
- 4 A place where goods (washing machines, furniture, etc.) are made:
- 5 The areas outside the city centre where people live:
- 6 An area where there are company offices and banks in a town:

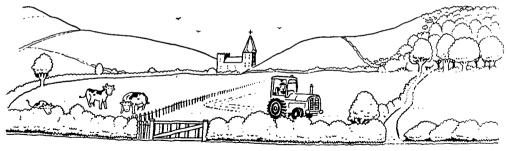
50.2 Complete the sentences using the correct form of the word on the right.

	,	
1	Some people feel that towns are too for them to live in.	NOISE
		POLLUTE
		STRESS
		CROWD
		PEACE
		SAFE
	2 3 4 5	1 Some people feel that towns are too for them to live in. 2 Generally, the countryside is less than towns. 3 Living in cities can be very for some people. 4 The countryside is much less than towns. 5 Some people enjoy the countryside more because it's 6 I always feel in town than in the countryside.

7 However, life in town is certainly more

8 Some people believe it is more ______ to live in town.

60.3 Look at the picture, then complete the text below.



Match the sentence halves.

: marks 1 There are only

/30

- 2 There is a wide range
- 3 At night there is
- 4 There are plenty of
- 5 There is a lot of
- 6 The countryside has
- 7 Living in town can be 8 The nightlife in the city is

- a much better than in the countryside.
- b very little to do in the countryside.
- c a few shops in the countryside.
- d of shops in town.
- e things to do in town.
- f pollution in town.
- g lots of open space.
- h stressful and dangerous.

EXCITE

DANGER



6 On the road

61. Label the picture, using the words in the box.

pedestrians road sign pedestrian crossing main road bend traffic lights pavement junction lorry

3

4

2

10

61.2 Look at the picture again and complete the gaps in the text to see what happened next.

11 marks

11

6 1.3 Correct the mistake in each sentence.

7 marks

- 1 Go along of this road and take the first turning on your right.
- 2 He got on the car, fastened his seat belt and drove away.
- 3 Keep go down here, until you get to the bank.
- 4 The lorry broke in the inside lane of the motorway.

/30

- 5 If you drive in the fast lane of the motorway, be careful not to break the limit of speed.
- 6 He overtake the bicycle on the bridge, which caused a serious accident.
- 7 The post office is down there turn on the left at the traffic lights.

i i i i i

62 Transport

52. # 6 marks	Label the pie	ctures. SUN TOUS 2	ROGER DELIVERY DELIVE		5
62.2	Fill the gans	in these sentences.	3	6	
8 marks	1 A: How o B: I don't 2 We wante 3 It was qui 4 A couple o 5 They have 6 I saw you 7 They've ju here in tw 8 Announce	ften do buses	he timetable. couldn't afford the y I came	ne aircar. rtunately they had to woo leaving fromnear the of our train. They not the for the earlier delay. T	valk. eleven e cinema. w say it'll be
62.3	Complete th	is table.			
l marks	Train	Plane	Taxi	Bicycle	
	driver		driver		
	drive		drive		
	get on				************
	get off				
	station		taxi rank		
62.4 5 marks	Example: The There were There was	e sentences, using the wonere are too many cars, here are too many veh	buses and taxis or nicles on the roa g for the bus.	the road.	VEHICLES
		always arrive on time.			PUNCTUAL
	3 Take this l Take this l	ous, then get on another ous, then n did you pay for your t	one at Golden Sc	quare.	
our score	How mucl	h			? FARE
/30		e no places left on the b			FULL

63 Work: duties, conditions and pay

63.1 Put the words in these questions in the correct order.

4 marks

- 1 living do do what for you a?
- 2 you do much how earn?
- 3 tax you pay do have income to?
- 4 much do get holiday you how?
- 5 overtime in you do work job have to your?
- 6 pay you do holiday get?
- 7 pay get sick you do?
- 8 your what involve does job?

63.2 Match the questions above with the answers below.

4 marks

- a Yes, if we are very busy.
- b Yes, up to six months' full salary.
- c £40,000 per year.
- d Yes, I pay 40% a year to the government.
- e I deal with overseas clients, mainly.
- f 28 days.
- g I work for an international bank.
- h Yes, it's included in my salary.

63.3 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words or phrases with a suitable alternative.

6 marks

- 1 I must leave I have to go to a very important meeting.
- 2 My wife is in charge of about twenty workers in her department.
- 3 How long have you been managing this shop?
- 4 I quite often have to work overtime, but I don't mind, because I'm paid for it.
- 5 My job involves meeting clients and advising them on their financial problems.
- 6 Could you tell me what your duties are?

63.4 Match the words and phrases on the left with those on the right.

6 marks

- 1 to work flexi-time 2 to run a business
- 3 to have a nine-to-five job
- 4 to do paperwork
- 5 to do shiftwork
- 6 a salary
- d to m
- c money you earn every month/year

b to work regular daytime hours

- d to manage or be responsible for a company
- e to do routine work such as writing letters, filling in forms

a working at different times: days one week, nights the next

f to be able to start and finish work at different times each day

63.5 Correct the ten mistakes in these sentences. (Sentences 1 and 6 both have two mistakes.)

10 marks

- 1 I'm builder and I work to a big company in the city of London.
- 2 Unfortunately, I haven't got a work at the moment, but I hope to find one soon.
- 3 I work on a hospital in the X-ray department.
- 4 What your job involves, exactly?
- 5 I have to deal the delivery problems in my company.

Your score

- 6 I make a lot of paperwork, which involves fill in a lot of forms.
- 7 I am pay a very good salary.
- 8 I have to advice clients a lot in my job.



Jobs

K	1	8	What	iche		Action o	مسمحا الم	٠,
\supset	4.	8	wnat	10DS	are	aerine	a nere	::

3 marks

- 1 Someone who teaches in a university, but is not a professor.
- 2 Someone who plans the building of roads, bridges, machines, etc.
- 3 Someone who is a doctor for animals.
- 4 Someone who makes things with wood.
- 5 Someone who fits water pipes, bathrooms, etc.
- 6 Someone who looks after your teeth.
- 7 Someone who controls the financial situation of individuals and companies.
- 8 Someone who fits and services electrical things.

64.2 What do the people in these jobs do? Fill the gaps with a suitable verb. The first letter has been given to you.

- 1 Doctors t..... patients.
- 2 Lawyers a..... and represent people with legal problems.
- 3 Nurses l...... patients in hospital.
- 4 Surgeons o..... on people.
- 5 Mechanics r..... cars.
- 6 Bricklayers b..... walls.
- 7 Architects d...... buildings.
- 8 Brokers b...... and s..... stocks and shares.

64.3 Identify the jobs of these people and the organisations they work for. Look at the example.











Example:				
2 pilot in	1	2	3	4
the air force				
64.4 Comp	lete this short text wit	h suitable words.		

6 marks

Your score

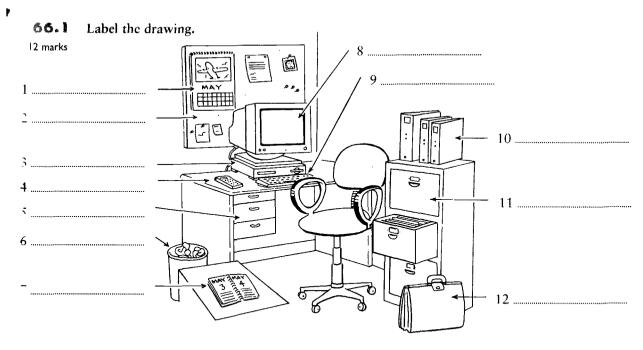
defend the country, such as soldiers and sailors, are part of the (5) forces. Firefighters and ambulance drivers are part of the (6) services.

65 The career ladder

65.1	Rewrite these sentences, using the words on the right in the correct stay the same.	form. The meaning must
A CHARLES OF THE PROPERTY OF T	1 I did a training course last week.	
	Last week I	GO
	2 The boss dismissed him when he heard about the scandal.	
	The boss	GIVE SOMEONE THE SACI
	3 She quit her job because of the long hours.	
	She	RESIGN
	4 I am now in charge of both departments.	
	I am now	RESPONSIBLE
	5 In his job he has to travel a lot.	
	His job	INVOLVE
	6 I was very well paid in my last job.	
	Ι	EARN
65.2	Decide whether the pairs of sentences have the same meaning or a	different meaning.
6 marks	1 a) They gave him a lot of training when he started in the job.	-
	b) They organised a lot of help and advice when he started the jo	ob.
	2 a) She was given a pay rise at the end of the year.	
	b) She was dismissed at the end of the year.	
	3 a) He decided it was time to take control of the sister company.	
	b) He decided it was time to take over the sister company.	
	4 a) I've been out of work for weeks.	
	b) I've been unemployed for weeks.	
	5 a) The company has decided to sack him.	
	b) The company has decided to promote him.	
•	6 a) She's going to leave and look for an easier job.	
	b) She's going to leave and look for a fresh challenge.	
7 - 3	Correct the mistake in each sentence.	
6 marks	1 I'd like to apply that job, but I don't think I'll get it.	
	2 He got a job like a manager in the shoe department.	
	3 He's going to be retire at the age of 60.	
	4 We are giving him a training to help him.	
	5 He promoted and they gave him a pay rise.	
	6 I'm looking for a half-time job but I'll take anything which is into	cresting.
65.4	Fill the gaps with a suitable word.	
6 marks	1 I didn't much money in my last job but I'm v	well paid now.
	2 He works very hard for the company and his future	
	3 I've decided to retire the age of 55.	V
	4 I've got an interesting job which working wi	th young people.
Your score	5 I've been unemployed for two months and I'm	for work.
/20	6 If I was very unhappy I would probably from	n the company and work

from home.

66 In the office and in the factory



66.2 Complete the sentences with an appropriate verb in the correct form. The first letter has been given to you.

- 1 In our office everyone w...... at a computer.
- 2 The secretary a...... phone calls from customers and a..... meetings for her boss.
- 3 My job is to s..... invoices to our customers.
- 4 The department manager sometimes has to s...... visitors round the factory.
- 5 The office assistant d...... general paperwork such as f...... reports and w...... memos.

66.3 Match the words with the correct definition.

6 marks

- 1 the things that are made in a factory to be sold
- 2 where the products are manufactured in the factory
- 3 where the products are kept when they leave the factory
- 4 the people who check the products during manufacture
- 5 the process of making goods which is done by machines
- 6 the arrangement of the factory where each worker makes part of the product, then passes it to the next worker to continue

- a assembly line
- b warehouse
- c goods
- d automation
- e the shop floor
- f supervisors

66.4 Decide if the <u>underlined</u> word is correct or not. If not, correct it.

8 marks

In my company, we ⁽¹⁾ <u>fabricate</u> children's toys. The parts of these toys are often very small, so the workers can find these toys very difficult to ⁽²⁾ <u>assemble</u>. When supervisors ⁽³⁾ <u>control</u> the goods, they have to make sure they meet the required safety ⁽⁴⁾ <u>standard</u>. It is very important when selling toys that the goods are attractively ⁽⁵⁾ <u>packeted</u>. The goods are sent to the warehouse where they are ⁽⁶⁾ <u>stored</u> until the ⁽⁷⁾ <u>retailers</u> order them. They are usually then ⁽⁸⁾ <u>carried</u> to the shops by post.

Your score

67 Business and finance

67.1	A: Match words on the	left with words on the	e right to form six	common word	partnerships
U	A: Match words on the	TELL WITH WOLDS OH THE	e fight to form six	common word	partner simps.

6 marks

1	raw	a	cut	
2	interest	b	economy	
3	tax	C	rate	
4	break	d	expenditure	
5	public	c	materials	
6	strong	f	even	

4 marks

B: Answer these questions about Part A.

- 1 Which word/phrase above is not directly related to money?
- 2 Which word/phrase above refers to a reduction?
- 3 Which word/phrase above refers to money spent?
- 4 Which word/phrase above is usually expressed as a percentage, which may go up or down?

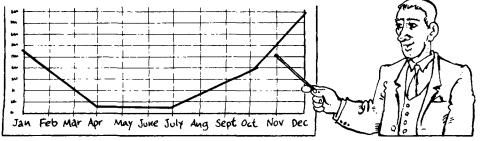
67.2 Complete these sentences. You need one word only in each sentence.

8 marks

- 2 If a company expands, it is getting

- 6 When there is a period of slow business activity, we say the economy is in
- 8 When you borrow money you have to pay to the bank.

67.3 Fill the gaps in the text. The first letter of each missing word is given, and the picture should help you as well.



The year started very	badly with a (1) s	(2) f		in sales in the first
quarter. This was large	ely due to the strength of t	he pound and very high	(3) j	
(4) r	for the business sect	or. Fortunately there wa	as an improvemen	t in the second half
of the year. Sales stop	ped ⁽⁵⁾ f	by May, they began	to ⁽⁶⁾ r	
(7) S	during the summer a	nd early autumn and th	en in November a	and December they
⁽⁸⁾ r	⁽⁹⁾ d	and left the com	npany feeling much	more optimistic
about the future. Ove	rall perhaps it had not beer	n a great year, but the c	hairman thought t	he company would
still ⁽¹⁰⁾ m	a reasonable (1	^{I)} p	on the trading	for the whole year
despite the (12) I	suffered	in the first quarter.		

Your score

68 Sales and marketing

43.1	Complete these definitions of the four Ps in the marketing mix.	
- marks	1 p = what a company makes or offers	
	2 p = what it costs to the buyer	
	3 p = ways to make it popular and well-known	
	4 p = where you sell it	
68.2	Ell also some with a suitable sound	
6 marks	Fill the gaps with a suitable word.	
o marks	 1 We'll need to look at the sales	ore they start
	5 It's the biggest company in the industry and has been market	for years.
.		
68.3	Complete each of the sentences using the correct form of the word on the rig	jht.
9 marks	1 The is very strong in this industry.	COMPETE
	2 Do they still	PRODUCT
	3 He's one of their best sales	REPRESENT
	4 She's applied for the job as manager. 5 They lost the contract to their biggest	MARKET
	•	COMPETE FASHION
	6 It has become a very product. 7 The quality is good but has been a problem.	DISTRIBUTE
	8 They're going to try a different kind of	PROMOTE
	9 Packaging is very important to nowadays.	CONSUME
	7 Tuestaging 15 very stup ortains to minimum in madayor	00.0002
68.4	Agree with each of the questions below, using words from the box.	
5 marks		
	glamorous up-to-date good value	
	luxury mass-produced reliable	
	1 A: They produce these in large numbers, don't they? B: Yes, they are	
	2 A: Do you think it was worth the money? B: Yes, it was	
	3 A: Can you trust these machines? B: Yes, they are	
	4 A: Do people still find them exciting and attractive? B: Yes, they find t	
	5 A: Are they a modern company? B: Yes, they are very	
	6 A: Do they only sell cars at the top of the market? B: Yes, only	cars.
68.5	Cross out the one word in <i>italics</i> that cannot be used in each sentence.	
5 marks		
J marks	1 You can sell, launch, compete, advertise a product.	
	2 A product can be high <i>luxury</i> , <i>status</i> , <i>quality</i> , <i>prestige</i> . 3 You can look at sales <i>forecasts</i> , <i>leaders</i> , <i>targets</i> , <i>figures</i> .	
score	4 Companies find out the needs of <i>customers</i> , <i>clients</i> , <i>containers</i> , <i>consumers</i>	
/30	5 You can talk about market share leader research department	•

69 Hobbies

69. I 12 marks	Complete the sentences with the correct verb and noun, using the pictures to he at the example first.	lp you. Look
12 marks	Example: I've played the guitar for ten years.	
	1 I've	and amount
	since I was nine.	E
	2 I learned to	Ħ
	at school.	
	3 We often	
	in the summer.	
	in the summer.	
	4 We used to	0/0000 % FEET \
	in the evening.	ر
	in the evening.	
	5 Do you a musical?	
	6 She rare old	
69.2	Complete the definitions.	
6 marks	1 You need good boots and all the right equipment for rock	•
	2 Running in a park or round the streets to keep fit is called	
	3 Walking long distances in the countryside or on hills is called	••••••
	4 A hobby is an activity you do in yourtime.	
	5 Very old objects and pieces of furniture are known as	
	6 Chess and Monopoly are both examples ofgames.	
69.3 12 marks	Rewrite these sentences. Start with the words you are given and include the wor right. The meaning must stay the same.	ds on the
	Example: She likes swimming.	
	She is keen on swimming.	KEEN
	1 He really enjoys DIY.	
	He	MAD
	2 I make all my dresses myself.	
	1	OWN
	3 We stopped it because it was just too expensive as a hobby.	
	We	GIVE U
	4 She became a member of the tennis club last year.	
	She	JOIN
	5 I very often go camping in the mountains.	15/3
Your score	I	DO
/30	I	TAKE UI
		CAUNTA C.

التنبة

/U Sport I: games, people and places

narks	Label the equipment Look at the example	first.	_	l in.		
	Example: a goal u	sed in football	i	A a		
	0000000					
	1	3	5		7	
	Q°					
	2	4	6		8	
0.2 narks	Fill the gaps with a sure of the sure of skiing. 1 I love sport. In the a lot of skiing. 2 There was a	summer I of 70 ne but the sime about 500 to cheer the plennis, the proble	0,000 for the	last game at Wem still booked five p climbed over d celebrate their 2	ableylayers in the secon the fence and ran -0 victory.	
D.3 narks	Match a word from the different sports take p		ord from the	right to find the n	ames of six places	where
	1 swimming 2 tennis 3 golf 4 rugby 5 race 6 boxing	a pitch b ring c pool d track e course f court				
).4 narks	Complete the text using Put the verbs in the co		o help you.	2 2	3	4 5.=⊙ ≫-··
core	Zanetti (1)					
30	Simeone won the ball and					
50	defenders down the right :	and crossed the bal	II for Ronaldo	to ⁽⁴⁾	a spectacular goal.	

7 | Sport 2: winning, losing and scoring

	some coid thes	the team		wall and	otball. ro voru unluci	to loon
-			e understand it		•	•
			w who			
			ch will play Re		the final.	
			, do you			
B: It fir	ished I-1, wh	nich is disap	ppointing, but p	probably a ta	air	
Rewrite th	ie sentences u	sing the wo	rds on the righ	t (in the cor	rect form) and	l without
			lso include all t			
1 Brazil b	eat Spain 2-0					
2 Holland	l beat Denmai	rk 3–2.				
	no horreson De				••••••	W
Ū			y finished 2–2.			D
	l are leading 1		•••••	•••••••••••	***************************************	
				***************************************		I.
penalty	league	lap	championsh	ip	}	
	Daylcham haa	iust been		for a la	e	on
1	becknam nas					
		nis is alread	y his third yello	ow card of the	ne season.	
	Bergkamp. Th If they win, th	ney'll impro	ve their		position fro	
2 3	Bergkamp. Th If they win, th We've just hea	ney'll impro urd from M	ve theironza that Schu	macher has	position fro	
2 3	Bergkamp. Th If they win, th We've just hea the twenty-thi	ney'll impro nrd from M ird	ve theironza that Schu	macher has the race.	position fro moved up int	o second plac
2 3 4	Bergkamp. Th If they win, th We've just hea the twenty-thi Roberto Carlo	ney'll impro ard from M ird os got the g	ve theironza that Schu	macher has the race.	position fro moved up int	o second plac
2 3 4 5	Bergkamp. The If they win, the IVE we just her the twenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Er Sampras is pla	ney'll impro nrd from M irdos os got the g ngland aying well e	ve theironza that Schu onza that Schu of oal with a won	macher has the race. derful free area.	position from	o second plac
2 3 4 5 6	Bergkamp. The If they win, the Ist the twenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Er Sampras is play Whitman alre	ney'll impronerd from Mardos got the gongland	ve theironza that Schu of oal with a won nough to win the	macher has the race. derful free area. hethat's worth	position from moved up int	o second plac
2 3 4 5 6	Bergkamp. The If they win, the Ist the twenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Er Sampras is play Whitman alre	ney'll impronerd from Mardos got the gongland	ve theironza that Schu onza that Schu of oal with a won	macher has the race. derful free area. hethat's worth	position from moved up int	o second plac
2 3 4 5 6 7	Bergkamp. The If they win, the Ist the twenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Er Sampras is play Whitman alre	ney'll improned from Mard	ve theironza that Schu onza that Schu of oal with a won enough to win the baskets and badly, but s	macher has the race. derful free area. hethat's worth	position from moved up int	o second plac
2 3 4 5 6 7 Write dow	Bergkamp. The street win, the twenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Er Sampras is play Whitman alre Hingis	ney'll imprond from Mard f	ve theironza that Schu onza that Schu of oal with a won enough to win the baskets and badly, but s	macher has the race. derful free area. .hethat's worth till managed	position from moved up int	o second place from j
2 3 4 5 6 7 Write dow 1 What co 2 What d	Bergkamp. The lf they win, the lwe ive just he at the twenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Ere Sampras is play Whitman alre Hingis	ney'll imprond from Mard f	ve their	macher has the race. derful free area. thethat's worth till managed	position from moved up int	o second place from j
2 3 4 5 6 7 Write dow 1 What co 2 What d 3 In a gar	Bergkamp. The If they win, the If they win, the Iter twenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Ere Sampras is play Whitman alres Hingis	ney'll improned from Mard	onza that Schu onal with a won enough to win the baskets and badly, but s ions. final and the formation? teams finish 2-	macher has the race. derful free area. thethat's worth till managed	position from moved up int	o second plad
2 3 4 5 6 7 Write dow 1 What co 2 What d 3 In a gar further	Bergkamp. The If they win, the If they win, the Iwenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Ere Sampras is play Whitman alrest Hingis	ney'll imprond from Mard f	onza that Schu onza that a won onough to win the baskets and onte badly, but s ons. on final and the final and the final and the final that t	macher has the race. derful free area. that's worth till managed	position from moved up int	o second place from j
2 3 4 5 6 7 Write dow 1 What co 2 What d 3 In a gar further 4 If the so	Bergkamp. The If they win, the If they win, the If they win, the If the If the If the If	ney'll imprond from Mard f	onza that Schu onal with a won enough to win the baskets and badly, but s ions. final and the formation? teams finish 2-	macher has the race. derful free area. that's worth till managed	position from moved up int	o second place from j
2 3 4 5 6 7 Write dow 1 What co 2 What d 3 In a gar further 4 If the so What is	Bergkamp. The If they win, the If they win, the Iwenty-thing Roberto Carlo outside the Ersampras is play Whitman alrest Hingis	ney'll imprond from Mard f	ve their	macher has the race. derful free area. thethat's worth till managed final? 2 after niner	position from moved up int	o second place from jume.
2 3 4 5 6 7 Write dow 1 What co 2 What d 3 In a gar further 4 If the so What is 5 In tenni	Bergkamp. The If they win, the If they win, the Iwenty-thickness to Carlo outside the Ersampras is play Whitman alreed Hingis	ney'll imprond from Mard f	onza that Schu onza that a won onough to win the baskets and onte badly, but s ons. on final and the final and the final and the final that t	macher has the race. derful free area. the that's worth till managed inal? 2 after niner re is a specia	position from moved up int moved up int sixteen	o second place from jume. ey may play find a winner called?

12 Cinema and theatre

7 7 8	Label the numbered parts in the picture with words from the box.	
- marks	2000000 . 1 HH	circle
		stage aisle
	3	curtains
	2	rows of
	4	seats
	5	

72.2 Complete these sentences and dialogues. Write one word in each gap.

2 marks

- 1 There was a of hundreds of actors in *Titanic* but the of the film, Leonardo diCaprio and Kate Winslet, both became very famous.
- 2 Steven Spielberg is the famous film who made ET and Schindler's List.
- 3 A: When you see an English film in your country, do they haveacross the bottom of the screen?
 - B: Sometimes. But a lot of the films are and have Spanish actors speaking the part in Spanish.
- 4 A: Have you seen Oliver Stone's *Platoon?*
 - B: No. What kind of film is it?
 - A: It's a film, set in Vietnam in the late 1960s.
- 5 We went to the theatre to see a by a new dramatist.
- 6 Have you seen the papers? The new Alan Parker film has got fantastic

; most of the think it is the best film he has ever made.

- 7 A: Have you seen Andrew Lloyd Webber's new? It has some great songs.
 - B: Yes, I went yesterday. The evening was fully booked but I managed to get two tickets for the matinee,
- 8 At the end of the show, the stood up and clapped.

72.3 Match adjectives on the left (often used to describe films) with the best definition on the right. 6 marks

1 moving

a exciting and very interesting

2 slow

b not serious but enjoyable

3 violent

c producing strong emotions, often of sadness

- 4 good fun
- d has a big effect on our emotions

e includes lots of scenes with fighting and death

- 5 powerful

6 gripping

f boring

72.4 What do we call the following types of film?

6 marks

/30

- 1 a film that makes you laugh
- 2 a film with cowboys
- 3 a film such as Dracula

4 a film about the future

5 a very exciting film, often including some kind of crime

6 the kind of film that often has Sylvester Stallone or Arnold Schwarzenegger

73 Music, art and literature

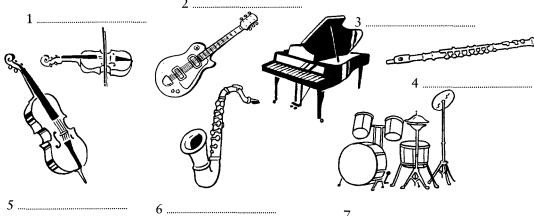
73. Circle the correct answer.

5 marks

- 1 He is a well-known composer/compositor.
- 2 Do you like classic/classical music?
- 3 Have you seen the latest exhibition/exposition?
- 4 Do you play a music/musical instrument?
- 5 I've never heard of him. Is he a very well-known sculpture/sculptor?

73.2 Label these musical instruments.





73.3 What do we call ...

12 marks

- 1 ... a person who writes symphonies or concertos?
- 2 ... a person who writes novels?
- 3 ... a person who writes poems?
- 4 ... a person who writes plays?
- 5 ... the very large group of musicians that includes string and wind instruments?
- 6 ... the person who stands in front of and leads this large groups of musicians?
- 7 ... music played by people such as Louis Armstrong and Miles Davis?
- 8 ... music played by people such as The Spice Girls or Robbic Williams?
- 9 ... a pop star who is not part of a group?
- 10 ... a painting of a person?
- 11 ... a painting of part of the countryside?
- 12 ... a painting that is not realistic?

73.4 Fill the gaps in these sentences.

... 6 marks

- 2 A: If you go to the National, you'll see some marvellous paintings by Rembrandt.

Your score

/30

- 3 Her novels are a bit too long for me, but I have read a couple of herstories.



Newspapers

2	Complete this text with suitable words.	
1 marks	Magazines are usually weekly or monthly, but most newspapers are (1)	, in other words
	they are (2)every day. Some are called (3)	
	they are small in size and tend to have more pictures and shorter articles. The more s	erious papers, larger in
	size, are called the (4) or the quality press.	
0 marks	Rewrite the sentences using the words on the right in the correct form. T stay the same.	The meaning must
	1 The magazine is published every week.	
	The magazine	COME OUT
	2 Five million people read that paper.	
	The paper	. CIRCULATION
	3 I read in one paper that they're getting married.	
	It	SAY
	4 But I read in another paper that they have no plans to marry.	
	They have no plans to marry,	ACCORDING
	5 There isn't much about other countries in the paper.	
	There isn't much	. FOREIGN
74. 3 8 marks	Replace the <u>underlined</u> words in the headlines below with words from the same meaning.	ne box that have the
	row bid talks key cut back hit quit	
2 New	argument over job scheme 5 Transport Minister to resign soon	ployment is the portant issue, s union PT TO GO ROUND OT AIR BALLON
74.4 8 marks	Fill the gaps with a suitable word.	WWW (VON) YOU AT LOT
O marks	1 Did you see the in this morning's paper? It said N 2 Most of the are employed by the newspaper, but	EW HOPE FOR PEACE.
	work and may write for several papers.	there are some who
	3 The newspaper hasn't been doing very well lately, so the owner has dec	cided to put in a
	new to see if he can turn things round and impro	ve sales
	4 The film of <i>The Times</i> gave his new film a really	
	in yesterday's paper.	500 u
	5 Where is the weather in this newspaper?	
ur score	6 There was a funny in the paper today: a picture of	of the Prime Minister
/30	with two heads, and one head is saying to the other, 'Yes, I completely	

75 Television

dish

75.1 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

terrestrial

4 marks

	In Britain you have to have a TV (1) and the money from it pays for the BBC. BBC I
,	and BBC 2 are (2) channels, but if you have a satellite (3), you
	can get satellite TV like Sky. Some people prefer to have (4)

cable

75.2 Complete the definitions with a suitable word. The first letter has been given.

licence

8 marks

- 4 A programme about a social or political situation which is in the news at the moment: a c...... programme.

- 7 A programme in which people have to answer questions or play games to win a prize: a q...... show.
- 8 A programme where a presenter talks to famous people about their lives and careers: a c....... show.

75.3 Complete the questions in the dialogue below.

8 marks

- 1 A: What tonight?
 - B: Well, there's an interview with the Prime Minister on BBC 1 and there's a Robert de Niro film on ITV.
- 2 A: What the film?
 - B: At 10.30 after the news.
- 3 A: How long?
 - B: About two hours, I think. Oh, I forgot! There's football on Channel 5 at 7.00 it's Manchester United versus Barcelona.
- 4 A: Is?
 - B: No, I think it's just the recorded highlights the match is in the afternoon.

75.4 Correct the mistake in each sentence.

10 marks

- 1 If your television isn't working, perhaps you have forgotten to plug it.
- 2 Oh, dear, this is such a boring film look, the news is about to start on the other chann: Could you turn down?

Your score

- 3 Turn the TV up, will you the children are trying to go to sleep.
- 4 Don't turn the TV on I'm watching it.
- 5 The baby loves the TV. She's always trying to switch it down.

76 On the phone

7 / §	Correct the mistakes in these telephone conversations. There are 3 mistakes in the first and
arks	5 in the second. 1 A: Hello. B: Are you Susan? A: Yes. B: Oh hi. I am Maria. A: Hello, Maria. How are you? B: Thank you. And you?
	2 A: Hello? B: Hello. Is it Mr Fantini? A: Yes, I am speaking. B: Oh good morning. Here is Pierre Kaufmann. I tried to phone earlier, but the line was occupied. A: Yes. I did a lot of calls this morning.
76.2	Fill the gaps in these sentences with the correct word.
: marks	 When I got home last night there were four messages on my
7 6.3	
12 marks	Complete the phrases in these telephone conversations. 1 A: Hello? B: Oh could I speak to Alex? A: Sorry, there's no Alex living here. I think you've got
	B: Yes, I'd like to speak to the manager. A: Who's calling, please?

 $\sqrt{30}$

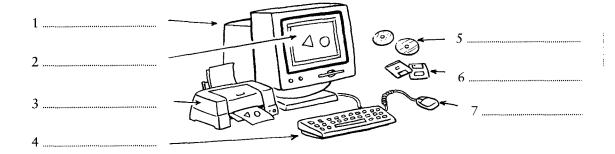
B: My name is Errington – James Errington.

A: Right, Mr Errington, if you could hold the line, I'll see if he's busy. ... Uh Mr Ratcliffe can speak to you now Mr Errington. I'll just through.

77 Computers

77.1 Label the items in the picture.

7 marks



77.2 Match the verbs on the left with an appropriate word on the right. Use each word once only

5 marks

1 to operate	a a new document	
2 to click	b a computer	
3 to open	c data	
4 to save	d a back-up copy	
5 to make	e on an icon	

77.3 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

9 marks

	virus	memory	save	print	laptop	cut	crash	сору	paste
1	If you	click on		, the co	mputer wil	l store th	ne data for	you.	
		elick on							•
		click on							
4	4 If you click on, it will put in something you wanted to move.								
5	If you click on, you can get a paper copy.								
		omputer has						oblem, it c	ould
		computer is							
8	If you v	want to work	on a plan	ne or train	, you need	to use a		COI	mputer.

77.4 Are these sentences true or false? If they are false, change them to make them true.

9 marks

- 1 Many business people use word processing to arrange numbers and financial informatic
- 2 A graphics program helps you to produce symbols and pictures.
- 3 People who are computer-literate find computers hard to use.
- 4 You can send e-mail via the Internet.
- 5 Hardware is the program you need to work the machine.
- 6 If your machine is user-friendly, it is easy for a beginner to use.

Your score

- 7 A database lets you look at and change around a lot of information quickly.
- 8 It's easy to take the hard disk out of the computer.
- 9 If your computer has a bug, there is a problem with the software.

ألقطنه

Education: school

78.1	Complete this description of a typical school education in many parts of Britain.
8 marks	Age
	3 Some children go toschool.
	5 Everyone starts school.
	11 Children go on toschool. Some of these are called grammar schools,
	others are calledi.e. with mixed ability.
	16 By law, children can a job,
	but many at school for two more years.
	18 If they pass their exams, many to university.
78.2	True or false? If the sentence is false, change it to make it true, using the space below.
6 marks	1 In England public schools are the same as state schools.
	2 Children at school are called 'pupils'.
	3 In British schools PE is short for 'practical education'.
	4 In Britain, the academic year is usually divided into two terms.
	5 The working day is divided into lessons, with morning and afternoon breaks.
	6 The plan for each day's work is called the school schedule.
7 8.3	Correct the mistake in each sentence.
8 marks	1 I'd like to go to the university to study medicine.
	2 Economics are very difficult to understand.
	3 Physic is not a popular subject.
	4 I'm not interested in politic.
	5 She was tired after her lesson so she went to the bed.
	6 How many subjects did you make at school?
	7 She went out of school when she was sixteen.
	8 I went to college with eighteen years.
78.4	Complete the names of eight school subjects from the letters you are given.
8 marks	1 Ge
	2 Hi MONDAY TUESDAY WEDNESDAY
	3 Sc
	4 Ma
	3 Fr
	6 Mu
	7 Inf
	8 RelEdEd

/30

Education: university

79.	ž	Complete	these	definitions	of subjects	neonle study	at university.
# 4P 4	8	Complete	uicse	acminons	or subjects	Deopie Study	at unity crostly.

10 marks

- 1 the study of the human mind and people's behaviour
- 2 the study of how buildings are designed and constructed 3 the study of the activities of government
- 4 the study of theories about existence, knowledge and thought
- 6 the design and building of machines, roads and bridges
- 7 the study of how to treat illness and injuries
- 8 the study of farming: producing crops and keeping animals
- 9 the study of the rules of a country
- 10 the study of the way society is organised

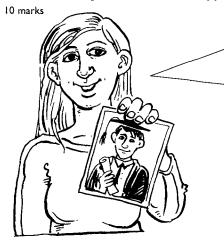
79.2 Write the abbreviations in full. Look at the example first.

4 marks

Example: MPhil stands for Master of Philosophy

- 1 BA stands for
- 2 BSc stands for
- 3 MA stands for
- 4 PhD stands for

79.3 Complete the text with appropriate verbs in the correct form.



When he was 8, my brother's main ambition in life was to (1)..... to university. He was very hard-working and (2) well at school. He (3) three 'A' levels at the age of 18, and fortunately he them all. In fact, he got such high marks that he managed to (5)...... a place at a very good university, where he decided to (6)..... biology. The course (7)..... three years, and at the end he (8)...... a very good degree. As a result, he got the chance to go on to postgraduate studies, and he is now (9) research at Bristol University. Last month he was asked to (10)...... a lecture to a group of young doctors.

79.4 Are these sentences true or false? If they are false, correct them.

6 marks

- 1 A grant is the money some students receive from a government to pay for education, food and accommodation.
- 2 A graduate is someone who has not yet finished their first degree.
- 3 An MA is a degree that you get on an undergraduate degree course.
- 4 At university the people who teach you are called lecturers. 5 Tuition is the cost of the teaching of your course.

6 A postgraduate is a second degree course.

82

LL ST

$80\,$ Law and order

80.1 Complete the definitions using words in the box.

7 marks

jury attorney defendant trial judge barrister accused

- 1 This is what takes place in a court of law. A
- 2 The person charged with the crime. The or the
- 4 The 12 people who listen to evidence and decide if the person is guilty. The
- 5 The person who decides what sentence a criminal will have. The

80.2 Correct the mistakes in the underlined parts of the sentences.

7 marks

- 1 If you make something illegal, you can get into trouble with the police.
- 2 If the police believe you have done something wrong, they will make question you.
- 3 If they know for sure that you did something, they will be charged with the crime.
- 4 The police may know the person responsible, but it can be hard to prove it on court.
- 5 Defendants have to prove that they have not guilty.
- 6 Before they decide, the jury have to <u>listen to all the evidences</u>.
- 7 At the end of the try, they decide if the person is innocent or not.

Rewrite the sentences using the words on the right (in the correct form) and without changing the meaning. You must also include all the information from the first sentence.

80.4 Complete these sentences with a suitable word.

6 marks

Your score $\sqrt{30}$

8 | Crime

81.1 Complete these sentences using a word from the box.

6 marks

	theft	robbery	murder	rape	shoplifting	burglary	
1	He wa	s sent to pris	on for		after a seri	es of sexual a	ttacks on women
2	There	was a bank	***************************************	he	re last week – th	ey got away v	with over £1 milli
3	The		happen	ed during	g the night while	he was away	. They broke into
	the liv	ing room and	l took all the	electrica	l goods.	·	•
4					st common crim	es in our coui	ntry today.
5	The po	olice found a	dead body, h	out they d	lon't know if it s	was an accidei	nt or
	•		•	•			partment store, the
		vere wearing				1	,

81.2 Complete the table with the correct word in each space.

6 marks

Crime	Criminal	Crime	Criminal
theft		rape	
robbery		shoplifting	
murder		burglary	

81.3 Replace the <u>underlined</u> word or phrase with a single word.

9 marks

- 1 The action was against the law, and fortunately he was arrested immediately.
- 2 The child <u>took</u> the sweets when the shop assistant wasn't looking.
- 3 To protect your jewellery, it's a good idea to get a <u>strong metal box which is hard to open</u>.
- 4 We've had a lot of crime in our area, so we've decided to fit a burglar alarm.
- 5 The police prefer to stop crime before it happens.
- 6 You shouldn't walk about at night on your own; it's dangerous.
- 7 He pulled out a knife in an attempt to protect himself from attack.
- 8 If you want to protect your home and land, you should ask the police for advice.
- 9 Are the police permitted to carry guns in your country?

81.4 Fill each gap with a suitable word.

9 marks

- 1 When someone a crime, there are many victims.
- 2 The thieves the house and stole money and credit cards.
- 4 When I go on a trip, I usually wear a round my waist to put my passport and cash in.
- 5 You may need to protect at night, and some people use a mace spray.
- 6 In some countries, there is capital for certain crimes such as murder.
- 8 You have to keep to the limit when you are driving in the city.

Your score

/30

9 In some parts of town it's dangerous to go out late night on your own

L

82 Politics

82.1 7 marks	Complete these definitions. 1 A state ruled by a king or queen is a	ntatives chosen by the people is this are callede chosen by the people, e.g. Fransbelieve in this system are	nce or the UK,
82.2 4 marks	There are many political beliefs ending in '-isn down four more?	n'. One example is given, but car	n you write
	Example: conservatism		
	-	3ism	
		1ism	
82.3	Complete these sentences using the correct for	m of the word on the right	
7 marks			DITE HAVE
/ marks	1 He has always held very stronghim?	•	BELIEVE ELECTION
	3 He's the finest of his ge	neration	POLITICS
	4 I don't agree with their		ECONOMY
	5 It was a decision.	poney.	DEMOCRACY
	6 Why does it always become a	argument?	POLITICS
	7 People are still asking the question: who		GOVERNMENT
82.4 8 marks	Complete this text with one word for each gap).	
	The (1) Minister of	⁽⁵⁾	ould be as low
	Great Britain has just announced that the general	as ten, and some people are predict	
	election will now be	closer race. There is general agreen	nent that the
	(2) in four weeks	government has been successful wi	
	time. Most people still believe he will win again,	(6) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	but it could be close this time. Four years ago his party won 58% of the	unfortunately the economy is still in it doesn't improve, there is a possib	
	(3) and that gave	government may even lose the	mity that the
	them over 200 seats in	(7)	t is certainly a
	(4) which is fifty	wonderful opportunity for the	
	more than all the other parties combined. This	⁽⁸⁾ of	the opposition
	time analysts believe the	to achieve her greatest ambition.	
82.5	Fill the gaps with a single word.		
4 marks	1 A: Is Deborah very extreme in her political	viewe	
	B: No, she has always been very middle of t		
	2 Which party is power at the		
Your score	3 It has become quite a right		Brian has
/ 30	always stayed the left of th		

83 Bureaucracy

8 marks	1 identity	5 exam	(
	2 birth	6 enrolment	form card			
	3 driving	7 landing	certificate			
	4 application	8 TV	licence			
83.2	What are these forms and document	ss? (Many of them are from 83.1.)				
6 marks	1 You fill this in when you are write	-				
		on a plane) when you enter another cou	ıntry.			
	3 This is put in your passport and g another country.	gives you permission to enter, pass through	gh or leave			
	4 This card has your name on it and					
		re you start a course, e.g. if you study Er	nglish at a			
	language school.	ember of a particular club or organisation	2			
	o This card states that you are a me	amber of a particular club of organisation	1.			
83.3	Fill the gaps with the best word in the	hese sentences.				
4 marks	1 A: I've got a ten-year passport but	t it in two months' t	ime.			
	B: But you're planning to go to V					
	A: Yes, I am, so I'd better it quickly, otherwise I'll be in trouble. 2 A: When I've completed this form, do I have to it at the bottom?					
	B: 1es, please. Put your	just there, and next to it put t	oday's date.			
934	An official is questioning someone w	who has just arrived in this country. Com	plete the			
4 marks	questions.	, ,				
	1 A:	?				
	B: July 16th, 1980.					
		?				
	B: Single.	,				
	B: I got here two days ago.	?				
	• •	?				
	B: In ten days' time. My flight is o					
83.5	In written English, the questions in 8	33.4 are often expressed differently. Com	plete these			
4 marks	expressions.					
T III CINS	1 D	2 1)				
T HIGH KS	1 Date of	3 Date of				
THE NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	2 Marital	4 Date of				
83.6	2 Marital Find words on the right that have th					
•	2 Marital Find words on the right that have th 1 fill in a stand in line	4 Date of				
83.6	2 Marital Find words on the right that have th	4 Date of				



War and peace

74. Replace the <u>underlined</u> words and phrases with a word from the box in the correct form. marks defend conflict territory attack invade outbreak retreat capture The (1) strong disagreement over the (2) land belonging to a country in the eastern part of Yarland has led to fighting and the (3) start of war. Yarland has now been (4) entered by force by Doeland, and the army has $^{(5)}$ taken control of the city of Lugen. The Yarlish soldiers have now $^{(6)}$ gone back as far as the border, but the Doe army is still (7) taking action to damage the city because there are still small groups of Yarlish fighters who are trying to (8) protect it. 34.2 Are the <u>underlined</u> words grammatically correct or not? If they are not correct, change them. 7 marks 1 The <u>armies</u> of many European countries contain troop who are doing military service. 2 The person in charge of the air forces in our country is a woman. 3 The two sides are now in the middle of peace talks. 4 We are hoping the <u>ceasefire</u> will last this time, so that the peace negotiations can continue. 5 We sent <u>aids</u> in the form of medicine and food supply. 84.3 What word or phrase is being defined in the sentences below? 8 marks 1 People who are prepared to take violent action to obtain a political aim. 2 People who are taken prisoner by someone who uses them to try to obtain political demands. 3 A crime which involves taking control of a means of transport (bus, train or plane) in order to get prisoners. 4 People who are not in the army or armed forces. 5 An area where there is fighting between two sides. 6 To permit a prisoner to go free. 7 An official agreement between two sides at the end of a war. 8 To fire large guns and explosives at a place. 84.4 Complete the conversations. You need one word for each gap. 7 marks 1 A: What happened to the soldiers that were taken by the other side? Are they free now? B: Yes, they were last night. 2 A: Have they got enough food to last through the winter? B: No, the situation is very bad. They have everything except rice. 3 A: Is there any news of the soldiers? B: Yes - two of them were in the fighting and they are in hospital. 4 A: What about the leader? Is he still alive? 5 A: I think they are going to propose a ceasefire. B: Yes, but I don't think the other side will to it. 6 A: You must have been very frightened. B: Yes, the soldier a gun in the air and everyone ran away. 7 A: Why did they take so many hostages? /30 B: So that they could for the release of other terrorists.

85 Pollution and the environment

85.1	Fill the gaps to	complete these defi	nitions.						
10 marks	1 The air, land 2 Dirty air, land	and water around I and water are all	us is our forms of		e earth is cai				
	, ,	3 The layer of gases which stop dangerous radiation from the sun reaching the earth is cai the							
	4 An increase in dioxide is cal	n world temperatur led	re which is						
			es is called a bottle						
85.2	Use words from	each column to m	ake sentences about how	w we should help th	e environmen:				
6 marks	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3						
	Try to	throw away waste save	aluminium cans						
	Don't	plant cut down	water						
		recycle	trees						
85.3	Complete these 1 Smoke from f 2 This is one of	sentences using the actories is	word on the right in th the atmosp	e correct form.	POLLUTION ENVIRONMEN				
			to people's health.		HARM				
			gro		CONSERVE PROTECT				
			e		DESTRUCTION				
		this radiation can waste is a b	be very oig problem.		DAMAGE INDUSTRY				
85.4 6 marks	Fill the gaps in t	hese sentences witl	n words from the box.						
O marks	factory re	sources dump	ing rain forests	fumes waste					
Your score /30	2 We need to p3 The company4 In big cities, tsmoke from	were fined for wo major sources	after naturalsuch as such as dangero dangero of pollution are car exhatching control of nuclear	the Amazon. ous chemicals straig	ht into the sea.				

86 Air travel

9. E	Replace the underli	ned words with another wor	d or phrase					
-arks	-	Replace the <u>underlined</u> words with another word or phrase. 1 The plane's engines started up, and it began to <u>move slowly</u> from the airport building						
!	towards the runv	•	move slowly from the airport building					
		•	omeone shouted from inside.					
			k took his <u>suitcases</u> and checked his ticket.					
		ants were extremely helpful a						
		Athens, we decided to <u>rent</u> a						
	3							
36.2	Match a word from	the left with a word from th	e right to form eight compound nouns.					
3 marks	1 seat	a building						
	2 seat	b card						
	3 airline	c luggage						
	4 boarding	d locker						
	5 terminal	e representative						
	6 hand	f number						
	7 overhead	g baggage						
	8 excess	h belt						
	o excess	n ben						
86.3	Complete the senter	ices using a suitable verb.						
9 marks	1 The customs office	er mv pa	assport and gave it back to me. I					
	1 The customs officer my passport and gave it back to me. I through to the departure lounge.							
	2 A: Do you know							
	B: Yes, the plane off at six in the evening and just							
	after ten o'clock.							
	3 Ladies and gentlemen: would you please your seat in the upright							
	position andyour seat belt. Please extinguish all cigarettes. Thank you.							
	4 Our flight today will take us over the coast of France and the Bay of Biscay and we will be							
	at a height of 9000 metres.							
	5 Unfortunately I had to excess baggage and it cost me a fortune.							
	6 I thought my case was only 15 kg, but when theyit, it was 23 kg.							
86.4	Complete the questi	ons.						
8 marks			lecting your luggage. You see an official					
	walking down the	e corridor towards you. Wha	t do you ask?					
		way is						
			ou are flying American Airlines. What do					
		s you get into the terminal b						
			American Airlines?					
			ting waiting for two hours. Finally, your					
		flight is called and you run to the plane. When you get there, you realise your camera is						
		ere sitting. What do you say t						
	Oh, dear, I think		lounge.					
Your score		port to meet a friend who is a	irriving from Morocco. When you see them,					
/30	what do you ask?							
, 50	Did	fli	ght?					

87 Hotels

87.1 Complete these descriptions of hotel accommodation. 💥 8 marks 1 A room for one person with one bed is called a 2 A room for two people with one large bed is called a 3 A room for two people with two beds is called a 4 If you have breakfast, lunch and dinner, it is called 87.2 Answer these questions about hotel accommodation in the United Kingdom. 4 marks 1 If a hotel tells you that the room is ensuite, what does that mean? 2 If you decide to have half board at a hotel, what meals are included? 3 If you stayed in a four-star hotel, would it be cheap or expensive? 4 What does B&B stand for? 87.3 Complete these conversations with the correct word. 14 marks 1 GUEST: I'm leaving in ten minutes, so could I pay my, please? RECEPTIONIST: Yes, of course. 2 GUEST: Is breakfast in the price of the room? RECEPTIONIST: No, I'm afraid breakfast is extra. GUEST: _____ me. How do I _____ to the centre from 3 here? RECEPTIONIST: Turn right outside the hotel and just keep walking for about ten minutes. 4 GUEST: Are you fullynext week? RECEPTIONIST: Yes, I'm afraid we are, sir. It's the middle of the tourists all the hotels are very busy. 5 GUEST: Do you have a? RECEPTIONIST: I'm sorry sir, we only have the stairs, but I'll take your luggage up for you 6 RECEPTIONIST: Oh I'm terribly sorry. I'll get someone to look at it. GUEST: Thank you. Could they also look at the shower? I think there is something with it. The water pressure is very low. 7 GUEST: I'd like to leave for the airport in about ten minutes. Could you a taxi for me? RECEPTIONIST: Yes, of course. 8 RECEPTIONIST: Do you already have a reservation? GUEST: Yes, I a room three weeks ago. GUEST: What do I have to do when I arrive? RECEPTIONIST: Just check in at when you get to the hotel. 10 GUEST: Could you give me an early morning, please? RECEPTIONIST: Yes, of course. What time? GUEST: We had an excellent waiter, so I gave him a £10 11 87.4 What are these people called in a hotel? 4 marks 1 The person who works behind the desk as you enter the hotel. 2 The person who carries luggage to your room. Your score

30

4 The person who cooks the meals in the restaurant.

3 The person who cleans the rooms.

() () 11211

88 A sightseeing holiday

RR, I	Complete the questions in the dialogue in a suitable way, writing one word for each space. A: Oh, hi, Bill. How was your holiday? Did you (1)					
38 .2	Put the letters in the correct order and use the words to label the pictures.					
8 marks	celaap sleact , rat largely chrealdat .					
	uttsae tannoufi karmte plmtce					
	1					
	2					
	3 7					
79.3	Which words are being defined here?					
* marks	1 If a place is very crowded and full of people, we can say it is					
	2 If a place has too many tourists, people call it					
	4 A book which gives you a lot of tourist information about a place is a					
	6 Ancient buildings such as temples, castles and palaces are					
	7 If a place has a lot of people from different countries and cultures, it is					
	if a place has a for or people from different countries and cultures, it is					
88.4	Put an appropriate verb in the correct form in the gaps.					
3 marks	After two weeks in Rome, we spent the last two days in Palermo. We decided to (1)					
score	the next day, we thought it would be better to (3) on a sightseeing tour, which we did.					
/30	Anyway, it was the end of a great holiday and we really (4) ourselves. I think another time it					
	WINDLE DE WOTTE (*/ 2 MAAK AF TWA TOARA					

89 On the beach and in the country

89.1 Complete the gaps. The first letter of each word has been giv	89.1	Complete the gaps. The fi	rst letter of each	word has been give	n.
--	------	---------------------------	--------------------	--------------------	----

12 marks

Dear Jackie,
We're having a wonderful time! We have found a great (1)p to stay
here in the south of Spain, and we have (2)ra villa with a view of
the sea. The children are particularly enjoying being at the (3)sand
we are (4)s, which has
beautiful golden (6)s
yesterday while he was (7)s, but he hadn't put any
(8)s on, so he got
(10)snearby, where
there are some nice fish restaurants and the chance to do (12)v
water sports such as windsurfing and water skiing. Brilliant!
See you soon.
love, Elspeth

89.2 Put the words in these sentences in the correct order.

5 marks

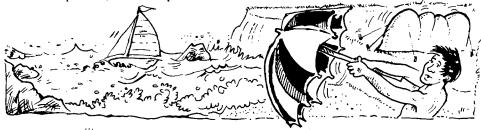
1	a	we	the	go	evenin	ıgs	stroll	for	in			
2	at	get	it	very	to	is	difficult		away	weekend	ds	
3	Ţ	to	my	up	and	prefer	noth	ning	put	feet	do	
4	enjoy	1	really	they	the	and	I	quie	t peac	e th	ink	
5	are	pic	nic	we	countrys	ide	have	a	going	the	in	to

5 marks Now match the questions below with a suitable answer from 1-5 above.

- a Do you like active or relaxing holidays?
- b Have you got any plans for today?
- c Why do they spend so much time in the countryside?
- d Why don't you come down to the seaside and stay with us on Saturday?
- e What do you do after dinner?

89.3 Look at the picture, then complete the text.

8 marks



The man	ı with the ⁽¹⁾	is having problems because it is a very
(2)	day. In fact, it is so strong it could blov	v his $^{(3)}$ away too.The sea i
very ⁽⁴⁾	and there are big ⁽⁵⁾	breaking onto the shore.The
(6)	is moving dangerously near to the $^{(7)}$	in the sea, just below the
(8)		

90 Time

1	July	6		2006
2	9 .0 0	7		the evening
3	Fridays	8		Christmas
	the afternoon			the last day of t
5	the weekend	10		December 25 th
Are the unc	lerlined words correct or r	not? If they are in	correct, change	e them.
1 I'll wait]	by he arrives, and then I'll	go.		
2 Have you	i seen her <u>since</u> we last me	et?		
	iown her <u>during</u> a very lor			
	nained calm <u>throughout</u> th			
	the appointment during n			
	g him <u>for</u> about a week's t			
	her uncle for the first time			
8 I hope to	get to your house by 7.00) at the latest.		
Complete th	ne dialogue using the word	ds or phrases in t	he box.	
				ال المرام ملم
for ages	for the time being	a long time ago	recently	the other day
seen her	Emma these days? We had (1) Portugal on business. Luck		few times last	month, but I ha
seen her B: She's in I A: Have you B: Yes, but	Portugal on business. Luck a ever been there?	ky her! . It was before Sa	m was born an	
seen her B: She's in I A: Have you B: Yes, but he's near	Portugal on business. Luck a ever been there? (2) ly ten now. I haven't been — it's yea	. y her! It was before Sa anywhere interes	m was born an	id O
seen her B: She's in I A: Have you B: Yes, but he's near (3) to have I	Portugal on business. Luck a ever been there? ly ten now. I haven't been — it's yea	. y her! It was before Sa anywhere interes	m was born an	id O
seen her B: She's in I A: Have you B: Yes, but he's near (3) to have I A: How's yo	Portugal on business. Luck a ever been there? ly ten now. I haven't been — it's yea Emma's job. bur job going?	. Ay her! It was before Sa anywhere interes rs since I've been	m was born an iting abroad. I'd lov	id ve
seen her B: She's in I A: Have you B: Yes, but he's near (3) to have I A: How's yo B: Well, it's	Portugal on business. Luck a ever been there? (2) ly ten now. I haven't been – it's yea Emma's job. our job going? OK (4)	. ky her! It was before Sa anywhere interes rs since I've been, but if anyth	m was born an ting abroad. I'd lov ning better cam	de up, I'd apply f
seen her B: She's in I A: Have you B: Yes, but he's near (3) to have I A: How's yo B: Well, it's	Portugal on business. Luck a ever been there? ly ten now. I haven't been — it's yea Emma's job. bur job going?	. ky her! It was before Sa anywhere interes rs since I've been, but if anyth	m was born an ting abroad. I'd lov ning better cam	de up, I'd apply f
seen her B: She's in I A: Have you B: Yes, but he's near (3) to have I A: How's yo B: Well, it's A: There wa	Portugal on business. Luck a ever been there? (2) ly ten now. I haven't been — it's yea Emma's job. our job going? OK (4) as a great job advertised in	. It was before Sa anywhere interes rs since I've been, but if anyther the paper (5)	m was born an ting abroad. I'd lov ning better cam	de up, I'd apply f
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91 Numbers

91.1	How do you	say these number	s in English?	Write your answ	ers after each one.
40° 3' 3 B	TIOW GO YOU	say these number	a iii wiigiiaii.	Witte your answ	cis airei each ones

16 marks

Example: 384 three hundred and eighty-four

	_	
1	212	
2	5330	
3	3,450,000	
4	4.5	
5	0.75	
6	6.05	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$	
8	$1\overline{2}\frac{1}{4}$	
9	$1\frac{1}{3}$	
10	14 March	
11	August 21	
	1998	
13	1910	
14	53%	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
15	603 3579 (p	hone number)
	-10°	

91.2 There are four basic processes in arithmetic. The first one has been given, but what are the other three?

1	+	=	addition
2	-	=	

91.3 %_6 marks

Using only the numbers and symbols in the box, write out the calculations which produce the answers for each number below. There may be more than one way of calculating an answer, but you only need to provide one correct answer in each case.

E.	xample: tight times twelve is	٠.
1		
2		-
3		-
4		. 6.
5		5
6		

91.4 Fill the gaps in these sentences, one word for each gap.

5 marks

Your score

3	If a test has 30 marks and you got 21, you could say this as twenty-one	
	thirty.	

92 Distance, size and dimension

Fill the gaps in these sentences with words from the box.

- arks

|--|

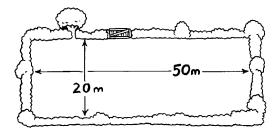
- 1 A: Is it to the station?
- B: Yes, quite a way.
- 2 A: How are you? B: A
 - B: About one metre seventy-five.
- 3 A: It'll be a way, won't it?
- B: Yes, too to walk, anyway.
- 4 A: Is it a very mountain?
- в: I've no idea.

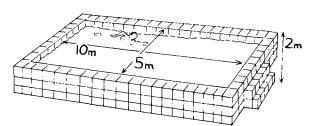
92.2 Complete the table.

4 marks

Adjective	Noun	Adjective	Noun
long		high/tall	
wide		deep	

92.3 Using nouns and adjectives from 92.2 (you cannot use the same noun or adjective more than once), write down the dimensions of the field and the swimming pool in the spaces below.





Τŀ	ne field
1	
า	

92.4 What are the opposites of the following?

6 marks

1	a tall girl – a	girl
2	a fat person – a	person

- 4 a short book a book
- 5 thin paper paper 6 deep water water
- **92.5** Fill the gaps in these sentences with a suitable word.

3 a wide road – aroad

4 marks

- 1 A: Is the bus stop near here?
 - B: Yes, it's just round the
- 2 A: Where is the nearest shop?
 - B: It's only a of minutes' walk from here.

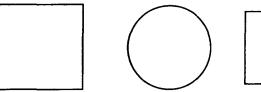
Your score

- 3 That area of town is full of high-..... buildings.
- 4 A: What shoes do you take? B: 42.

93 Shapes, colours and patterns

93.1 Label the different shapes.

8 marks





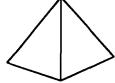
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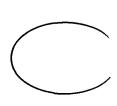












7 a

1					
t	a				•

a

8 an

93.2 Complete the sentences with the name of the colour being described.

4 marks

93.3 Describe both the pattern and the item of clothes in each of these pictures.

8 marks





1



2



3



Example: a spotted tie

93.4 Answer the questions Yes or No. If the answer is No, give the correct answer.

10 marks

- 1 Is a circular table round?
- 2 Is a right angle 180 degrees?
- 3 Does a pencil have a pointed end?
- 4 Is beige a colour between light brown and red?
- 5 If a person has a roundish face, does it mean their face is round and very small?
- 6 Is pale blue the same as light blue?
- 7 Is 'square' the adjective formed from 'square'?
- 8 Is 'circular' the adjective formed from 'circle'?
- 9 Is dark the opposite of light?
- 10 Does a heart-shaped bag look like this? -



94 Partitives (e.g. a bowl of, a piece of)

94.1 2 marks	Here are definitions of two words beginning with the letters 1 A cont is something, such as a box, that c 2 The cont are the things that you find inside	an be used for keeping things in.
94.2	Complete the descriptions under each picture.	
12 marks		0880
	1 a of shopping 5 a of beer	9 a of chocolates
		9
	2 a of sugar 6 a of coffee	10 a of milk
	3 a of flowers 7 a of soup	11 a of coffee
	4 a of water 8 a of toothpaste	12 a of cola
94.3	Fill the gaps using the words in the box. You mustn't use any	word more than twice.
0 marks	piece pair bit slice sheet bunch	
	1 We'll need another	
	10 She gave me a lovely of flowers when I w	as in hospital.
94.4 6 marks	Fill the gaps with a suitable word. 1 You left a of cigarettes on the table in the order to the control of the control	other room.
	2 I went on a sailing course and I was with a very interesting	
	3 We opened the gate and there was a great big of luc	
r score	5 She doesn't like walking through the town centre at night be	
/30	of teenagers who are looking for trouble.	
,	6 I don't know why she told us that but it was a useful	of information

95 The senses

95.1	Fill the gaps with	the correct sense we	ord from the box,	, in the correct form.
------	--------------------	----------------------	-------------------	------------------------

10 marks

look	sound	taste	feel	smell

1	I thought she was English at first, but when she spoke, she American.
2	This material is very soft; it almostlike silk.
3	Did you see those guard dogs? I didn't like the of them at all.
4	These flowers fantastic; the scent fills the whole room.
5	He said the drink was mostly orange juice, but it didn'tvery nice.
6	When I went into the kitchen there was a strong of gas.
	When he first told me, itlike a great idea, but I'm not so sure now.
8	I've just had a foot massage. Itwonderful.
9	That boyjust like my brother: the same hair and a similar-shaped face.

10 I don't like the of this soup; I think it's got too much salt in it.

95.2 Complete the sentences with the correct sense verb and a suitable adjective.

5 marks

1	This girl
2	This music
3	This bed
4	This perfume
5	This drink



95.3 Fill the gaps using verbs from the box, in the correct form.

15 marks

S	ee ———	look (at)	watch	hear	listen (to)	press	touch	hold	
1	Did	you	th:	at noise?					
2	The	re was a big r	nan standir	ig in fron	t of me so I co	uldn't	***************************************	a thing.	
3	3 I never pop music on the radio, except when I'm in the car.								
4	The	cooker gets v	ery hot, so	don't	i	it under ar	y circumst	ances.	
5	One	of the teache	ers said she	would		my letter	and correct	t it.	
6	Му	cat loves to si	it in the wii	ndow and	1	the bir	ds in the tr	ee outside.	
7	I gav	ve the instruc	tions twice,	but he si	till got them wi	ong; he w	asn't		
8			my arm and	d you wo	n't fall, I promi	ise.			
9	We v	went to the ci	inema last r	night to		. that new	comedy.		
10	I put	t my money i	n andn		that button,	, but nothi	ng happen	ed.	
11	I mu	st have		. the wall	before the pain	nt was con	npletely dry	y .	
12	If vo	ou	the c	arpet clos	selv, vou can		how	dirty it is.	

Your score

LE LE

96 Notices and warnings

04, 1	Complete the signs that are often used in these situations.						
3 marks	1 A sign telling people they are not allowed to smoke.2 A sign that a hotel guest puts on their door to tell	NO					
	hotel staff not to wake them or go into the room. 3 A sign in the window of a small hotel telling people	PLEASE DO NOT					
	that the hotel is full.	NO					
	4 A notice in a public place, e.g. an airport, asking people to stay on the right and continue on the right.	RIGITI					
	5 A notice outside a phone box telling people that it	OUT OF					
	is not working. 6 A sign people put on a gate, garage door or other						
	entrance, telling motorists not to leave their car there. 7 The sign that you follow in an airport after you get	NO					
	your luggage if you are not carrying goods you must pay duty on.	NOTHING TO					
	8 A notice on a door telling people that they cannot go through this door to leave the building.	NO					
	9 A notice outside a cinema or theatre telling people that there are no tickets left. The performance is						
	fully booked.	SOLD					
	10 Something people write on a package or parcel to tell the postman that the contents may break easily.						
96.2	Using all the words once only, make six common signs, no	etices or warnings.					
2 marks	KEEP OFF SILENCE OTHER SIDE NO PLEASE Q	· ·					
	IN PROGRESS YOUR HEAD DO NOT LEAVE EXAMIN THE GRASS BAGS UNATTENDED						
96.3	Complete the warnings.						
8 marks	1 Please do not the						
	2 Do not out of the						
	3 the						
	4 of						









97 Vague language

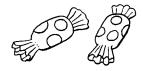
97.1	Fill the gaps in these sentences with a suitable noun.
2 marks	1 I have a vague
97.2	Put either stuff or thing in the gaps.
marks	1 (cream) Is this real or artificial?
	2 (tomato sauce) My son puts this on everything he eats.
	3 (cassette player) Does this still work?
	4 (ink) Be careful with that – it stains your hands. 5 (toy) Put that down and listen to me.
	6 (television) Could you turn that off, please? Let's have some peace.
	7 (washing up liquid) Can you pass me that please?
97.3	Replace 'thing(s)' and 'stuff' in these sentences with suitable nouns.
9 marks	1 You're not going to wear that thing, are you? It doesn't go with your shirt and tie.
	2 What's that stuff you're wearing? It smells of lavender.3 The most important thing to remember is that hotels are very busy, so book in advance.
	4 That thing is not meant as a weapon. It's for chopping vegetables, so leave it alone.
	5 Does that stuff you're taking really clear your nose and throat?
	6 I must write all these things down in my diary before I forget.
	7 She's always got so many things in her head; she really is very creative.
	8 I tried to ride that thing once but the front wheel came off.
	9 Things are going really well - I'm getting married and I've just got a new job.
97.4	There are different words in English meaning 'more or less'. Complete these sentences with
3 marks	three different ones.
	1 We had to walk five kilometres.
	2 She was twenty minutes late. 3 They're hoping to leave in half an hour.
	o They to hoping to leave in management that all hour
97.5	1 Replace the <u>underlined</u> words with a word from the box.
3 marks	thing things stuff
	A: What shall I do with this frying pan?
	B: It's dirty, isn't it?
	A: Yes.
	B: Well, could you put it in the dishwasher? It's full, so you could put it on.
	A: OK. What shall I use?
	B: Oh, the <u>detergent</u> in the bottle under the sink. It's green with a red label. A: Fine. And how long does it take?
	B: An hour. And I just want to iron a few shirts and a tie as well.
6 marks	2 Where in the dialogue could you add the following expressions?
Your score	sort of a bit roughly
/30	

98 American English

98.1 Find ten pairs of synonyms (words that mean the same) in the box, then decide which word in each pair is British English and which word is American English. Put your answers in the table below.

	lorry main road cookie elevator	term trashcan biscuit semester	gas flat dustbin movie	lift truck parking lot apartment	car park petrol highway film	
	Br	itish English		American	English	
	••••••	•••••		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
٠						

98.2 Label each of the pictures with the correct British English word. Then, under each one, write the American English equivalent.







1

2

3



4



5

98.3 Replace the American English word in *italics* in these sentences with the equivalent word used in British English for the same context.

- 1 We need to get rid of this garbage.
- 2 Are you going on vacation soon?
- 3 Put those things in the *closet*, will you?
- 4 It's quicker if you take the subway.
- 5 Be careful when you step off the sidewalk.
- 6 Could you get me a packet of chips?
- 7 I only wear an undershirt if it's really cold.
- 8 When is your daughter starting high school?
- 9 We're going to spend a few days there in the fall.
- 10 I think I'd better buy a round trip.

99 Formal and informal English

99.1	The first line in each situation below is in formal English, and the second line exp same meaning in more informal English. Fill the gaps with appropriate words, bu repeat words already used in the first sentences.					
	1 A LETTER					
	I you that we are	to offe				
	you any more					
	I am sorry to say that we can't offer you any more					
	2 SIGN IN CAFE					
	Only foodhere may be consumed on the	•				
	Only food bought here can be eaten here (in the cafe).					
	3					
	If you need any more help, please remember to , please remember t	o				
99.2	Replace the words in <i>italics</i> with a <u>less formal</u> alternative that has the same mean	ing.				
5 marks	1 This is for hotel <i>patrons</i> only.	O				
	2 I believe it is due to <i>commence</i> in ten minutes.					
	3 They've taken a break for lunch but I understand the meeting will <i>resume</i> after	wards if				
	there are further issues to discuss.	wards ii				
	4 Where was this man apprehended?					
	5 It was dark at the time, <i>thus</i> the witness was unable to identify the man.					
	5 X Was dark at the time, 1990 the Witness was unable to racitly the main					
99.3	Replace the word in italics with a less informal alternative that has the same mean	ning.				
12 marks	1 His last film was <i>terrific</i> .	U				
	2 She is one of the <i>brightest</i> students in the class.					
	3 When can I pick up the photos?					
	4 I got it for twenty <i>quid</i> in the end.					
	5 Did you manage to fix up a meeting for next week?					
	6 I'm going to the <i>loo</i> . I won't be a minute.					
	7 They should be here <i>pretty</i> soon.					
	8 Where have the <i>kids</i> gone?					
	9 This place is very <i>handy</i> for the underground.					
	10 What time do you <i>reckon</i> we should leave?					
	11 He's a very nice guy.					
	12 What time did you <i>get there</i> ?					
	12 what time did you get more.					
99.4	Rewrite these sentences in less formal English by including the words on the right	Add or				
6 marks	change any words that are necessary, but keep the meaning the same.					
ESS. O Marks	1 Would you like to go out?					
	•	TANCY				
	Do?	FANCY				
	2 We must contact them soon.	T011011				
	We	TOUCH				
Your score	3 I'm going to talk to him.	A BUADS				
	I'm going	A WORD				
/30						

00 Abbreviations and abbreviated words

100	١.	ä	What	do	these	abbreviations	stand	for?
-----	----	---	------	----	-------	---------------	-------	------

8 marks

1	UK =
2	UN =
3	BBC =
	PM =
5	MP = of
6	EU =
7	VAT =
8	asap =

100.2 Answer these questions.

6 marks

- 1 There is a special abbreviation used to describe an organisation of the countries that export oil. What is the abbreviation?
- 2 There is also an abbreviation to describe the very serious illness that develops from the HIV virus. What is it?
- 3 We use the written abbreviation *Mrs* for a married woman. What abbreviation can we also use for a woman that does not specify whether she is married or single?
- 4 The abbreviation St can have two meanings. What are they?
- 5 What written abbreviation is used for 'Doctor'?
- 6 People often talk about their PC, but what exactly are they referring to?

100.3 How would we express these written abbreviations in spoken English?

6 marks

1	etc.	= and	
2	e.g.	=	
3	i.e.	=	words

100.4 10 marks

Some English words are often shortened, e.g. 'telephone' to 'phone'. In the following sentences find other words that can also be shortened, <u>underline</u> them, and then write the short form at the end of the sentence.

Example: Could you help me with my suitcase? It's very heavy. case

- 1 When did your brother decide that he wanted to become a veterinary surgeon?
- 2 I've got a very nice photograph of the team which was taken just after they won the cup.
- 3 If I were you, I'd put an advertisement in the local paper and see what response you get.
- 4 People often say they've got influenza when, in fact, they've got nothing more than a common cold.
- 5 The trouble with our teacher is that she puts things on the blackboard then rubs it off before we've had time to write it all down.
- 6 There should be some butter on the table, but if not, get some from the refrigerator.
- 7 I think Pete must be mad to ride his bicycle through central London during the rush hour.
- 8 He's down in the laboratory, doing an experiment.
- 9 He's a sales representative for a big pharmaceutical company.
- 10 They went by aeroplane but came back in a helicopter.

Your score

/30

Answer key

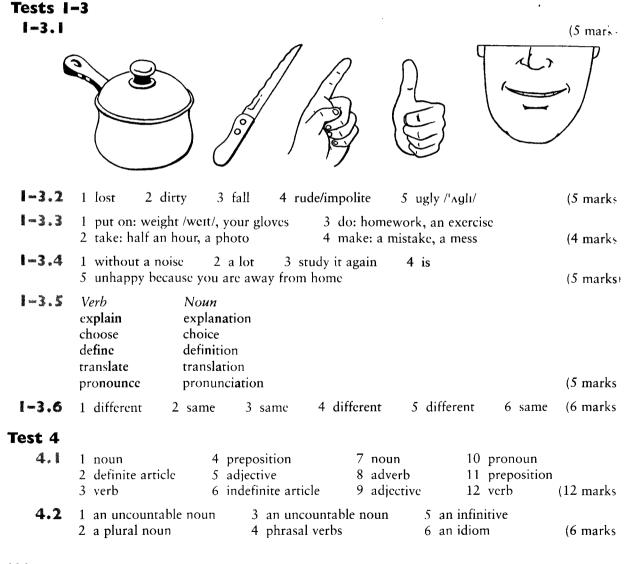
Notes on the answer key and marking

- 1 Each test has a total of 30 marks.
- 2 There is one mark for each correct answer in most exercises. Sometimes there is half a mark or two marks for each correct answer. You will find the total marks for each exercise below the exercise number on the test page, and on the right hand side in the answer key.
- 3 If two answers are given in the key (separated by a slash /), both answers are correct.

Example: Remove writing from the board = it off

Answer: rub/clean

4 Words which are particularly difficult to pronounce are given in phonetic script in the Answer key. Words which cause difficulties with word stress have the stressed syllable in **bold** print.



4.3	1 prefix 3 synonym 5 phonetic 7 stress 2 suffix 4 opposite 6 syllables (twice)	(7 marks)
4.4	1 full stop 2 question mark 3 comma 4 brackets 5 hyphen	(5 marks)
Test 5	enough /i'nxf/ – trouble /trxbl/; cough /kpf/ – hot; diet /'daiət/ – island /'ailənd/; since /sins/ – opposite /'ppozit/; police /pp'lits/ – machine /mo'fitn/; accent /'æksont/ – palace /'pælis/; potato /pp'teitəu/ – razor /'reizə/; calm /karm/ – fast /farst/	(8 marks)
5.2	1 prefer 3 organise 5 machine 2 understand 4 hyphen 6 competition	(6 marks)
5.3	1 /rist/ 3 /'pnist/ 5 /bpm/ 7 /'faisən/ 9 /'krisməs/ 2 /ail/ 4 /nii/ 6 /'hænsəm/ 8 /naif/	(9 marks)
5.4	1 isl@nd /'aɪlənd/ 4 cin@m@ /'sɪnəmə/ 7 pil@t /'paɪlət/ 2 sciss@rs /'sɪzəs/ 5 raz@r /'reɪzə/ 3 p@tatoes /pɔ'teɪtəʊz/ 6 bac@n /'beɪkən/	(7 marks)
Test 6		
6.1	1 video cassette 3 photocopier 5 overhead projector 2 pencil sharpener 4 cassette recorder 6 hole punch	(6 marks)
6.2	1 look it up 3 rub/clean 5 turn it up 2 borrow 4 repeat 6 swap	(6 marks)
6.3	You put an OHT on an OHP. You put a plug /plag/ in a socket. You use chalk /tfo:k/ to write on a board. You put a file /fail/ in a briefcase.	(8 marks)
5.4	1 down 2 plug 3 correct 4 rubber/eraser	(4 marks)
6.5	1 What does 'damage' mean?2 How do you spell 'X'?3 How do you pronounce 'bicycle'?	(6 marks)
Test 7		
7.1	1 unfriendly 4 invisible 7 irresponsible 10 impossible 2 illegible 5 irregular 8 incorrect 3 unemployed 6 impatient 9 dishonest	(10 marks)
7.2	1 illegal 3 disagree 5 dislikes	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Storage 1874	2 undress 4 untidy 6 impolite	(6 marks)
7.3	1 re- 2 mis- 3 un-, dis- 4 over-	(5 marks)
7.4	1 misunderstood 4 misheard 7 unlock 2 oversleep 5 reopen 8 overcharged 3 unpack 6 disappeared 9 redo /riː'duː/	(9 marks)

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8.1	1 discussion 4 election 7 similarity 10 darkness 2 punctuality 5 spelling 8 improvement 3 organisation 6 happiness 9 information	(10 marks)
8.2	1 stupid 3 improve 5 elect 7 artist 2 jogging 4 discuss 6 punctual The vertical word is 'similar', and its opposite is 'different'.	(8 mare.
8.3	VerbGeneral nounAdjectiveGeneral nouneducateeducationpopularpopularitymanagemanagementweakweaknesstranslatetranslationstupidstupidityhesitatehesitation $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for the correct word, $\frac{1}{2}$ f	(6 mar.
8.4	1 murderer /'m3:doro/ 5 translator 9 operator 2 actor 6 employer 10 footballer 3 economist 7 psychologist 11 film director 4 farmer 8 singer 12 journalist/reporter	(6 mark
Test 9		
9.1	1 inedible 4 unsuitable 7 reliable /rr'larobl/ 2 undrinkable 5 enjoyable 8 incomprehensible 3 comfortable 6 flexible 9 unbreakable	(9 mar
9.2	1 useless 2 painless 3 homeless 4 carcless 5 thoughtless	(5 mark-
9.3	1 musical 3 washable 5 political 7 attractive 2 economical 4 knowledgeable /'nplɪdʒəbl/ 6 creative	(7 mark
9.4	 It is too cloudy to see the stars tonight. If it is still foggy in an hour, we will have to cancel the trip. It's a very industrial town. That corner of the room is very dirty. She knows that drugs are dangerous. 	(5 marks
9.5	painful helpful thoughtful careful	(4 marks
Test 10		
10.1	1 smile 3 pull 5 ache /eɪk/ 7 laugh /laɪf/ 2 dream 4 queue /kjuɪ/ 6 clean 8 taste 'Clean' can also be used as an adjective.	(8 marks (1 mark
10.2	1 b 2 f 3 a 4 e 5 d 6 c 'Dry' can also be used as an adjective.	(6 marks (1 mark
10.3	Did you send a reply to the invitation? Could you have a look at this report for me? People go on (a) diet/diets /'daɪət/ for all sorts of reasons. If you don't know the answer, just have a guess. Someone gave me a push and I fell over. We had to wait in a/the queue for ages. Why don't you give her a ring when she gets back?	(14 marks
106	Test your English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate)	

Test 8

Test II 1 mother tongue 4 baby-sitter 7 income tax 2 science fiction 5 traffic jam 8 brother-in-law 3 box office 6 dining room (8 marks) 11.2 1 traffic lights 5 credit card 3 carrings 7 T-shire 2 sunglasses 4 alarm clock 6 tin opener 8 pedestrian crossing (8 marks) 11.3 1 jam, congestion, warden 2 post, ticket 3 dining, living, sitting, waiting, bath, spare 4 sister, mother, father, son, daughter (4 marks: $\frac{1}{2}$ for each correct answer) 11.4 1 first aid 3 film star 5 parking meter 2 cheque book 4 washing machine 6 writing paper (6 marks) 11.5 1 pop/rock stars 3 hairdryer (or hair drier) 2 toothpaste /'tu:opeist/ 4 table tennis (4 marks) Test 12 12.1 1 well-known 3 badly-paid 7 well-dressed 5 badly-off 2 good-looking 6 full-time 4 easy-going 8 well-behaved (8 marks) 12.2 1 I found a fifty-dollar bill in the street yesterday. / Yesterday I found a fifty-dollar bill in the 2 It is only a ten-minute drive to my office. 3 Unfortunately we had a three-hour delay at the airport (unfortunately). 4 Movie stars often stay in five-star hotels. 5 You can't expect a three-year-old child to understand. (5 marks) 12.3 4 brand-new 1 part-time 7 well-behaved 10 badly-paid 2 easy-going 5 four-month-old 8 south-west 3 well-off 6 six-year-old 9 five-minute (10 marks) 12.4 1 second-hand; badly-made 3 left-handed 5 first-class 2 well-acted; badly-directed 4 short-sleeved (7 marks) Test 13 13.1 1 He missed the bus 5 broad shoulders 2 I make a lot of mistakes 6 Don't get in the car 3 she told a lie 7 My father tells 4 I missed the lesson 8 a serious illness (8 marks) 13.2 1 aware /ə'weə/ 4 success /sak'ses/ 7 important 2 unlikely /An'laikli/ 5 range 6 majority/mə'dʒprəti/ 3 work (7 marks) 13.3 1 false (the opposite of a dry wine is a sweet wine) 2 true 3 true 4 false (the opposite of a soft drink is an alcoholic drink)

	 5 true 6 false (the opposite of a strong accent is a slight accent) 7 false (the opposite of a light smoker is a heavy smoker) 8 true 	(8 marks)
13.4	The following are <i>not</i> correct: 1 to start a bicycle 2 a heavy lesson 5 to get on/off a taxi 3 get into/out of a bike 6 all correct	(7 marks)
Test 14		
14.1	1 listening to the radio 2 it depends on the weather 3 different from 4 shouted at me 5 interested in sport 6 suffering from shock 7 apply for that job 8 good at maths 9 waiting for a call 10 spending money on things	(10 marks
14.2	1 at 3 of 5 with 7 to 2 to 4 at/by 6 of 8 to	(8 marks
14.3	 She apologised for the mistake. I agree with you. This car belongs to me. He is aware of the problem. This book is similar to the other one. I am not very keen on football. 	(12 marks
To a4 15		·
Test 15	1 by 3 in 5 on 7 by 9 in 11 for 2 on 4 by 6 in, for 8 by 10 at	(12 marks
15.2	1 on holiday 2 by accident; on purpose /'pɜ:pɔs/ 3 on strike /straik/ 4 by mistake (by accident is possible) 5 by chance 6 on my own 7 on foot	(8 marks
15.3	1 on time 2 in time 3 at least 4 out of work	(4 marks
15.4	1 on business 3 in a moment 5 at the end 2 in the end 4 on the radio 6 in business	(6 marks
Test 16		
16.1	1 up 3 up 5 down 7 down/over 9 off 2 up; off 4 out 6 up 8 up 10 up; down	(12 mark
16.2	1 c 2 c 3 a 4 d 5 c	(5 mark
16.3	1 look it up 3 gave it up 5 get through 7 get on with 2 carry on 4 pick it up 6 takes off 8 run out of	(8 mark-
16.4	1 pick up 3 get through 5 go off 2 went off 4 take off	(5 mark

Test 17	7	
17.1	1 got off the train 4 stay in this weekend 7 correct 2 correct 5 growing up quickly 8 woke up at 3 put them on 6 correct	(8 marks)
17.2	 The plane is taking off. The woman is getting off the bus. He/She is putting out a/his/her cigarette / is putting his/her cigarette out. The car has broken down. The dog is lying (down) in front of the fire. The woman is picking/tidying up the toys. 	(12 marks)
17.3	1 turn over 4 make it up 7 came/went in 10 get by 2 find out 5 broke into 8 gone up 3 turn up 6 broke down 9 leave/miss out	(10 marks)
Test 18	3	
18.1	1 e 2 d 3 h 4 g 5 f 6 c 7 b 8 a	(8 marks)
18.2	1 pulling leg 3 get move 5 make mind 2 keep eye 4 make matters 6 take turns	(12 marks)
18.3	1 mad 2 time 3 cut 4 good 5 nerves	(5 marks)
18.4	1 small 2 offhand 3 long 4 for 5 up	(5 marks)
Test 19		
19.1	1 had 3 take 5 have/take 7 have 2 make 4 have 6 do 8 do	(8 marks)
19.2	 1 do any housework/cleaning 2 make mistakes 3 subjects do you do 4 did two exams 5 making so much noise 6 doing research 7 making really good progress / doing really go 	od work (14 marks)
19.3	1 homework 2 a noise 3 research 4 a mistake	(4 marks)
19.4	1 hungry 2 thirsty 3 to have a baby 4 time in Brazil	(4 marks)
Test 20		
20.1	1 give me a hand 5 breaks the law 2 catch the train 6 keep breaking glasses 3 keep your hands warm 7 ball; catch 4 caught a cold 8 keep a record	(16 marks)
20.2	1 keep in touch /tʌtʃ/ 3 give my regards 2 break the ice 4 see the point of/in	(8 marks)
20.3	1 see 3 see 5 give 2 keep 4 break 6 keep	(6 marks)

Test 21		
21.1	1 receive 5 reach/arrive 9 obtain 2 reach/arrive 6 obtain 10 fetch / go and bring back 3 fetch / go and bring back 7 become 4 become 8 receive	(10 marks)
21.2	1 get dressed 4 get lost 2 get undressed 5 get divorced 3 get changed 6 get married	(6 marks)
21.3	1 g 2 a 3 d 4 b 5 f 6 c 7 h 8 e	(8 marks)
21.4	1 get on (well) 3 get to know 5 getting up 2 you getting on 4 get rid of 6 get ready	(6 marks)
Test 22		
22.1	1 deaf 3 bankrupt 5 yellow/red/brown 2 bald /bo:ld/ 4 mad 6 grey	(6 marks
22.2	 They're going shopping. They're going walking/hiking. / They're going for a walk. They're going sightseeing. They're going swimming / for a swim. They're going skiing. They're going (out) for a drive. They're going riding / (out) for a ride. They're going running / for a run. 	(8 marks
22.3	1 d 2 f 3 e 4 g 5 a 6 c 7 b	(7 marks
22.4	1 come 3 come 5 come 7 take 9 go 2 bring 4 take 6 take 8 comes	(9 marks
Test 23		
23. 5	1 I'm late / for being late 4 apologise /ɔ'pɒlədʒaɪz/ for being 5 accept our apology (apologies) /ɔ'pɒlədʒɪz/ 3 keep long	(8 marks
23.2	 Yes, they were delayed. It's OK, I'll / I'm going to clear it up. Yes, we can sort them out. They were, but several people were ill so they had to cancel it. 	(8 marks
23.3	Don't worry Never mind It doesn't matter No problem	(4 marks
23.4	sorry about the mess clear it up kind of you thanks a lot	(8 mark
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23.5	hospitality	(2 marks

Test 24

1 1: Could I borrow alyour pen for five minutes? B: Yes, belt yourself. 2 A: Could you give me that book over there? B: Yes, of course. Here you are. 3 A: I was wondering if I could use your bike for half an hour? B: Well, I'd rather you didn't actually. I may need it myself. 4 A: Do you think you could possibly lend me some CDs? B: I wish I could, but I haven't got any. 5 A: Mary, would you like to go out this evening? B: I'd love to but I'm afraid I can't. 6 A: Would you mind if I took/had the afternoon off? I don't feel very well. 7 A: Can you give me a hand? (15 marks: B: I'm afraid not, just at the moment. I have to go out. $\frac{1}{2}$ for each gap) 24.2 1 that's / what 2 if 3 mind/maind/ 4 on/with 5 sorry (5 marks) 24.3 A: What shall we do at the weekend? B: Uh, let me think. OK, how about going to the beach? A: Yeah, great. And this evening? Do you want to see that film? B: I think I'd prefer to stay in actually. A: Yes, OK, I don't mind. (10 marks) Test 25 25.1 1 What do you think of/about ... 2 I don't think it's a good idea. 3 In my opinion, ... 4 I'm afraid ... (omit but) 5 ... I totally disagree 6 Yes, it says in one newspaper that ... / according to one newspaper, most people ... 7 You could/may be right ... 8 Yes, I agree ... (8 marks) 25.2 The correct order is: d, f, c, e, b, a (6 marks) 25.3 1 What are your feelings about his new plan? 2 Well, as far as I'm concerned, more people should go to university. 3 You know, according to the paper, he's still missing. 4 I think you're right. 5 I agree with you to some extent / to a certain extent. (10 marks) 25.4 1 What do you think / What's your (honest) opinion 2 personally 3 agree 4 some extent / a certain extent 5 according to

Test 26

26.1 1 Good evening

2 How do you do / Pleased to meet you / Hello.

6 don't think that's / can't believe that's

(6 marks)

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3 correct
            4 Yes, same to you / Yes, you too.
            5 correct
            6 correct - 'bad luck' would also be correct
                                                                                               (6 marks)
                                                             5 Watch/Look
   26.2
            1 Good luck
                                 3 Bless you; Thank you
                                                                                 7 Happy New
                                 4 Excuse me
                                                             6 idea
                                                                                              (8 marks)
            2 Cheers /'t [19z/
   26.3
            1 done
                        2 met vou
                                        3 pardon
                                                      4 going
                                                                                              (4 marks)
   26.4
            1 false (we don't say 'How are you?')
            2 true
            3 false ('Cheerio' /tʃɪrɪ'əo/ is another way of saying 'Goodbye')
            5 true
            6 false (in the afternoon they say 'Good afternoon', not 'Good day')
            7 true (some people, especially waiters in restaurants, are now in the habit
               of saving 'Enjoy your meal', but it is not a common expression)
            8 false (we can say 'Merry Christmas' or 'Happy Christmas' but not
               'Merry Birthday'; the correct expression is 'Happy Birthday')
                                                                                             (12 marks)
Test 27
   27.1
            1 true
            2 true
            3 false (they can be used with 'the', but not with the indefinite article 'a/an')
            5 false (they are used with a plural verb)
                                                                                              (5 marks)
                                                               5 my hair is
   27.2
                                3 good weather
            1 information
                                4 a new pair of trousers
                                                               6 housework
            2 any work
                                                                                              (6 marks)
   27.3
            1 I don't usually take much luggage /'lʌgɪdʒ/ with me.
            2 Her teacher sometimes gives her a lot of homework (to do) in the evening.
            3 She's definitely making progress.
            4 He gave me a lot of advice.
            5 I only have a little knowledge of Spanish.
            6 I'm going to buy a pair of jeans.
                                                                                             (12 marks)
   27.4
                              3 scales /skeilz/
            1 sunglasses
                                                     5 stairs
                                                                                7 headphones
            2 shorts
                              4 scissors /'sɪzəz/
                                                     6 pyjamas /pɪˈdʒaɪməz/
                                                                                              (7 marks)
Test 28
            Verbs + -ing: finish, imagine, avoid, admit
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28.1 Verbs + infinitive: hope, refuse, decide, seem (8 marks)

28.2 Correct answers are:

1 a, b 3 a, c 5 a, b 4 b, c 6 a, c (6 marks) 2 b, c

5 make 28.3 1 give up 3 manage /'mænid3/ 7 let 2 can't stand 4 deny 6 remember 8 allow (8 marks)

28.4	1 He enjoys playing football, but he doesn't expect to get a place on the team. 2 He admits taking the money, but he denies hitting the guard.						
	3 She (has) offer4 I feel like going						(8 marks: h sentence)
Test 29							
29.1	1 insist 2 persuade/po'sv		blame apologise	5 war 6 con	rn /wɔːn/ nplain		(6 marks)
29.2	 She told me th She asked me to She advised me She suggested doing the exert She warned me She insisted that 	to leave by the to buy anot (that) we do a cise later.	ne side door. her one. / did / should ear the rocks	do the ex		₹ She suggested	(12 marks)
29.3	1 incorrect	4 incorre	ect	7 inco			
	2 incorrect 3 correct	5 correct 6 incorre		8 corre	ect		(8 marks)
29.4		3 for	4 about				
4 7 · · · ·	1 for 2 on	3 10r	4 about				(4 marks)
Test 30							
30.1	big interesting /'intro surprised hot cold crowded small hungry tired		huge /hju:d fascinating astonished, boiling freezing packed tiny /'taɪni/, starving exhausted /	amazed	maı'njuːt/		
49. JO. 115.	frightened /ˈfraito	nd/	ter rified		,		(10 marks)
30.2	1 packed2 starving3 freezing; boiling	g (cither orde	r is possible)		uge/enormous wful/terrible/di	readful /'dredfəl/	(6 marks)
30.3		3 huge 4 em bar rasse			7 absolutely 8 tiring	9 fascinating	(9 marks)
30.4	1 Her results were2 I was confused3 The sales figure4 She was really5 The climb was	by the map. es were depro frightened by	essing.				(5 marks)
Test 3 I							
31.1	1 correct 2 on the table		y nice area	8 cori		10 in the gard	
	3 at work	6 at the p	arty	9 at t	ne table		(10 marks)

31.2	1 up 4 below/beneath 7 in front of 10 over 2 out of 5 behind 8 up 3 over 6 out of 9 below/beneath	(10 marks
31.3	1 toward(s) 4 opposite 7 along/beside 2 next to / beside 5 across 8 round/past; through /θruː/ /across 3 between 6 past 9 near	(10 marks
Test 32		
32.1	1 Yes 2 No 3 No 4 Yes 5 No 6 Yes 7 Yes	(7 marks
32.2	regularly sometimes occasionally /ə'keɪʒənəli/ hardly ever	(4 marks
32.3	 He is hardly ever late for work. We occasionally take the children to the pool. (Occasionally can go at the beginning or the end of the sentence.) She has always stayed in the same hotel. I quite often forget to lock the door. 	
	5 You can rarely find fresh fish in the market.	(5 marks
32.4	 We were a bit tired. It was pretty good. The film was rather interesting. We had a pretty good time. If ind it quite boring. It's quite the same as yours. Is seldom see him. 	(7 marks
32.5	1 was hardly enough room 2 we barely /'beəli/ had time 3 was almost dark 4 were incredibly tired 5 father nearly forgot 6 was a bit shocked 7 brother hardly ever comes	(7 marks)
Test 33		
33.1	1 when, as soon as 2 while 5 when, as soon as 3 when, while 6 when, while	(12 marks
33.2	1 first of all / first(ly) 3 after that / then 2 then / after that 4 finally	(4 marks
33.3	1 Yes 2 Yes 3 No 4 No 5 Yes 6 Yes	(6 marks)
33.4	1 for one thing; for another2 to start/begin with; and besides/anyway	(8 marks
Test 34 34.1	1 whereas /weɔ'ræz/ 2 as well 6 while/whilst/but 7 too	
	3 although /ɔːl'ðəo/ 8 though / even though / but 4 however 9 on the other hand 5 furthermore /fɜːðə'mɔː/ 10 in addition / what's more / moreover /mɔː'rəovə/ also	(10 marks
34.2	1 c 2 b 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 a 7 b 8 a	(8 marks)

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34.3	1 whereas/while 2 however 3 despite /dɪ'spaɪt/ / in spite of 4 Furthermore / What's more / In addition 5 on the other hand / however 6 although	(12 marks)
Test 35 35.1	 Anne is similar to Barbara. Diana and Claire are quite alike /o'laɪk/. Barbara is quite unlike Claire. Anne is very different from Diana, except that they both have wavy hair. Neither Anne nor Barbara has short hair. 	(7 marks)
35.2	1 You'll lose your umbrella unless you keep it in your bag. 2 I think you'll pass the test as long as you don't get too nervous. 3 You'd better take some money in case you have to take a taxi. 4 You should leave by 7.00 otherwise you'll miss the bus. 5 You look the same as usual except that you're wearing glasses.	(10 marks)
35.3	1 the same meaning 2 the same meaning 5 the same meaning 8 different 3 different 6 different	(8 marks)
35.4	1 nothing/little 4 unless 2 compared / in comparison 5 or/otherwise /'Aðowaiz/ 3 except (for) / apart from	(5 marks)
Test 36		
36.1	 I lost my wallet so I had to borrow some money. I went to the post office because I needed some stamps. I had to stop the traffic because of the accident. I stayed at work late so that I could finish the report. My wife is very ill and therefore I have given up work to look after her. I couldn't got to the meeting. Consequently, I learnt the bad news much later. 	(12 marks)
36.2	1 a 2 a 3 b 4 a 5 b 6 a	(6 marks)
36.3	1 As 3 As a result 5 Consequently 7 because 2 Owing to 4 because of 6 because of	(7 marks)
36.4	1 as 2 Consequently 3 due to 4 and therefore 5 so that	(5 marks)
Test 37 37.1	1 group of islands 5 desert /'dezot/ 9 continent 2 mountain range 6 Lake 10 country 3 river 7 ocean /'oofon/ 11 jungle /dʒʌŋgl/	(12 marks)
37.2	1 Earth 3 Poles 5 equator 2 Falls 4 stars 6 moon	(6 marks)
37.3	1 - 2 - 3 the 4 the 5 the 6 -	(6 marks)
37.4	1 drought 3 flood 5 hurricane /ˈhʌrɪkən/ 2 volcanic eruption 4 earthquake 6 disasters	(6 marks)

Test 38

iest 38	•				
38.1	Noun sun cloud ice	Adjective sunny cloudy ic(e)y	Noun wind fog heat	Adjective windy /'wındi/ foggy hot	
	shower	showery	humidity	humid	(8 marks)
38.2		ot – warm – not very v a wind – a gale – a hur			(3 marks) (2 marks)
38.3	1 heavy rain2 strong wind3 thunder /'θΛ	ndə/ and lightning /ˈlaɪˈ	5 a spe	ing /ˈpɔːrɪŋ/ with rain ell/period of hot weathe	r (6 marks)
38.4	1 foggy2 ic(e)y3 temperature4 showers	5 hurricanes 6 (thunder)storm 7 minus /'maino 8 breeze		9 humid 10 cloudy point	
Test 39					
39.1		branch 3 roots	4 soil/ground	5 grass 6 plants/flo	owers (6 marks)
39.2	1 farm 2 agriculture /	5 da ægrīk∧lt∫ə/ 6 cr 7 gr	ops 10 havew 11 di	ick 13 w arvest rought /draot/	
	4 slaughtered	"slated/ 8 pl	anted 12 gr	ound	(13 marks
3 9.3	1 copper2 ground3 metalsThe word in th	4 valuable /'vælju:əbl 5 mine 6 iron /'aɪən/ e tinted box is <i>coal mi</i>	8 silver 9 coins	10 gold	(11 marks)
Test 40					
40.1	1 lion2 tiger3 elephant	4 camel 5 leopard /'lepod/ 6 giraffe	7 zebra 8 monkey / 9 bear /beə/		(12 marks:
40.2	1 pets 2 wild; zoo		5 insect 7 6 whales	chickens	(8 marks)
40.3	M A E (O W S I		B E U R A T B B B B I		

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Test 41		
41.1	1 France 5 Germany 9 Switzerland 2 Portugal 6 Italy 10 Greece 3 Britain 7 Holland 4 Turkey 8 Spain	(10 marks)
41.2	NationalityLanguageJapaneseJapaneseKoreanKoreanAustralianEnglishEgyptianArabicBrazilianPortugueseArgentinianSpanishSwedishSwedish /'swi:dɪʃ/Saudi (Arabian)ArabicRussianRussian /rʌʃn/MexicanSpanishThaiThai /tai/ChineseMandarin / Cantonese	(12 marks)
41.3	1 The Swiss 3 The Dutch 5 The Japanese 7 Germans 2 Americans 4 Italians 6 the French 8 Israelis	(8 marks)
Fest 42 42.1	forchead, eyebrows, cheeks, lips, chin, neck, shoulders /'ʃəʊldəz/, chest, waist, hips, thighs /0aɪz/, knees, ankles	(13 marks)
42.2	1 elbow 2 wrist 3 finger 4 nail 5 thumb	(5 marks)
42.3	1 She's yawning /'jɔɪnɪŋ/. 2 He's smiling. 3 She's crying. 5 She's shaking her hea 4 He's laughing.	,
42.4	1 bite /bait/ 3 comb /kəom/ 5 bend 7 breathe /britð/ 2 shake 4 fold 6 blow	(7 marks)
Test 43 43.1	1 b 2 a 3 d 4 e 5 c	(4 marks)
43.2	1 tall; slim/thin 4 strong/muscular /ˈmʌskjuːlə/ 2 straight 5 good-looking/handsome 3 dark	(6 marks: 1 for each gap)
43.3	slim skinny plain ugly overweight fat	(6 marks)
43.4	1 a moustache /mu'sta:ʃ/ 2 a beard /biod/ 3 a scar 4 a hairy che	est (8 marks)
43.5	1 What does she look like?2 How tall is she, exactly?3 How much does she weigh?	(6 marks)
	The state of the s	(o marks)

Test 44		
44.1	clever/bright; horrible/unpleasant; nervous/tense; easy-going/relaxed; pleasant/nice; stupid/thick	(6 marks)
44.2	1 ambitious 3 cheerful 5 unreliable /ʌnrɪ'laɪəbl/ 2 unpleasant 4 inflexible 6 insensitive/inconsiderate	(6 marks)
44.3	1 dishonest 3 unkind / \(\lambda n' \) kaind/ 5 weak 2 mean 4 unfriendly 6 pessimistic	(6 marks)
44.4	1 punctual 3 shy 5 initiative 2 sense 4 confident 6 miserable / mizrobl/	(12 marks: 2 for each)
Test 45		
45.1	1 upset 3 frightened 5 jealous /'dʒclos/ 2 proud 4 embarrassed	(5 marks)
45.2	1 happiness 4 jealousy 7 embarrassed 2 embarrassing 5 anger 8 embarrassment 3 pride /praid/ 6 sadness	(8 marks)
45.3	1 whispered 3 march 5 stroll 2 shout /faot/ 4 glanced 6 staring /'steorin/	(6 marks)
45.4	1 e 2 c 3 f 4 a 5 b 6 d	(6 marks)
45.5	1 of 2 on 3 at 4 of 5 at	(5 marks)
Test 46		
46.1	1 first 7 widower 2 full 8 single-parent / one-parent 3 middle 9 partner/girlfriend 4 surname /'s3:ncim/ / family name 10 close/old/good 5 only 11 step	(11
	6 inherited	(11 marks)
	1 uncles /'Anklz/ 6 cousins /'kAzənz/ 11 widow 2 aunts /aints/ 7 grandparents 12 step-father 3 brother-in-law 8 nieces /'niɪsɪz/ 13 relatives/relations 4 sister-in-law 9 nephews /'nefjuɪz/ 5 mother-in-law 10 ex-wife	(13 marks)
46.3	1 e 2 f 3 b 4 a 5 d 6 c	(6 marks)
Test 47		(0 2220:110)
47.1	1 born 5 split up / broke up 9 got 2 grew / was brought 6 went 10 had 3 met/saw 7 met 11 born 4 went out 8 fell 12 expecting	(12 marks)
	1 toddler 3 a teenager / an adolescent 5 early twenties 7 late forties 2 child 4 adult 6 mid thirties	(10 marks)

47.3	1 childhood 3 rows/rauz/ 5 retirement 7 marriage 2 adolescence / your teens 4 middle age 6 old age 8 pregnant	(8 marks)
Test 48 48.1	 I live on my own. / I live by myself. I usually go to bed about midnight. Most nights I get/go to sleep / fall asleep very quickly. In the morning I have a shower and (a) shave / get shaved. I usually have breakfast about 7.30. After breakfast I clean my teeth. I arrive at work about 8.30. After work I sometimes do the shopping / go shopping. 	(8 marks)
48.2	1 fall 3 leave 5 late; wake up / get up 7 lie-in 2 feed 4 break 6 stay in 8 play	(9 marks)
48.3	1 oversleep 3 snack 5 washing-up 2 nap 4 chat 6 cleaner	(6 marks)
48.4	1 f 2 g 3 a 4 c 5 b 6 d 7 c	(7 marks)
Test 49		
49.1	1 garage 5 balcony 9 steps 13 terraced 2 path 6 ground 10 doorbell 3 fence 7 stairs 11 detached 4 gate 8 roof 12 block	(13 marks)
49.2	1 draughty /'dra:fti/ 3 quiet 2 tiny /'taɪni/ 4 enormous/huge /hju:dz/	(4 marks)
49.3	 1 This house belongs to a famous artist. 2 The top room has a view of the forest. 3 It's easy to heat the house. 4 The house is in (a) terrible condition. 	(8 marks)
49.4	1 false (a semi-detached house is joined to one other house on one wall) 2 true 3 false (a landlord is the person you pay rent to) 4 true: NB mortgage is pronounced /ˈmɔːgɪdʒ/ 5 true	(5 marks)
Test 50		
50.1	1 living/sitting; lounge /laond3/ 3 kitchen 5 spare /speə/ 2 dining 4 bathroom 1 for	(6 marks: each gap)
50.2	1 curtains /'k3:tinz/ 4 TV remote control 7 coffee table 2 armchair 5 lamp 8 vase 3 carpet 6 sofa	(8 marks)
50.3	1 washing machine 3 dishwasher 2 cooker/oven /'Avən/ 4 refrigerator/fridge	(4 marks)
50.4	1 a food mixer 3 a saucepan 5 taps 2 a kettle 4 a frying pan	(5 marks)
50.5	1 d 2 e 3 g 4 a 5 c 6 b 7 f Test your English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate)	(7 marks)

Test 51		
51.1	BedroomBathroomlampshowerpyjamas /pɪ'dʒa:məz/towels /'taoəlz/wardrobe /'wə:drəob/toiletduvet /'du:veɪ/bathpillows	(9 marks)
51.2	1 left/threw 3 went 5 mirror 2 switch/turn 4 set 6 have	(6 marks)
51.3	1 dirty; washing 4 did 7 get into 2 washing-up 5 put on 8 make 3 polish /'polis/ 6 housework	(9 marks)
51.4	1 chest of drawers /tʃest əv 'drəːz/ 3 alarm clock 5 towel rail 2 washbasin /'woʃbeɪsən/ 4 bedside table 6 housework	(6 marks)
Test 52		
52.1	1 working; batteries 2 out (of) order 3 wrong with	(6 marks)
52.2	1 dropped; broke/smashed 2 spilt; stain/mark	(8 marks)
52.3	1 mood 4 ruined 7 tripped over 10 working 2 run out of 5 got 8 fell 3 burnt/burned 6 left 9 realised	(10 marks)
52.4	1 left 2 missed 3 got off 4 forgotten 5 lost 6 properly	(6 marks)
Too4 53		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Test 53 53.1	(1) cheap (2) reasonable (3) quite expensive (4) very expensive (5) incredibly expensive	(5 marks)
53.2	bought; spent; lent; sold; paid; cost (past tense and past participle forms are the same for all these verbs)	(6 marks)
\$3.3	1 spent 4 afford /o'fo:d/ 7 charged 2 lend; pay; borrow 5 saving 8 lend/give; borrowed 3 paid; cost 6 worth /ws:θ/	(12 marks)
53.4	1 cost 3 currency; sterling 5 waste 2 standard 4 notes; coins	(7 marks)
Test 54 54.1	1 d 2 f 3 g 4 b 5 c 6 h 7 a 8 e	(8 marks)
54.2	 He's got earache /ˈɪəreɪk/. She's got backache /ˈbaekeɪk/. He's got a pain in his leg. She's got a headache /ˈhedeɪk/. She's got toothache /ˈtuːθeɪk/. She's got toothache /ˈtuːθeɪk/. 	
54.3	1 sore /sɔː/ 2 nose 5 hurt 6 painful 7 fillings 8 injection 9 painless	(9 marks)

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1 she's got flu (not 'a' flu)
                                           4 His finger was injured /'indaod/
            2 blowing your nose
                                           5 a sore throat /θreot/ and a cough /kpf/
            3 my back is very painful
                                           6 hurt myself
                                                                                              (6 marks)
Test 55
   55.1
            1 sling
                        2 bruise
                                     3 bandage
                                                     4 stitches
                                                                   5 cut
                                                                                              (5 marks)
   55.2
            1 a
                        2. -
                                     3 -
                                                     4 a
                                                                                              (4 marks)
   55.3
            1 collided with each other
            2 one man knocked himself unconscious
            3 cut on his forehead
            4 an ambulance arrived
            5 men to hospital
            6 fifteen stitches
            7 kept in hospital
                                                                                              (7marks)
   55.4
            1 fight /fait/; stabbed
                                        4 swollen
            2 shot
                                        5 ankle
            3 burnt; painful/sore
                                        6 bleeding
                                                                                              (8 marks)
   55.5
                    2 c
            1 e
                             3 d
                                              5 a
                                                      6 b
                                                                                              (6 marks)
Test 56
   56.I
            1 shirt
                           5 earrings
                                                9 skirt
                                                                13 scarf
                           6 necklace
            2 suit
                                               10 tights
                                                                14 jumper/pullover
            3 tie
                           7 blouse
                                               11 boots
                                                                15 gloves
           4 belt
                                               12 hat
                           8 jacket
                                                                16 ieans
                                                                                            (16 marks)
   56.2
            1 I took off my clothes
                                           4 too long
            2 I got dressed
                                            5 hung it up
            3 it wasn't big enough
                                           6 didn't fit me very well
                                                                                             (6 marks)
   56.3
                                                5 tights /tarts/
            1 cuff
                                3 pocket
                                                                     7 size /satz/
                                4 buttons
           2 collar /'kplə/
                                                6 sleeves
            1 down is clothes.
                                                                                             (8 marks)
Test 57
           shop assistant; shop window;
  57.1
           window shopping; go shopping;
           shopping list; shopping centre/mall (AmE); shopping basket
                                                                                             (6 marks)
  57.2
           1 clothes /kləuðz/
                                   3 stationery
                                                              5 electrical appliances/goods
           2 toys
                                   4 furniture /'fainit [ə/
                                                              6 jewellery /'dʒuːlri/
                                                                                             (6 marks)
  57.3
           1 department store
                                      5 boutique /buːˈtiːk/
           2 supermarket
                                      6 chemist('s) /'kemist/
           3 butcher('s) /'botfo/
                                      7 newsagent('s)
           4 greengrocer('s)
                                      8 shoe shop
                                                                                             (8 marks)
```

54.4

57.4	3	looking for 6 size 7	served try on changing i leave	room / fitti	ng room	9 take 10 till/	cash desk / coun	ter (10 marks	
Test 58 \$8.1	1 2 3	cabbage /ˈkæbɪdʒ/ peppers carrots cauliflower /ˈkɒlɪflad	6 gro 7 pea	een beans as	9 grape 10 melo 11 orang 12 pear		13 apple14 strawberries15 peach		
58.2	2 3 4	mushrooms /'maʃru lettuce /'letɪs/ cherries /'tʃerɪz/; pir oysters /'ɔɪstəz/; mu veal	neapple/pea	rs /'peəz/	ʒiːn∕			(8 marks)	:
58. 3	2 3 4 5 6	false (lobster is a kintrue true false (a calf is a you false (salmon is a kintrue false (aubergine is a	ing cow) nd of fish)		purple)			(7 marks)	
Test 59 59.1	1	boil 2 fry .	3 grill	4 roast	5 bake			(5 marks)	l
59.2	1 2 3 4	oven /'avən/ courses; starter; mai heat service rare /reə/, medium-r	in course		6 put o 7 men	on u /'menju:/ e)y /'spaɪsi/ e		(14 marks)	
59. 3		tender 3 bitter lean 4 tasty		5 raw/ 6 fresh	rəɪ// uncc	ooked		(6 marks)	
59.4	1	a tip 2 book; ir	n advance	3 an ap	oeritif /əpo	erı'tiːf/	4 bill	(5 marks)	
Test 60 60.1	2	library /ˈlaɪbrəri/ car park shopping centre	5 sub	tory /ˈfækt/ ourbs /ˈsʌbɔ nmercial co	s:bz// resi	dential area	ıs	(6 marks)	
60.2		noisy 3 stre polluted 4 cro		5 peacefu 6 safer		exciting dangerous		(8 marks)	
60.3	1	country(side) 3	wood footpath	5 hedge 6 gate	2 7 f			(8 marks)	
60.4	1	•	4 e	_		h 8 a		(8 marks)	

Test 61 61.1	1 traffic lights	5 pedestrians 9 pedestrian crossing	
	2 petrol station3 lorry4 pavement	6 traffic jam 10 junction 7 bend 11 road sign 8 road works 12 main road	(12 marks)
61.2	1 accident 2 rush /rʌʃ/ 3 created/caused	5 into/onto 9 crashed/ran 6 braked 10 injured /'ind3əd/ /hurt /h3: 7 prevent/avoid 11 damaged /'dæmid3d/	
61.3	4 overtake 1 Go along this roa 2 got in/into the car 3 Keep going		(11 marks)
	4 broke down		(7 marks)
Test 62 62.1	1 lorry 3 van 2 coach 4 bus		(6 marks)
62.2		by 5 platform 7 arrival missed 6 stop 8 due	(8 marks)
62.3	Train Plane driver pilot of drive fly get on get of get off station airpor	f get out of get off	noun) (11 marks)
62.4	2 The buses are alw	change at Golden Square.	(5 marks)
Test 63			
63.1	1 What do you do f 2 How much do you 3 Do you have to pa 4 How much holida 5 Do you have to w 6 Do you get holida 7 Do you get sick pa	u earn? /3:n/ ny income tax? y do you get? ork overtime in your job? y pay?	
	8 What does your jo	b involve?	(4 marks)
63.2	a 5 b 7 c 2	O The second sec	(4 marks)
63.3	1 attend 2 responsible for	3 running 5 seeing 4 do 6 responsibilities	(6 marks)
63.4	1 f 2 d 3 ł	'	(6 marks)

65.2

65.3

4 We are giving him some / a lot of training to help him.

5 He was/got promoted and they gave him a pay rise.

6 I'm looking for a part-time job but I'll take anything which is interesting.

65.4 1 earn 3 at

5 looking

2 prospects

4 involves

6 resign /rɪ'zaɪn/

(6 marks)

(6 marks)

Test 66

66.1

1 calendar 2 notice board 4 calculator 5 drawer

7 diary 8 monitor 10 files 11 filing cabinet

3 computer

6 wastepaper basket

9 keyboard

12 briefcase

(12 marks)

1	66.2	1 works 2 answers; arranges /ɔ'reɪndʒɪz/ 3 send 4 show 5 does; filing /ˈfaɪlɪŋ/; writing	(4 marks:
2 correct 3 wrong: check/examine/inspect 4 correct 3 wrong: check/examine/inspect 7 correct 6 correct 6 correct 7 correct 6 correct 7 correct 6 correct 7 correct 6 correct 7 correct 6 correct	66.3	•	-
A: 1 e	66.4	2 correct 6 correct 3 wrong: check/examine/inspect 7 correct	
R: 1 raw materials	Test 67		
1 loan 3 turnover/revenue 5 inflation 7 overheads 2 bigger 4 well 6 recession 8 interest (8 marks)	67.1	A: 1 e 2 c 3 a 4 f 5 d 6 b	(6 marks)
2 bigger		B: 1 raw materials 2 tax cut 3 public expenditure 4 interest rate	(4 marks)
2 fall 5 falling 8 rose 111 profit 12 loss(es) (12 marks) Test 68 68.1 1 product 2 price 3 promotion 4 place (4 marks) 68.2 1 figures //figoz/ 3 share //fea/ 5 leader (6 marks) 68.3 1 competition 4 marketing 7 distribution 2 produce 5 competitor 8 promotion 2 produce 3 representatives/reps 6 fashionable 9 consumers (9 marks) 68.4 1 mass-produced 4 glamorous 5 up-to-date 3 reliable /rt/laiabl/ 6 luxury //lakfəri/ (6 marks) 68.5 1 compete /kəm'piɪt/ 3 leaders 5 department 2 luxury 4 containers (5 marks) Test 69 69.1 1 collected stamps 3 go camping 5 play; instrument 2 play chess 4 play cards 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing //klaımın/ 2 page r/speo/ 2 jogging //dʒogin/ 5 antiques /æn'titiks/ 3 liking //haikin/ 6 board /bɔtd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	67.2		(8 marks)
68.1 1 product 2 price 3 promotion 4 place (4 marks) 68.2 1 figures /'ftgoz/ 2 research /ri/sgitf/ 3 share /'feo/ 4 forecast; target 5 leader (6 marks) 68.3 1 competition 2 produce 3 representatives/reps 4 marketing 6 fashionable 9 consumers 7 distribution 8 promotion 9 consumers (9 marks) 68.4 1 mass-produced 2 good value /'vælju:/ 3 reliable /ri'latobl/ 4 glamorous 6 luxury /'lakfəri/ (6 marks) 68.5 1 compete /kəm'pi:l/ 2 luxury 3 leaders 4 containers 5 department 6 luxury /'lakfəri/ (5 marks) Test 69 69.1 1 collected stamps 2 play chess 3 go camping 4 play cards 5 play; instrument 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing /'klaımın/ 2 jogging /'dʒogin/ 3 hiking /'haikin/ 4 spare /'speə/ 5 antiques /æn'ttiks/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	67.3	2 fall 5 falling 8 rose 11 profit	(12 marks)
68.2 1 figures //figoz/ 2 research /ri/sattf/ 4 forecast; target (6 marks) 68.3 1 competition	Test 68		
2 research /ri/szitf/ 4 forecast; target (6 marks) 68.3 1 competition 4 marketing 7 distribution 2 produce 5 competitor 8 promotion 3 representatives/reps 6 fashionable 9 consumers (9 marks) 68.4 1 mass-produced 4 glamorous 2 good value //væljut/ 5 up-to-date 3 reliable /rt/laɪəbl/ 6 luxury //lakʃəri/ (6 marks) 68.5 1 compete /kəmˈpiːt/ 2 luxury 4 containers 5 department (5 marks) 7 department (5 marks) 7 distribution (9 marks) 68.6 1 consumers (9 marks) 68.7 1 compete /kəmˈpiːt/ 3 leaders 5 department (5 marks) 7 department (5 marks) 69.1 1 collected stamps 3 go camping 5 play; instrument 2 play chess 4 play cards 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing /ˈklaɪmɪn/ 4 spare /ˈspeɔ/ 5 antiques /ænˈtiːks/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	68.1	1 product 2 price 3 promotion 4 place	(4 marks)
2 produce 3 representatives/reps 6 fashionable 9 consumers (9 marks) 68.4 1 mass-produced 2 good value /'vælju:/ 3 reliable /rt'laɪəbl/ 6 luxury /'lʌkʃəri/ (6 marks) 68.5 1 compete /kəm'pi:t/ 2 luxury 3 leaders 5 department 2 play chess 5 play; instrument 2 play chess 4 play cards 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing /'klaımın/ 2 jogging /'dʒogɪn/ 3 hiking /'haɪkın/ 4 spare /'speə/ 5 antiques /æn'ti:ks/ 3 hiking /'haɪkın/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	68.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(6 marks)
2 good value /'vælju:/ 5 up-to-date 3 reliable /rɪ'laɪəbl/ 6 luxury /'lʌkʃəri/ (6 marks) 68.5 1 compete /kəm'pi:t/ 3 leaders 5 department 2 luxury 4 containers (5 marks) Test 69 69.1 1 collected stamps 3 go camping 5 play; instrument 2 play chess 4 play cards 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing /'klaɪmɪŋ/ 4 spare /'speə/ 2 jogging /'dʒɒgɪŋ/ 5 antiques /æn'ti:ks/ 3 hiking /'haɪkɪŋ/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	68.3	2 produce 5 competitor 8 promotion	(9 marks)
Test 69 69.1 1 collected stamps 3 go camping 5 play; instrument 2 play chess 4 play cards 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing /ˈklaɪmɪn/ 4 spare /ˈspeɔ/ 2 jogging /ˈdʒogɪn/ 5 antiques /ænˈtiːks/ 3 hiking /ˈhaɪkɪn/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	68.4	2 good value /'vælju:/ 5 up-to-date	(6 marks)
1 collected stamps 3 go camping 5 play; instrument play chess 4 play cards 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing /ˈklaɪmɪŋ/ 4 spare /ˈspeɔ/ 2 jogging /ˈdʒɒgɪŋ/ 5 antiques /ænˈtiːks/ 3 hiking /ˈhaɪkɪŋ/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	68.5		(5 marks)
2 play chess 4 play cards 6 collects; coins (12 marks) 69.2 1 climbing /ˈklaɪmɪŋ/ 4 spare /ˈspeɔ/ 2 jogging /ˈdʒɒgɪŋ/ 5 antiques /ænˈtiːks/ 3 hiking /ˈhaɪkɪŋ/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	Test 69		
2 jogging /ˈdʒɒgɪŋ/ 5 antiques /ænˈtiːks/ 3 hiking /ˈhaɪkɪŋ/ 6 board /bɔːd/ (6 marks) 69.3 1 He is mad about DIY. / He is DIY mad. 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains.	69.1		(12 marks)
 2 I make all my own dresses. 3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby. 4 She joined the tennis club last year. 5 I do a lot of camping in the mountains. 	69.2	2 jogging /'dʒɒgɪŋ/ 5 antiques /æn'ti:ks/	(6 marks)
(12 marks)	69.3	2 I make all my own dresses.3 We gave it up because it was just too expensive as a hobby.4 She joined the tennis club last year.	(12 marks)

Test 70 70.1	1 a (rugby) ball used in rugby /ˈrʌɡbi/	
	 2 a crash helmet used in motor racing / motor cycling 3 (ski) sticks used in skiing 4 a (tennis) racket used in tennis 5 a (table tennis) bat used in table tennis 	
	6 a (golf) club used in golf 7 running shoes used in athletics /æθ'letiks/ 8 (swimming) trunks /trʌŋks/ used in swimming 1 for the equ	(12 marks: iipment and or the sport)
70.2	1 play; do 3 referce 5 umpire 2 crowd; stadium / steidiem/ 4 spectators/fans; pitch	(8 marks)
70.3	1 c 2 f 3 c 4 a 5 d 6 b	(6 marks)
70.4	1 threw /θru:/ 2 kicked 3 passed 4 head/score	(4 marks)
Test 71		
71.1	1 played/did 3 winners 2 nil; scored 4 score; result	(6 marks)
71.2	 Spain lost 2–0 to Brazil / Spain lost to Brazil 2–0. Holland won 3–2 against Denmark / Holland won their match against Denmark Peru drew 2–2 with Italy / Peru and Italy drew 2–2. The latest score is 1–0 to England. 	
71.3		(8 marks)
# # • J	1 booked; tackle 3 lap 5 championship 7 served 2 league /li:g/ 4 kick; penalty 6 points	(9 marks)
71.4	1 the semi-final 5 a tie-break 2 a knock-out competition / tournament 6 sets 3 extra time 7 fifteen love 4 a penalty shoot-out	(7 marks)
Test 72		
72.1	1 circle /s3:kl/ 4 stage 2 stalls 5 rows /r50/ of seats 3 curtains /'k3:tinz/ 6 aisle /ail/	(6 marks)
72.2	1 cast; stars 2 director 3 subtitles /'sʌbtaɪtlz/; dubbed /dʌbd/ 5 play 6 reviews /rɪ'vjuːz/; critics/reviewers 7 musical; performance	
		(12 marks)
72.3	1 c 2 f 3 e 4 b 5 d 6 a	(6 marks)
72.4	1 a comedy 4 a science fiction / saions 'fikfon/ film 2 a western / cowboy film 5 a thriller / 'Orilo/ 3 a horror film 6 an action film	(6 marks)
Test 73 73.1	1 composer 3 exhibition 5 sculptor / skalptə/ 2 classical 4 musical	(5 marks)
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Test your English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate)

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(12 marks)
(6 marks)
(4 marks)
(10 marks)
(8 marks)
ast on (8 marks)
(4 marks)
(8 marks)
(8 marks)
(10 marks)

Test 76 76.1 1 A: Hello. R. Is that Susan? A: Yes. B: Oh hi. It's Maria. / This is Maria. A: Hello, Maria. How are you? B: Fine thank you. And you? 2 A: Hello? B: Hello, Is that Mr Fantini? A: Yes, speaking. B: Oh good morning. This is / My name is Pierre Kaufmann. I tried to phone earlier but the line was engaged. A: Yes, I made a lot of calls this morning. (8 marks) 76.2 7 reverse/transfer 1 answerphone / answering machine 4 mobile /'məobail/ 2 fax 5 on 8 operator 6 Enquiries /ın'kwaırız/ 3 get; box; cards (10 marks) 76.3 1 the wrong number 2 she's out / she's not in; be back; leave a message; give her (12 marks: 3 put you 2 for each gap) Test 77 77.1 1 (VDU) monitor 3 printer 5 CD-ROMS 7 mouse 2 screen 4 keyboard 6 floppy disks (7 marks) 77.2 1 b 2 e 3 a 4 c 5 d (5 marks) 77.3 1 save 3 cut 5 print 7 memory 6 virus /'vairəs/; crash 8 laptop (9 marks) 2 copy 4 paste /peist/ 77.4 1 false (many business people use *spreadsheets* /'spredfitts/ to arrange numbers and financial information) 2 true 3 false (people who are computer-literate find these machines easy to use) 5 false (software is the program you need to work the machine) 6 true 7 true 8 false (it's not easy) (9 marks) 9 true Test 78 78.1 3 nursery /'naisəri/ 5 primary /'praiməri/ 11 secondary; comprehensives 16 leave; get/find; stay (on) / continue / carry on 18 go (8 marks) 78.2 1 false (you pay to go to a public /'pablik/ school; state schools are free) 2 true 3 false (PE is short for *physical* education) 4 false (it is usually divided into three terms) 5 true 6 false (the day's work is the daily timetable) (6 marks)

Test your English Vocabulary in Use (pre-intermediate and intermediate)

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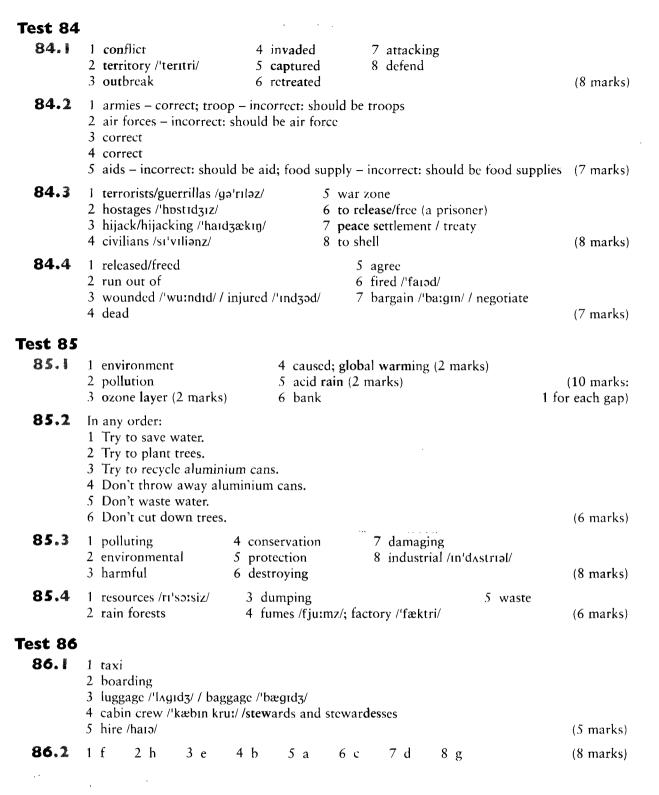
78.3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(8 marks)
78.4	1 Geography /dʒi'ngrəfi/ 4 Maths/Mathematics 7 Information technology 2 History /'hıstri/ 5 French 8 Religious education 3 Science /'saɪəns/ 6 Music	(8 marks)
Test 79 79.1	1 psychology /sar'kolod3i/ 2 architecture /'a:kitektfo/ 3 politics 4 philosophy /fr'losəfi/ 2 engineering 7 medicine /'medsin/ 8 agriculture /'ægrikʌltfo/ 9 law /lɔ:/	10 marks)
79.2	1 Bachelor /'bæt∫ələ/ of Arts 3 Master of Arts 2 Bachelor of Science 4 Doctor of Philosophy	(4 marks)
79.3	1 go 4 passed 7 lasted 9 doing / carrying 2 did / got on 5 get 8 got 10 give (7)	out 10 marks)
79.4	1 true 2 false (a graduate is someone who has finished their first degree /dɪ'gri:/) 3 false (an MA is a degree that you get on a postgraduate degree course) 4 true 5 false (tuition /tju:'ıʃn/ is the teaching of your course) 6 false (a postgraduate is a student doing a second degree course)	(6 marks)
Test 80		
80.1	1 trial 3 barrister; attorney /ə'tɔ:(r)ni/ 5 judge /dʒʌdʒ/ 2 accused; defendant 4 jury /'dʒoəri/ 5 judge /dʒʌdʒ/	(7 marks)
80.2	1 If you do something illegal /t'li:gl/ 2 they will question you 3 you will be charged with the crime / they will charge you with the crime /kraim/ 4 it can be hard to prove /pruiv/ it in court 5 they are not guilty /'gilti/ 6 listen to all the evidence 7 At the end of the trial /trail/	(7 marks)
80.3	 The police said he (had) committed the crime. I don't think you have broken the law. I hope the police will investigate this case. The barrister couldn't prove he was guilty. 	10 marks)
80.4	1 sentence 3 minor /'mainə/; punishment; fine /fain/	(6 martis)

2 prisoner; cell /sel/

(6 marks)

1636 01		
81.1	1 rape 3 burglary /ˈbɜːgləri/ 5 murder /ˈmɜːdə/ 2 robbery 4 theft 6 shoplifting	(6 marks)
81.2	Crime Criminal theft thief robbery robber murder murderer rape rapist shoplifting shoplifter burglary burglar	(6 marks)
81.3	1 illegal 4 install 7 self-defence 2 stole 5 prevent 8 property 3 safe 6 alone 9 allowed	(9 marks)
81.4	1 commits 4 money belt 7 manslaughter / mænslautə/ 2 broke into 5 yourself 8 speed 3 on; lock/check/shut 6 punishment 9 at	(9 marks)
Test 82		
82.1	1 monarchy /ˈmɒnəki/ 3 democracy /dɪˈmɒkrəsi/; democrats /ˈdeməkræts/ 2 republic; republicans 4 dictatorship; dictator /dɪkˈteɪtə/	(7 marks)
82.2	In any order: socialism, liberalism, communism, fascism /'fæʃızm/	(4 marks)
82.3	1 beliefs 3 politician 5 democratic 7 govern 2 elect 4 economic /ekə'nɒmɪk/ 6 political /pə'litikl/	s (7 marks)
82.4	1 Prime /praim/ 3 vote(s) 5 majority /ma'dʒpriti/ 7 election 2 held 4 parliament 6 policy /'polisi/ 8 leader	(8 marks)
82.5	1 road 2 in 3 wing; on	(4 marks)
Test 83		
83.1	1 identity card 5 exam certificate 2 birth certificate /'bɜ:0 sə'tɪfɪkət/ 6 enrolment form 3 driving licence /'draɪvɪŋ 'laɪsens/ 7 landing card 4 application form 8 TV licence	(8 marks)
83.2	1 application form 3 visa /'vizə/ 5 enrolment/registration form 2 landing card 4 identity card 6 membership card	(6 marks)
83.3	1 expires /ik'spatoz/ / runs out; renew 2 sign /saɪn/; signature /'sɪgnət∫ə/	(4 marks)
83.4	 1 When were you born? / What's your date of birth? 2 Are you single or married? 3 When did you arrive / get here? 4 When are you leaving? / When do you leave? 	(4 marks)
83.5 83.6	1 birth 2 status / steitəs/ 3 arrival 4 departure 1 d 2 a 3 b 4 c	(4 marks)

Test 81



86.3	1 checked/examined; went 4 cruising/flying 2 takes; lands/arrives 5 pay 3 put; fasten /'fassən/ 6 weighed /weid/	(9 marks)
86.4	 1 Which way is the baggage reclaim? 2 Where is the check-in (desk) for American Airlines? 3 Oh, dear, I think I left my camera in the departure lounge. 4 Did you have a good flight? 	(8 marks)
Test 87		
87.1	1 single room 3 twin room 2 double room 4 full board	(8 marks)
87.2	1 The room has its own bathroom.2 Breakfast and dinner.3 Expensive.4 Bed and breakfast.	(4 marks)
87.3	1 bill 5 lift 9 reception 2 included 6 working; wrong 10 call 3 Excuse; get 7 order/get/call 11 tip	
07.4	4 booked; season 8 booked/reserved	(14 marks)
87.4	1 receptionist 2 porter 3 chambermaid /'tseimbəmeid/ 4 chef /sef/	(4 marks)
Test 88 88.1	1 have a good 4 spend a lot 2 do a lot 5 it (worth) going 3 go out in 2 for	(10 marks: each question)
88.2	1 cathedral /ko'θi:drəl/ 4 fountain /ˈfaontɪn/ 7 palace /ˈpælɪs/ 2 castle /kaɪsl/ 5 temple 8 art gallery 3 market 6 statue /ˈstætjuː/	(8 marks)
88.3	1 packed 3 souvenirs/survon'ioz/ 5 lively 7 cosmope 2 touristy 4 guidebook 6 historic monuments	olitan (7 marks)
88.4	1 have/take 2 got 3 go 4 enjoyed 5 spending/staying	(5 marks)
Test 89 89.1	1 place 5 beach 9 sunblock 2 rented 6 sand 10 sunburn/sunburnt	
	3 seaside 7 sunbathing /'sʌmbeɪðiŋ/ 11 resort 4 spending 8 suntan lotion 12 various /'veəriəs/	(12 marks)
	 We go for a stroll in the evenings. / In the evenings, we go for a stroll. It is very difficult to get away at weekends. / At weekends, it is I prefer to put my feet up and do nothing. / I prefer to do nothing and I think they really enjoy the peace and quiet. / They really enjoy the peace and I think. 	
	5 We are going to have a picnic in the countryside.	(5 marks)
	a-3 b-5 c-4 d-2 e-1	(5 marks)

89.3 1 beach/sun umbrella 4 rough /rnf/ 7 rocks 2 windy 5 waves 8 cliff 3 tent 6 vacht /ipt/ (8 marks) Test 90 90.I 1 in 3 on 5 at/(US) on 7 in 9 on 2 at 4 in 6 in 8 at 10 on (10 marks) 90.2 1 incorrect. I'll wait till/until he arrives. 2 correct 3 incorrect. I have known her for a very long time. 4 correct 5 incorrect. We fixed the appointment for next Tuesday. 6 incorrect. I'm seeing him in about a week's time. 7 correct 8 correct (8 marks) 90.3 1 recently /'ri:səntli/ 3 for ages /fər 'eidʒiz/ 5 the other day / recently 4 for the time being 2 a long time ago (5 marks) 90.4 1 seconds 3 decade 5 hours (3 marks: $\frac{1}{2}$ for each) 2 fortnight 4 century 6 minutes 90.5 1 takes 2 lasted 3 take 4 last (4 marks) Test 91 91.1 1 two hundred and twelve 2 five thousand, three hundred and thirty 3 three million, four hundred and fifty thousand 4 four point five 5 nought point seven five 6 six point oh/nought /no:t/ five 7 three and a half 8 twelve and a quarter /'kwo:tə/ 9 one and a third 10 the fourteenth of March 11 August the twenty-first 12 nineteen ninety-eight 13 nineteen hundred and ten / nineteen ten 14 fifty-three per cent 15 six oh three, three five seven nine 16 minus ten degrees / ten degrees below zero /ˈzɪərəʊ/ (16 marks) 91.2 2 subtraction 4 division 3 multiplication (3 marks) 91.3 Sample answers (there are other possibilities) 1 Four and two is six. / Four plus two equals /'iːkwəlz/ six. 2 Twelve minus four point five is/equals seven point five. 3 Eight times four is thirty-two. / Eight multiplied by four equals thirty-two. 4 One hundred and twenty-eight divided by two is/equals sixty-four. 5 One hundred and twenty-eight times four / multiplied by four is/equals five hundred and twelve. 6 Two hundred and forty divided by eighty is/equals three. (6 marks)

91.	1 odd; even /ˈiːvən/ 3 out of 2 majority /məˈdʒɒrɪti/; minority /maɪˈnɒrɪti/	(5 marks)
Test 9	92	
92.	1 far; long 2 tall 3 long; far 4 high	(6 marks)
92.	long length wide /waid/ width /witθ/ or /widθ/ high/tall height /hait/ deep depth /depθ/	(4 marks)
92.	 The field is 50 metres long / has a length of 50 metres / mi:təz/. The field is 20 metres wide / has a width of 20 metres. The swimming pool has a length of ten metres / is ten metres long. The swimming pool has a width of five metres / is five metres wide. The swimming pool has a depth of two metres / is two metres deep. 	(10 marks)
92.	4 1 short 3 narrow 5 thick 2 thin/slim 4 long 6 shallow	(6 marks)
92.	\$ 1 corner 2 couple 3 rise 4 size	(4 marks)
Test 9	93	
93.		(8 marks)
93.2	1 grey/grei/ 2 turquoise/'t3:kwbiz/ 3 pink 4 purple/p3:pl/	(4 marks)
93.3	1 a striped /'straipt/ dress 3 a floral skirt 2 a tartan /'taiton/ tie 4 a check(ed) shirt	(8 marks)
93.4	1 Yes 2 No (90 degrees) 3 Yes 4 No (between light brown and yellow or white) 5 No (it's almost round but not necessarily small) 6 Yes 7 Yes 8 Yes 9 Yes 10 Yes	(10 marks)
Test 94	L	
94.1	1 container 2 contents	(2 marks)
94.2	1 a bag of shopping 2 a bowl of sugar 3 a vase /vaiz/ of flowers 4 a jug /d3ʌg/ of water 5 a bottle of beer 6 a jar of coffee 7 a tin/can of soup /suip/ 8 a tube /tjuib/ of toothpaste 9 a box of chocolates /'tfoklots/ 10 a carton /'kaiton/ of milk 11 a cup of coffee 12 a can of cola	(12 marks)
94.3	1 piece/bit 5 pair 9 pair 2 bit 6 bit 10 bunch 3 sheet/piece/bit 7 slices /'slaisiz//pieces	
	4 bunch /bʌntʃ/ 8 slice/piece/bit	(10 marks)

	2 group/crowd 4 piece/bit 6 piece/bit	siciowas	(6 marks)
Test 95			
95.1		9 looks 0 taste	(10 marks)
95.2	1 looks unhappy/sad/miserable /ˈmɪzrəbl/ 2 sounds awful/terrible/horrible/loud 3 feels soft/comfortable 4 smells lovely/fantastic/gorgeous /ˈgɔːdʒəs/ 5 tastes strange/odd/funny/nasty/horrible		(5 marks)
95.3	1 hear 6 watch 11 touched 2 see 7 listening 12 look at; see 3 listen to 8 hold 13 heard; listening 4 touch 9 see 5 look at 10 pressed		(15 marks)
Test 96			
96.1	1 No smoking 2 Please do not disturb /dɪs'tɜɪb/ 3 No vacancies /'veɪkənsɪz/ 4 Keep right 5 Out of order 6 No parking 7 Nothing to declare 8 No exit	9 Sold out 10 Fragile /	frædʒaɪl/ (10 marks)
96.2	Do not leave bags unattended No vacancies Please queue other side Silence examination in progress Mind /maind/ your head Keep off the grass		(12 marks)
96.3	 Please do not feed the animals/monkey Do not lean out of the window Mind the step Beware /bɪ'weə/ of pickpockets 		(8 marks)
Test 97			
97.1	1 memory/recollection 2 idea /aı'dıə/		(2 marks)
97.2	1 stuff 3 thing 5 thing 7 stuff 2 stuff 4 stuff 6 thing		(7 marks)
97.3	1 jacket / waistcoat / weiskoot/ 6 dates/events/s 2 perfume / paifjuim/ / after shave 7 ideas 3 fact/point 8 bicycle / bais 4 knife 9 events in my 5 medicine / medsin/	ıkl/	(9 marks)
97.4	Any three of these: around, about, approximately /əˈprɒksɪmətli/, roughly /ˈrʌfli/		(3 marks)

3 herd 5 gangs/groups/crowds

1 packet

97.5 A: What shall I do with this thing? B: It's a bit dirty, isn't it? A: Yes, (a bit). B: Well, could you put it in the dishwasher? It's full, so you could put it on. A: OK. What shall I use? B: Oh, the stuff in the bottle under the sink, It's sort of green with a (sort of) red label. (9 marks: A: Fine. And how long does it take? 2 each for the B: Roughly an hour. And I just want to iron a few correct insertion of things as well. a bit, sort of and roughly) Test 98 98. British American lorry truck main road highway /'haiwei/ biscuit /'biskit/ cookie lift elevator semester* (recently being used more in British English) term dustbin /'dasbin/ trashcan gas petrol flat apartment film movie parking lot car park (10 marks) 98.2 1 sweets/candy 3 waistcoat/vest 5 tap/faucet /'foisit/ 2 chips / french fries 4 trousers/pants (10 marks) 98.3 1 rubbish 6 crisps 2 holiday 7 vest 3 wardrobe /'woidroub/ /cupboard /'kabəd/ 8 secondary school 4 underground 9 autumn /'artəm/ 5 pavement /'peivmont/ 10 return ticket (10 marks) Test 99 99. I 1 regret; tell/inform; unable 2 purchased /'pa:tfist/; premises /'premisiz/ 3 require /rɪˈkwaɪə/; assistance (7 marks) 99.2 3 start again 1 guests/gests/ 5 so 2 start/begin 4 caught /ko:t/ (5 marks) 99.3 1 marvellous 7 quite/very 2 cleverest / most intelligent 8 children 3 collect 9 convenient /kən'vi:niənt/ 4 pounds 10 think 5 arrange 11 man/person 6 toilet 12 arrive (12 marks) 99.4 1 Do you fancy going out? 2 We must get in touch with them soon. 3 I'm going to have a word with him. (6 marks)

Test 100

100.2

- 1 United Kingdom
- 2 United Nations
- 3 British Broadcasting Corporation
- 4 Prime Minister
- 5 Member of Parliament
- 6 European Union
- 7 Valued Added Tax
- 8 as soon as possible
- 1 OPEC /'əopek/ 3 Ms /məz/ 5 Dr
- 2 AIDS /eidz/ 4 Saint or Street 6 personal computer (6 marks)
- **100.3** 1 so on 2 for example 3 in other (6 marks)
- 1 veterinary surgeon /'vet1nri 's3:d3on/ vet
 - 2 photograph /'fəutəgraif/ photo /'fəutəu/
 - 3 advertisement /od'v3:t1smont/ advert /'ædv3:t/ or 'ad' /æd/
 - 4 influenza flu
 - 5 blackboard board
 - 6 refrigerator /ri'fridʒəreitə/ fridge /fridʒ/
 - 7 bicycle /'baisikl/ bike /baik/
 - 8 laboratory /ləˈbɒrətri/ lab
 - 9 sales representative sales rep
 - 10 aeroplane plane (10 marks)

(8 marks)

Personal diary

Test	Word	Translation	Points to remember	Related words
			ļ	
				·

Phonetic symbols

Vowe	l sounds
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Symbol	Examples
/i:/	sl <u>ee</u> p m <u>e</u>
/ i /	happ <u>y</u> recip <u>e</u>
/1/	p <u>i</u> n d <u>i</u> nner
/ U /	f <u>oo</u> t c <u>ou</u> ld p <u>u</u> ll
/u:/	do shoe through
/e/	r <u>e</u> d h <u>ea</u> d s <u>ai</u> d
/ə/	<u>a</u> rrive fath <u>er</u> col <u>our</u>
/31/	t <u>ur</u> n b <u>ir</u> d w <u>or</u> k
/2:/	s <u>or</u> t th <u>ough</u> t w <u>al</u> k
/æ/	c <u>a</u> t bl <u>a</u> ck
/ ^ /	s <u>u</u> n en <u>ou</u> gh w <u>o</u> nder
/ _D /	got watch sock
/a:/	p <u>ar</u> t h <u>ear</u> t l <u>au</u> gh
/eɪ/	n <u>a</u> me l <u>a</u> te <u>ai</u> m
/aɪ/	m <u>y</u> <u>i</u> dea t <u>i</u> me
/ic\	b <u>oy</u> n <u>oi</u> se
/eə/	p <u>ai</u> r wh <u>ere</u> b <u>ear</u>
/iə/	h <u>ear</u> b <u>eer</u>
/90/	g <u>o</u> h <u>o</u> me sh <u>ow</u>
/au/	<u>ou</u> t c <u>ow</u>
/və/	p <u>ure</u> f <u>ewer</u>

Consonant sounds

Symbol	Examples
/p/	put
/b/	<u>b</u> ook
/t/	<u>t</u> ake
/d/	<u>d</u> og
/k/	<u>c</u> ar <u>kick</u>
/g/	go <u>gu</u> arantee
/t ∫ /	ca <u>tch</u> <u>ch</u> ur <u>ch</u>
/d3/	age lounge
/ f /	for cough
/v/	lo <u>v</u> e <u>v</u> ehicle
/ 0 /	<u>th</u> ick pa <u>th</u>
/ð/	<u>th</u> is mo <u>th</u> er
/s/	<u>s</u> in <u>ce</u> ri <u>ce</u>
/ Z /	<u>z</u> oo hou <u>s</u> e <u>s</u>
/ ʃ /	<u>sh</u> op <u>s</u> ugar ma <u>ch</u> ine
/3/	pleasure usual vision
/h/	<u>h</u> ear <u>h</u> otel
/m/	<u>m</u> ake
/n/	<u>n</u> ame <u>n</u> ow
/ŋ/	bri <u>ng</u>
/1/	<u>l</u> ook whi <u>le</u>
/ r /	<u>r</u> oad
/ j /	young
/w/	<u>w</u> ear

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